

P H P P
B R I E F I N S T R U C T I O N S

Copyright
PHPP 1998-2015
Passive House
Institute
Version 9.3

Place your mouse here to see the PHPP help.

If no help appears when the mouse passes over cell B4, you can activate it by going into the Menu Bar Tools/Options/View, and under "Comments", select "Comment Indicator Only".

Passive House verification: meaning of field formats

Example	Field Format	Meaning
78,8	Arial, blue, bold with yellow background	Input field: Please enter the required value here
01ud Triple-low-e Kr08	Arial Narrow, blue, with yellow background	Data entry field with drop down list
80	Arial, blue, bold with grey background	Link (through Variants-macro). Attention: do not overwrite!
6619	Arial, black, standard on white background	Calculation field; please do not change
78,8	Arial, violet, bold with white background	Field with reference to another worksheet
126,0	Arial, black, large & bold on green background	Important result

Passive House planning: worksheet directory

Worksheet name (to show/hide worksheets please use the separate 'Profile settings' tool)	Function	Brief description	Required for the certification?
Verification	Building data; summary of results	Building description, selection of the calculation method, summary of results	yes
Overview	Overview of the specific data of the project entered	In-depth project description, overview of all results and input variables, specific details on building envelope, building services systems as well as general information.	no
Cross check	Data entry assistance	Information in case PHPP does not calculate, overview of errors, plausibility checks	yes
Variants	Calculation of variants	Input parameters and results for variant calculation. Predefined fields for frequent entries, as well as user-defined area.	no
Comparison	Comparison between two variants	Comparison between two variants from the perspective of energy demand and economic viability. Input of comparison configurations.	No
Climate	Climate region selection or definition of user data	Climate data for: 'Annual heating', 'Windows', 'Heating load', 'Heating', 'Summer', 'Cooling', 'Cooling units', 'Cooling load' worksheets	yes
U-Values	Calculation of standard building assembly U-Values	Heat transmission coefficient calculations in accordance with DIN EN ISO 6946.	yes
Areas	Areas summary	Building assembly areas, thermal bridges, treated floor area. Use exterior dimension references!	yes
Ground	Calculation of reduction factors below ground	More precise calculation of heat losses through the ground	if applicable
Components	Building component database	Database of certified, Passive House suitable components and entry of user-defined components	yes
Windows	UW-Value determination	Input of geometry, orientation, frame lengths, frame widths, U_1 and U-values of the frame, and the thermal bridge heat loss coefficients of the connections; from these inputs, determine U_W and total radiation.	yes
Shading	Determination of shading coefficients	Input of shading parameters, e.g. balcony, neighbouring building, window reveal and calculating the shading factors	yes
Ventilation	Air flow rates, Exhaust/Supply air balancing, Pressurization test results	Sizing the ventilation system from extract and supply air requirements, infiltration air change rate and actual efficiency of heat recovery, input of pressurization test results	yes
Addl vent	Design and planning of ventilation systems with diverse ventilation units	Extension of the 'Ventilation' worksheet for dimensioning air flows, for special building uses and systems with various ventilation units	if used
Annual heating	Annual space heating demand / Annual method	Calculation of the annual space heating demand according to the energy balance method following EN 13790: Transmission + Ventilation - h (Solar gains + Internal gains)	no
Heating	Space heating demand calculation Monthly method according to EN 13790	Calculation procedure for the monthly method following EN 13790. Make appropriate selection in the 'Verification' worksheet, if calculations should be performed following this procedure	yes
Heating Load	Building heating load calculation	Calculation of the nominal heating load using a balance procedure for the design day: max transmission + max ventilation - η (minimum solar gains + internal heat gains)	yes
SummVent	Determination of summer ventilation	Ventilation in cooling case and estimation of air flow rates for natural ventilation during the summer period	yes
Summer	Assessment of summer climate	Calculation of the frequency of overheating as a measure of summer comfort	yes
Cooling	Monthly method for cooling demand	Annual useful cooling demand calculation	if present
Cooling units	Latent cooling energy	Calculation of the energy demand for dehumidification and choice of cooling method	if present
Cooling load	Building cooling load calculation	Calculation of the daily average cooling load of the building	no
DHW+Distribution	Distribution losses; DHW requirement and losses	Heat loss calculation of the distribution systems (heating; DHW); calculation of the useful heat requirement of DHW and storage losses	yes
SolarDHW	Solar DHW heating	Solar contribution calculation for DHW and space heating contribution	if solar panels are used
PV	Electricity generation by photovoltaic	Electricity generation calculation of PV system	no
Electricity	Electricity demand for dwellings	Calculation of the electricity demand of Passive Houses with residential use	yes
Use non-res	Patterns of non-residential utilisation	Input or selection of utilisation patterns for planning of electricity demand and internal heat gains	no
Electricity non-res	Electricity demand for non-residential use	Calculation of the electricity demand for lighting, electric devices and kitchens for non-residential buildings	no
Aux Electricity	Auxiliary electricity demand	Calculation of auxiliary electricity and corresponding primary energy demand	yes
IHG	Internal heat gains in dwellings	Calculation of the internal heat gains based on the Electricity and Aux Electricity sheets.	no
IHG non-res	Internal heat gains for non-residential use	Calculation of the internal heat gains for non-residential buildings based on the 'Electricity non-res' worksheet and the occupancy	no
PER	Specific primary energy and CO ₂ demands	Selection of heat generators, calculation of the primary energy and CO ₂ specific demands from the present results	yes
Compact	Performance ratio of heat generator Compact heat pump unit	Calculation of the performance ratio of combined heat generation for heating and DHW by means of an electric heat pump compact unit exclusively, considering the specific project boundary conditions.	if present
HP	Performance ratio of heat generation of the heat pump	Calculation of the performance ratio for heat generation for one to two electric-run heat pumps, considering the specific project boundary conditions.	if present
HP Ground	Ground probe or ground collector in combination with a heat pump	Heat source calculation for a ground probe or horizontal subsoil heat exchanger for ground-coupled heat pumps, considering the specific project boundary conditions.	if present
Boiler	Performance ratio of heat generator Boiler	For the calculation of the performance ratio of heat generation with standard boilers (NT and calorific boilers) for the project given boundary conditions.	if present
District Heating	District heat transfer station	Calculation of the final and primary energy demands (heat)	if present
Data	Database	Table of primary energy factors following [GEMIS] and database of EnEV (German energy efficiency regulation).	No

EnerPHit Verification



Architecture: Helhetshus Arkitektstudio AB
Street: Järntorgsgatan 12-14
Postcode/City: 41301 Göteborg
Province/Country: Västra Götaland SE-Sweden

Energy consultancy: Energigruppen Stacken
Street: Teleskopgatan 2, Bergsjön
Postcode/City: 41518 Göteborg
Province/Country: Västra Götaland SE-Sweden

Year of construction:	1969	Interior temperature winter [°C]:	20,0	Interior temp. summer [°C]:	25,0
No. of dwelling units:	40	Internal heat gains (IHG) heating case [W/m ²]:	2,7	IHG cooling case [W/m ²]:	4,2
No. of occupants:	83,5	Specific capacity [Wh/K per m ² TFA]:	204	Mechanical cooling:	

Building: Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing
Street: Teleskopgatan 2, Bergsjön
Postcode/City: 41518 Göteborg
Province/Country: Västra Götaland SE-Sweden
Building type: Block of flats
Climate data set: SE0003a-Göteborg
Climate zone: 2: Cold Altitude of location: 97 m

Home owner / Client: Kollektivhuset Stacken
Street: Teleskopgatan 2
Postcode/City: 41518 Göteborg
Province/Country: Västra Götaland SE-Sweden

Mechanical system: Energigruppen Stacken
Street: Teleskopgatan 2, Bergsjön
Postcode/City: 41518 Göteborg
Province/Country: Västra Götaland SE-Sweden

Certification: Passivhusbyrån Ingo Theoboldt
Street: Vasared 301
Postcode/City: 52394
Province/Country: Västra Götaland SE-Sweden

Specific building characteristics with reference to the treated floor area

		Treated floor area m ²	3320,2	Criteria	Alternative criteria	Fullfilled? ²
Space heating	Heating demand kWh/(m ² a)	13		≤ 30	-	yes
	Heating load W/m ²	11		≤ -	-	-
Space cooling	Cooling & dehum. demand kWh/(m ² a)	-		≤ -	-	-
	Cooling load W/m ²	-		≤ -	-	-
Airtightness	Frequency of overheating (> 25 °C) %	1		≤ 10	-	yes
	Frequency excessively high humidity (> 12 g/kg) %	0		≤ 20	-	yes
Non-renewable Primary Energy (PE)	PE demand kWh/(m ² a)	103		≤ 120	-	yes
Primary Energy Renewable (PER)	PER demand kWh/(m ² a) Generation of renewable energy kWh/(m ² a)	67 243		≤ -	-	-

² Empty field: Data missing; '-': No requirement

I confirm that the values given herein have been determined following the PHPP methodology and based on the characteristic values of the building. The PHPP calculations are attached to this verification.

EnerPHit Classic?

yes

Signature:

Task:

First name:

Surname:

City:

Issued on:

PHPP Check

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.1

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

▼ Overview input errors

Congratulations! There are no error messages in your PHPP.

Verification	-
Climate	-
U-Values	-
Areas	-
Ground	-
Components	-
Windows	-
Shading	-
Ventilation	-
Addl vent	-
SummVent	-
Cooling units	-
DHW+Distribution	-
SolarDHW	-
PV	-
Electricity	-
Use non-res	-
Electricity non-res	-
Aux Electricity	-
IHG	-
IHG non-res	-
PER	-
Compact	-
HP	-
HP Ground	-
Boiler	-
District heating	-

▼ Are results missing from 'Verification' worksheet? Possible causes can be found next

▼ The following information is based on the energy balance calculation entered

▼ Plausibility check

Variant calculationStacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12.6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66.6 kWh/(m²a)

		Select the active variant here >>>>	Active	Pre-proofs. & MVHR	2015	Windows	Facade-ins.	
		4 Facades.	1	2	3	4	5	6
Results	Units	4						
Heating demand	kWh/(m ² a)	12,6	130,0	58,9	42,2	12,6		
Heating load	W/m ²	10,9	52,6	30,9	21,6	10,9		
Cooling & dehum. demand	kWh/(m ² a)							
Cooling load	W/m ²							
Frequency of overheating (> 25 °C)	%	1,4	0,0	0,0	0,5	1,4		
PER demand	kWh/(m ² a)	66,6	195,8	121,1	99,9	66,6		
EnerPHit Classic?	yes / no	yes	no	no	no	yes		
▼ Final energy	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
▼ User determined results	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Input variables	Units	Value	1	2	3	4	5	6
▼ Building assembly layers	U-value							
a	Rockwool, Redair, Facade	W/(mK)	0,035					
		mm	250					
b	w/o additional roof insulation	W/(mK)	0	-0,04				
		mm	0	500				
c		W/(mK)	0					
d		mm	0					
e		W/(mK)	0					
f		mm	0					
▼ Radiation balance	Areas							
a	Coefficient of absorption exterior		0,00					
	Coefficient of emission exterior	-	0,00					
b	Coefficient of absorption exterior		0,00					
	Coefficient of emission exterior	-	0,00					
c	Coefficient of absorption exterior		0,00					
	Coefficient of emission exterior	-	0,00					
d	Coefficient of absorption exterior		0,00					
	Coefficient of emission exterior	-	0,00					
e	Coefficient of absorption exterior		0,00					
	Coefficient of emission exterior	-	0,00					
f	Coefficient of absorption exterior		0,00					
	Coefficient of emission exterior	-	0,00					
▼ Thermal bridges	Areas							
1	Balcony floor connection	W(mK) or W/K	0	2,1	2,1	2,1	0	
2		W(mK) or W/K	0					
3		W(mK) or W/K	0					
4		W(mK) or W/K	0					
5		W(mK) or W/K	0					
6		W(mK) or W/K	0					
7		W(mK) or W/K	0					
8		W(mK) or W/K	0					
9		W(mK) or W/K	0					
10		W(mK) or W/K	0					
▼ Windows and shading	Windows	Shading						
a	High g glazing	Glazing list	Frame list					
	Active variant: g-Value:0,53 U-Value: 0,53 W/(m ² K)	Glazing	04ud-3glas SmartWin					
	U-Value [W/(m ² K)] left: 0,7 right: 0,7 bottom: 0,91 top: 0,7 Width [m]: left: 0,086 right: 0,086 bottom: 0,086 top: 0,086	Frame	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,27	0,27			
	Reveal depth (o _{Reveal}) Distance from glazing edge to reveal (d _{Reveal}) Overhang depth (o _{Over}) Distance from upper glazing edge to overhang (d _{Over}) Reduction factor for temporary sun protection (z)	m	0,270 0,020 0,270 0,020 100%	0,02 0,27 0,02 0,02 100%	0,02 0,27 0,02 0,02 100%			
b	Low g glazing	Glazing list	Frame list					
	Active variant: g-Value:0,35 U-Value: 0,47 W/(m ² K)	Glazing	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin					
	U-Value [W/(m ² K)] left: 0,7 right: 0,7 bottom: 0,91 top: 0,7 Width [m]: left: 0,086 right: 0,086 bottom: 0,086 top: 0,086	Frame	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,27	0,27			
	Window reveal depth Distance from glazing edge to reveal Overhang depth Distance from upper glazing edge to overhang Reduction factor for temporary sun protection	m	0,270 0,020 0,270 0,020 100%	0,02 0,27 0,02 0,02 100%	0,02 0,27 0,02 0,02 100%			
c	Window reveal depth Distance from glazing edge to reveal Overhang depth Distance from upper glazing edge to overhang Reduction factor for temporary sun protection	Glazing list	Frame list					
	Window reveal depth Distance from glazing edge to reveal Overhang depth Distance from upper glazing edge to overhang Reduction factor for temporary sun protection	Glazing Frame						
▼ Ventilation	Ventilation							
	Ventilation type	select	1-Balanced PH ventilation with HR	3-Only window ventilation	1-Balanced PH ventilation with HR	1-Balanced PH ventilation with HR	1-Balanced PH ventilation with HR	
	Air change rate at pressurisation test (n ₅₀)	1/h		2	2	0,6	0,6	
	Design air flow rate (maximum)	m ³ /h		4100	6154	3200	3200	

Installation site ventilation unit	Inside / Outside	2-Outside of thermal envelope	2-Outside of thermal envelope	2-Outside of thermal envelope	2-Outside of thermal envelope
Ventilation unit selection	select	01ud-Swegen Gold	98ud-Extract air system	01ud-Swegen Gold	01ud-Swegen Gold
Summer ventilation					
Heat generator					
Primary heat generator	Select				
	Heating fraction	0%			
	DHW fraction	0%			
Secondary heat generator (optional)	Select				
Further input for heat generator (selection unit)	HP				
Heat pump	HP heating	None			
	HP DHW	0			
	Compact				
Passive House compact unit with exhaust air heat pump	Unit selection				
Boiler	Boiler selection	None			
Boiler (gas, oil and wood)	Fuel	None			
District heating	Selection of heat source	None			
Other heat generators (heating)	Description				
	Contribution	0%			
	PER-factor				
	PE factor				
	CO ₂ factor				
Other heat generators (DHW)	Description				
	Contribution	0%			
	PER-factor				
	PE factor				
	CO ₂ factor				
External RE-generation plant	Description	Monocrystalline photovoltaic electric solar energy panels		Monocrystalline photovoltaic electric solar energy panels	
	kWh/a	124000		124000	
Compressor cooling units					
User determined parameters					

Comparison between two variants

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

▼ Surface temperature
 ▼ Annuity
 ▼ Energy, CO₂, Costs
 ▼ Boundary conditions

Selection of comparison configuration

Description	1-
Component type	
Building component	

Calculation of the selected configuration

Design according to variant	Poorer energy efficiency		Better energy efficiency		Difference / Savings / Profit	
Minimum inside surface temperature						°C

Investment costs

Area of building element	Per m ² of building element	Complete building element	Per m ² of building element	Complete building element	Per m ² of building element	Complete building element
	1		1		1	
Investment costs minus financial support						
Annuity (annual capital costs)						

Operation (heating + cooling + mechanical ventilation)

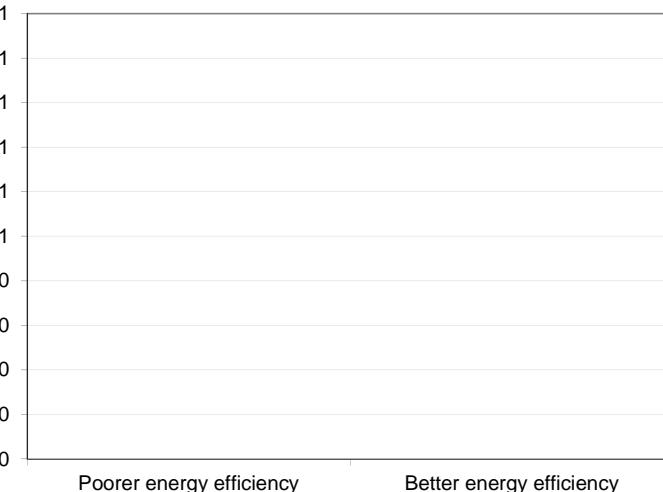
Area	Per m ² of TFA	Entire building	Per m ² of TFA	Entire building	Per m ² of building element	Complete building element
	1		1		1	
Heating demand						
Cooling + dehumidification demand						
CO ₂ emissions						
Primary energy renewable (PER)						
Annual operation costs						

Cost-effectiveness

Maximal economically viable additional investment costs					€
Average cost for saved kWh of final energy				-	Cent/kWh
Total annual costs					€/a

Total annual costs [€/a]

■ Annuity (annual capital costs) ■ Annual operation costs

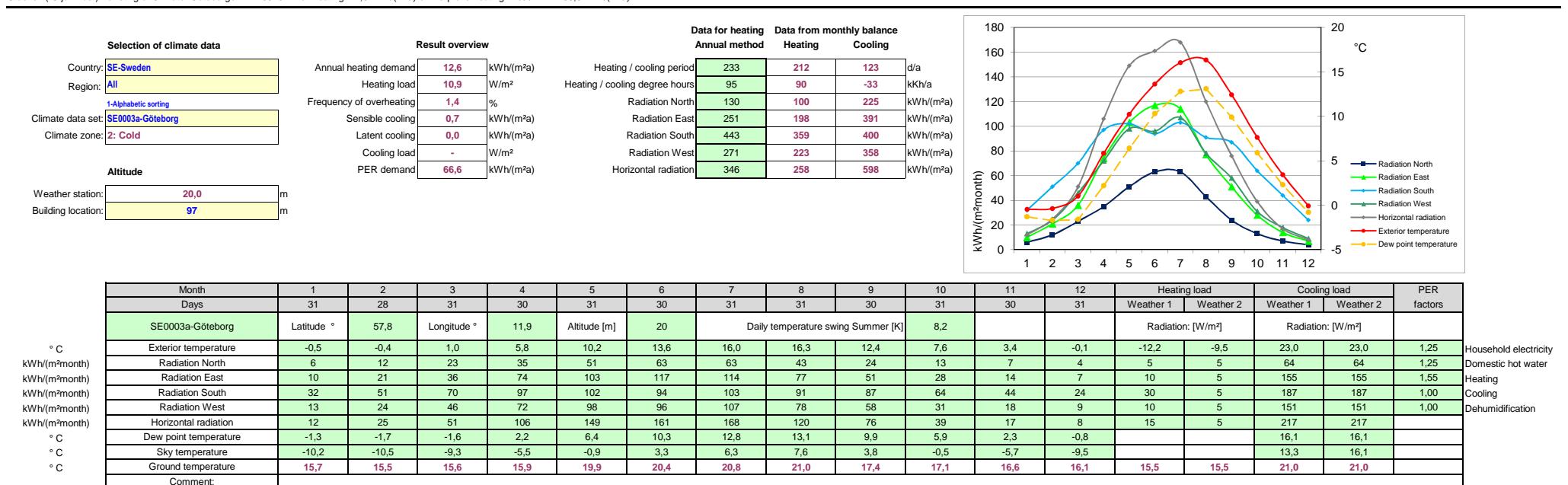


Input of comparison configurations	1	2	3	4	5
Description					
Component type					
Building component					
Variant "Poorer energy efficiency"					
Investment costs [€]					
Annual maintenance costs [€/a]					
Variant "Better energy efficiency"					
Investment costs [€]					
Annual maintenance costs [€/a]					
Financial support (present value) [€]					

Results (manual transfer)

Climate data

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)



U-value of building assemblies

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Secondary calculation: Equivalent thermal conductivity of still air spaces -> (on the right)

Wedge-shaped assembly layer -> (on the right)

Unheated / uncooled attic -> (on the right)

Assembly no.	Building assembly description			Interior insulation?		
01ud	External Wall					
Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]						
Orientation of building element	0,13	interior R _{si}	0,13			
Adjacent to	0,04	exterior R _{se}	0,04			
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Insulation	0,040					110
Concrete	2,100					190
Ext. Insulation	0,037					0
Plaster	0,800					0
Rockwool	0,035					250
Percentage of sec. 1		Percentage of sec. 2		Percentage of sec. 3		Total
100%						55,0 cm
U-value supplement		W/(m ² K)		W/(m ² K)		W/(m ² K)
			U-value: 0,098 W/(m ² K)			

Assembly no.	02ud			Roof	Interior insulation?
Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]					
Orientation of building element	0,1	interior R _{si}	0,10		
Adjacent to	0,1	exterior R _{se} :	0,10		
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]
Insulation	0,040				Thickness [mm]
Concrete	2,300				500
	0,000				220
					0
Percentage of sec. 1		Percentage of sec. 2		Percentage of sec. 3	
100%					
U-value supplement		W/(m ² K)		U-value:	0,078 W/(m ² K)

Assembly no.	03ud	Floor slab	Interior insulation?
Orientation of building element	0,17	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]	
Adjacent to	0	interior R _{si}	0,17
		exterior R _{se}	0,00
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]
Flooring	1,200		
Betong reinf.	2,300		
makadam	0,700		
betong arbetsplatta	1,150		
Percentage of sec. 1	100%	Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3
Total			50,0 cm

U-value supplement  W/(m²K)

U-value: **1,402** W/(m²K)

Assembly no.	06ud			Yttervägg entrévåning	Interior insulation?	
		Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]				
Orientation of building element	0,13	interior R _s	0,13			
	Adjacent to 0,04		exterior R _{se} :	0,04		
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Puts	1,000					10
isolering	0,040					50
Arm. Betong	2,300					250
Rockwool	0,035					250
Percentage of sec. 1		Percentage of sec. 2		Percentage of sec. 3		Total
100%						56,0 cm
U-value supplement		W/(m ² K)	U-value: 0,115 W/(m ² K)			

Assembly no.	07ud			Interior insulation?		
Orientation of building element	Adjacent to	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]				
		interior R _{si} :				
		exterior R _{se} :				
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	100%			Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3	
U-value supplement	W/(m ² K)			U-value:	W/(m ² K)	

Assembly no. 08ud	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]			Interior insulation?		
Orientation of building element Adjacent to	interior R _{si}	exterior R _{se}				
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1 100%	Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3	Total	cm		
U-value supplement	W/(m ² K)	U-value:	W/(m ² K)			

Assembly no.	09ud	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]	Interior insulation?			
Orientation of building element	<input type="text"/>	interior R _{si} <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>			
Adjacent to	<input type="text"/>	exterior R _{se} <input type="text"/>				
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Percentage of sec. 1	100%	Percentage of sec. 2	<input type="text"/>	Percentage of sec. 3	<input type="text"/>	Total <input type="text"/> cm
U-value supplement <input type="text"/> W/(m ² K)				U-value: <input type="text"/> W/(m ² K)		

Assembly no.	10ud			Interior insulation?		
Orientation of building element	Adjacent to	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]				
		interior R _{si}	exterior R _{se} :			
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	100%		Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3		Total
U-value supplement	W/(m ² K)		W/(m ² K)	W/(m ² K)	W/(m ² K)	cm
U-value:						W/(m ² K)

Assembly no.	11ud		Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]		Interior insulation?
Orientation of building element			interior R _{si}		
Adjacent to			exterior R _{se}		
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]
					Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	100%		Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3	
U-value supplement	W/(m ² K)		U-value:	W/(m ² K)	

Assembly no.	12ud		Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]		Interior insulation?	
Orientation of building element			interior R _{si}			
Adjacent to			exterior R _{se}			
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	100%		Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3		Total cm
U-value supplement			U-value:			W/(m ² K)

Assembly no.	13ud			Interior insulation?		
Orientation of building element	Adjacent to	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]				
		interior R _{si}	exterior R _{se} :			
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	100%		Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3		Total
U-value supplement	W/(m ² K)		W/(m ² K)	W/(m ² K)	W/(m ² K)	cm
U-value:						W/(m ² K)

Assembly no.	15ud		Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]		Interior insulation?	
Orientation of building element			interior R _{si}			
Adjacent to			exterior R _{se}			
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	100%		Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3		Total cm
U-value supplement			U-value:			

Assembly no.	16ud			Interior insulation?		
Orientation of building element	Adjacent to	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]				
		interior R _{si} :				
		exterior R _{se} :				
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	100%		Percentage of sec. 2	Percentage of sec. 3		Total
U-value supplement	W/(m ² K)		W/(m ² K)	W/(m ² K)	W/(m ² K)	cm
U-value:						W/(m ² K)

Assembly no.	17ud	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]		Interior insulation?		
Orientation of building element	Adjacent to	interior R _{si}	exterior R _{se}			
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1		Percentage of sec. 2		Percentage of sec. 3		Total
100%						cm
U-value supplement	W/(m ² K)	U-value: W/(m ² K)				

Assembly no.						
18ud						
Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]						
Orientation of building element		interior R _{si}				
Adjacent to		exterior R _{se} :				
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	Percentage of sec. 2			Percentage of sec. 3		Total
100%						cm
U-value supplement		W/(m ² K)	U-value:			W/(m ² K)

Assembly no.	19ud	Interior insulation?				
Orientation of building element	Adjacent to	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]				
		interior R _{si}				
		exterior R _{se}				
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	100%	Percentage of sec. 2		Percentage of sec. 3		Total
U-value supplement		W/(m ² K)		U-value:		W/(m ² K)

Assembly no.	20ud	Interior insulation?				
Orientation of building element	Adjacent to	Heat transmission resistance [m ² K/W]				
		interior R _{si}				
		exterior R _{se}				
Area section 1	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 2 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Area section 3 (optional)	λ [W/(mK)]	Thickness [mm]
Percentage of sec. 1	100%	Percentage of sec. 2		Percentage of sec. 3		Total
U-value supplement		W/(m ² K)		U-value:		W/(m ² K)

Areas determination

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Temp.-zone	Area group	Group no.	Area / Length	Unit	Comment		Building assembly overview	Average U-value [W/(m ² K)]	Radiation-gains heating season [kWh/a]	Radiation-load cooling period [kWh/a]
					m ²	Treated floor area according to PHPP manual				
A	Treated floor area	1	3320,20	m ²			North windows	0,706	2663	6317
A	North windows	2	116,45	m ²			East windows	0,684	5314	11099
A	East windows	3	157,96	m ²			South windows	0,696	7261	9538
A	South windows	4	118,94	m ²			West windows	0,757	9490	18583
A	West windows	5	211,79	m ²			Horizontal windows			
A	Horizontal windows	6	0,00	m ²			Exterior door	5,000		
A	Exterior door	7	2,00	m ²		Please subtract area of door from respective building assembly	External wall - Ambient	0,123	-260	578
A	External wall - Ambient	8	2204,00	m ²		Temperature zone "A" is ambient air	External wall - Ground			
B	External wall - Ground	9	0,00	m ²		Temperature zone "B" is the ground	Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	0,107	-91	106
A	Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	10	484,00	m ²			Floor slab / Basement ceiling	1,402		
B	Floor slab / Basement ceiling	11	484,00	m ²						
		12	0,00	m ²		Temperature zones "A", "B", "P" and "X" may be used. NOT "I"				
		13	0,00	m ²		Temperature zones "A", "B", "P" and "X" may be used. NOT "I"	Factor for X			
X		14	0,00	m ²		Temperature zone "X": Please provide user-defined reduction factor (0 < ft < 1):	75%			
							Thermal bridges - Overview	Ψ [W(mK)]		
A	Thermal bridges Ambient	15	208,00	m	Units in m		Thermal bridges Ambient	0,000		
P	Perimeter thermal bridges	16	0,00	m	Units in m; temperature zone "P" is perimeter (see 'Ground' worksheet)		Perimeter thermal bridges			
B	Thermal bridges FS/BC	17	0,00	m	Units in m		Thermal bridges FS/BC			
I	Building element towards neighbour	18	0,00	m ²	No heat losses, only considered for the heating load calculation		Building element towards neighbour			
	Total thermal envelope		3779,14	m ²			Average therm. envelope	0,382		

[Go to building components list](#)

Area no.	Building assembly description	To group No.	Assigned to group	Quantity	x (	a [m]	x	b [m]	+ User determined [m ²]	User subtraction [m ²]	- Subtraction window areas [m ²]) =	Area [m ²]	Selection building assembly / Building system	U-Value [W/(m ² K)]	Deviation from North	Angle of inclination from the horizontal	Orientation	Reduction factor shading	Exterior absorptivity	Exterior emissivity	Sort: BY ID		
Projected building footprint	0	Projected building footprint	1	x (		x			+ 511,00	-	) =	511,0											
Treated floor area	1	Treated floor area	1	x (		x			+ 3186,20	-	) =	3186,2											
Exterior door	7	Exterior door	1	x (1,00	x	2,00		+ -	-) =	2,0	Exterior door	5,00										
1 Fasad 1a	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	93,2	= 138,8 01ud External Wall	0,098	298	90	West	0,70	0,40	0,90			
2 Fasad 1b	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	46,3	= 139,5 01ud External Wall	0,098	278	90	West	0,70	0,40	0,90			
3 Fasad 2a	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	73,9	= 158,2 01ud External Wall	0,098	10	90	North	0,70	0,40	0,90			
4 Fasad 2b	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	42,6	= 143,2 01ud External Wall	0,098	350	90	North	0,70	0,40	0,90			
5 Fasad 3a	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	72,2	= 159,8 01ud External Wall	0,098	82	90	East	0,70	0,40	0,90			
6 Fasad 3b	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	42,6	= 143,2 01ud External Wall	0,098	62	90	East	0,70	0,40	0,90			
7 Fasad 4a	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	71,5	= 160,5 01ud External Wall	0,098	154	90	South	0,70	0,40	0,90			
8 Fasad 4b	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	43,2	= 142,6 01ud External Wall	0,098	134	90	East	0,70	0,40	0,90			
9 Fasad 5a	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	72,2	= 159,8 01ud External Wall	0,098	226	90	West	0,70	0,40	0,90			
10 Fasad 5b	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	23,44		+ -	-	) =	47,4	= 138,4 01ud External Wall	0,098	206	90	South	0,70	0,40	0,90			
11 Balkongsidväggar	8	External wall - Ambient	10	x (	1,82	x	25,94		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 472,1 01ud External Wall	0,098	0	90	North	0,70	0,40	0,90			
12 Golvplatta	11	Floor slab / Basement ceiling	1	x (	1,00	x	484,00		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 484,0 03ud Floor slab	1,402	0	0	Hor						
13 Tak	10	Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	1	x (	1,00	x	484,00		+ -	6,00	) =	0,0	= 478,0 02ud Roof	0,078	0	0	Hor	0,40	0,40	0,90			
14				x (		x			+ -	-	) =	0,0	=										
15 Balkonggolv	1	Treated floor area	1	x (40,00	x	3,35		+ -	-) =	0,0	= 134,0											
16				x (		x			+ -	-	) =	0,0	=										
17 Hissvägg	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	2,50	x	10,00		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 25,0 04ud Hissvägg	2,108	0	90	North	0,70	0,40	0,90			
18 Hissstack	10	Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	1	x (		x			+ 6,00	-	) =	0,0	= 6,0 05ud Hissstak	2,414	0	90	North	0,70	0,40	0,90			
19				x (		x			+ -	-	) =	0,0	=										
20 Fasad 1a bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 24,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	10	90	North	0,70	0,40	0,90			
21 Fasad 1b bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 19,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	350	90	North	0,70	0,40	0,90			
22 Fasad 2a bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 24,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	82	90	East	0,70	0,40	0,90			
23 Fasad 2b bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 19,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	62	90	East	0,70	0,40	0,90			
24 Fasad 3a bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 24,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	154	90	South	0,70	0,40	0,90			
25 Fasad 3b bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 19,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	134	90	East	0,70	0,40	0,90			
26 Fasad 4a bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 24,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	226	90	West	0,70	0,40	0,90			
27 Fasad 4b bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 19,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	206	90	South	0,70	0,40	0,90			
28 Fasad 5a bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	9,90	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 24,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	298	90	West	0,70	0,40	0,90			
29 Fasad 5b bv	8	External wall - Ambient	1	x (	7,93	x	2,50		+ -	-	) =	0,0	= 19,8 06ud Yttervägg entréväning	0,115	278	90	West	0,70	0,40	0,90			
30				x (		x			+ -	-	) =	0,0	=										

Areas determination

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Temp.-zone	Area group	Group no.	Area / Length	Unit	Comment										Building assembly overview	Average U-value [W/(m ² K)]	Radiation-gains heating season [kWh/a]	Radiation-load cooling period [kWh/a]
					Treated floor area according to PHPP manual													
A	Treated floor area	1	3320,20	m ²	Results come from the 'Windows' worksheet. Window areas are subtracted from individual opaque areas. which is displayed in the 'Windows' worksheet.										North windows	0,706	2663	6317
A	North windows	2	116,45	m ²											East windows	0,684	5314	11099
A	East windows	3	157,96	m ²											South windows	0,696	7261	9538
A	South windows	4	118,94	m ²											West windows	0,757	9490	18583
A	West windows	5	211,79	m ²											Horizontal windows			
A	Horizontal windows	6	0,00	m ²											Exterior door	5,000		
A	Exterior door	7	2,00	m ²	Please subtract area of door from respective building assembly										External wall - Ambient	0,123	-260	578
A	External wall - Ambient	8	2204,00	m ²	Temperature zone "A" is ambient air										External wall - Ground			
B	External wall - Ground	9	0,00	m ²	Temperature zone "B" is the ground										Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	0,107	-91	106
A	Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	10	484,00	m ²											Floor slab / Basement ceiling	1,402		
B	Floor slab / Basement ceiling	11	484,00	m ²														
		12	0,00	m ²	Temperature zones "A", "B", "P" and "X" may be used. NOT "I"										Factor for X			
		13	0,00	m ²	Temperature zones "A", "B", "P" and "X" may be used. NOT "I"													
X		14	0,00	m ²	Temperature zone "X": Please provide user-defined reduction factor (0 < ft < 1):										75%			
															Thermal bridges - Overview	Ψ [W(mK)]		
A	Thermal bridges Ambient	15	208,00	m	Units in m										Thermal bridges Ambient	0,000		
P	Perimeter thermal bridges	16	0,00	m	Units in m; temperature zone "P" is perimeter (see 'Ground' worksheet)										Perimeter thermal bridges			
B	Thermal bridges FS/BC	17	0,00	m	Units in m										Thermal bridges FS/BC			
I	Building element towards neighbour	18	0,00	m ²	No heat losses, only considered for the heating load calculation										Building element towards neighbour			
	Total thermal envelope		3779,14	m ²											Average therm. envelope	0,382		

[Go to building components list](#)

31				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
32				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
33				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
34				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
35				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
36				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
37				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
38				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
39				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
40				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
41				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
42				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
43				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
44				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
45				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
46				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
47				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
48				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
49				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								
50				x (	x )	+	-	) -	0,0	=								

Aend

Areas determination

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Temp-zone	Area group	Group no.	Area / Length	Unit	Summary		Building assembly overview	Average U-value [W/(m ² K)]	Radiation-gains heating season [kWh/a]
						Comment			
	Treated floor area	1	3320,20	m ²	Treated floor area according to PHPP manual		North windows	0,706	2663
A	North windows	2	116,45	m ²	Results come from the 'Windows' worksheet. Window areas are subtracted from individual opaque areas. which is displayed in the 'Windows' worksheet.		East windows	0,684	5314
A	East windows	3	157,96	m ²			South windows	0,696	7261
A	South windows	4	118,94	m ²			West windows	0,757	9490
A	West windows	5	211,79	m ²			Horizontal windows		
A	Horizontal windows	6	0,00	m ²					
A	Exterior door	7	2,00	m ²	Please subtract area of door from respective building assembly		Exterior door	5,000	
A	External wall - Ambient	8	2204,00	m ²	Temperature zone "A" is ambient air		External wall - Ambient	0,123	-260
B	External wall - Ground	9	0,00	m ²	Temperature zone "B" is the ground		External wall - Ground		
A	Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	10	484,00	m ²			Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	0,107	-91
B	Floor slab / Basement ceiling	11	484,00	m ²			Floor slab / Basement ceiling	1,402	
		12	0,00	m ²	Temperature zones "A", "B", "P" and "X" may be used. NOT "I"				
		13	0,00	m ²	Temperature zones "A", "B", "P" and "X" may be used. NOT "I"	Factor for X			
X		14	0,00	m ²	Temperature zone "X": Please provide user-defined reduction factor (0 < ft < 1):	75%			
Thermal bridges - Overview									
A	Thermal bridges Ambient	15	208,00	m	Units in m		Thermal bridges Ambient	0,000	
P	Perimeter thermal bridges	16	0,00	m	Units in m; temperature zone "P" is perimeter (see 'Ground' worksheet)		Perimeter thermal bridges		
B	Thermal bridges FS/BC	17	0,00	m	Units in m		Thermal bridges FS/BC		
I	Building element towards neighbour	18	0,00	m ²	No heat losses, only considered for the heating load calculation		Building element towards neighbour		
Total thermal envelope					3779,14	m ²	Average therm. envelope	0,382	

[Go to building components list](#)

Thermal bridge inputs																
No.	Thermal bridge - denomination	Group No.	Assigned to group	Quantity	x (	Length [m]	-	Subtraction length [m]	) =	Length ℓ [m]	User determined Ψ -Wert [W/mK]	User determined $f_{Rs=0,25}$ (optional)	or	Selection building system	Ψ -Value [W/(mK)]	f_{Rs} -Requirement met?
1	Balcony floor connection	15	Thermal bridges Ambient	40	x (	5,20	-	) =	208,00	0,000			or		0,000	
2					x (	-	) =						or			
3					x (	-	) =						or			
4					x (	-	) =						or			
5					x (	-	) =						or			
6					x (	-	) =						or			
7					x (	-	) =						or			
8					x (	-	) =						or			
9					x (	-	) =						or			
10					x (	-	) =						or			
11					x (	-	) =						or			
12					x (	-	) =						or			
13					x (	-	) =						or			
14					x (	-	) =						or			
15					x (	-	) =						or			
16					x (	-	) =						or			
17					x (	-	) =						or			
18					x (	-	) =						or			
19					x (	-	) =						or			
20					x (	-	) =						or			
21					x (	-	) =						or			
22					x (	-	) =						or			
23					x (	-	) =						or			
24					x (	-	) =						or			
25					x (	-	) =						or			
26					x (	-	) =						or			
27					x (	-	) =						or			
28					x (	-	) =						or			
29					x (	-	) =						or			
30					x (	-	) =						or			
31					x (	-	) =						or			
32					x (	-	) =						or			
33					x (	-	) =						or			
34					x (	-	) =						or			

Areas determination

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Temp-zone	Area group	Group no.	Area / Length	Unit	Summary		Building assembly overview	Average U-value [W/(m ² K)]	Radiation-gains heating season [kWh/a]		
						Comment					
	Treated floor area	1	3320,20	m ²	Treated floor area according to PHPP manual		North windows	0,706	2663		
A	North windows	2	116,45	m ²	Results come from the 'Windows' worksheet. Window areas are subtracted from individual opaque areas. which is displayed in the 'Windows' worksheet.		East windows	0,684	5314		
A	East windows	3	157,96	m ²			South windows	0,696	7261		
A	South windows	4	118,94	m ²			West windows	0,757	9490		
A	West windows	5	211,79	m ²			Horizontal windows				
A	Horizontal windows	6	0,00	m ²							
A	Exterior door	7	2,00	m ²	Please subtract area of door from respective building assembly		Exterior door	5,000			
A	External wall - Ambient	8	2204,00	m ²	Temperature zone "A" is ambient air		External wall - Ambient	0,123	-260		
B	External wall - Ground	9	0,00	m ²	Temperature zone "B" is the ground		External wall - Ground				
A	Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	10	484,00	m ²			Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	0,107	-91		
B	Floor slab / Basement ceiling	11	484,00	m ²			Floor slab / Basement ceiling	1,402			
		12	0,00	m ²	Temperature zones "A", "B", "P" and "X" may be used. NOT "I"						
		13	0,00	m ²	Temperature zones "A", "B", "P" and "X" may be used. NOT "I"		Factor for X				
X		14	0,00	m ²	Temperature zone "X": Please provide user-defined reduction factor (0 < ft < 1):		75%				
<hr/>											
Thermal bridges - Overview											
A	Thermal bridges Ambient	15	208,00	m	Units in m		Ψ [W/mK]				
P	Perimeter thermal bridges	16	0,00	m	Units in m; temperature zone "P" is perimeter (see 'Ground' worksheet)		Thermal bridges Ambient	0,000			
B	Thermal bridges FS/BC	17	0,00	m	Units in m		Perimeter thermal bridges				
I	Building element towards neighbour	18	0,00	m ²	No heat losses, only considered for the heating load calculation		Thermal bridges FS/BC				
Total thermal envelope							Building element towards neighbour				
							Average therm. envelope	0,382			

[Go to building components list](#)

35				x(-) =			
36				x(-) =			
37				x(-) =			
38				x(-) =			
39				x(-) =			
40				x(-) =			
41				x(-) =			
42				x(-) =			
43				x(-) =			
44				x(-) =			
45				x(-) =			
46				x(-) =			
47				x(-) =			
48				x(-) =			
49				x(-) =			
50				x(-) =			
TBend									

Heat losses through the ground

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Building section 1

Ground characteristics			Climate data		
Thermal conductivity	λ	2,0 W/(mK)	Avg indoor temp. winter	T_i	20,0 °C
Heat capacity	ρc	2,0 MJ/(m ³ K)	Avg indoor temp. summer	T_i	25,0 °C
Periodic penetration depth	δ	3,17 m	Avg ground surface temperature	$T_{g,ave}$	8,1 °C
			Amplitude of $T_{g,ave}$	$T_{g,A}$	8,4 °C
			Phase shifting of $T_{e,m}$	τ	1,3 Months
			Length of the heating period	n	7,7 Months
			Heating degree hours - exterior	G_e	95,1 kWh/a

Building data			U-value floor slab/basement ceiling	U_f	W/(m ² K)
Area of ground floor slab / basement ceiling A		484,0 m ²	TBs floor slab / basement ceiling	$\Psi_B \cdot l$	0,00 W/K
Perimeter length P		90,2 m	U-value floor slab / basement ceiling i	U_f'	1,402 W/(m ² K)
Charact. dimension of floor slab B'		10,74 m	Equivalent thickness floor	d_f	1,43 m

Floor slab type (select only one)					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Slab on grade					
Perimeter insulation width/depth D	D	m	Orientation of perimeter insulation (check only one field)	horizontal	
Perimeter insulation thickness d _n	d_n	m		vertical	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Conductivity perimeter insulation λ_n	λ_n	W/(mK)			
Heated basement or floor slab completely / partially below ground level			U-Value wall below ground	U_{WB}	W/(m ² K)
Basement wall height below ground level z	z	m			
Unheated basement			U-Value wall above ground	U_W	W/(m ² K)
Height aboveground wall h	h	m	U-Value wall below ground	U_{WB}	W/(m ² K)
Basement wall height below ground level z	z	m	U-Value basement floor slab	U_{IB}	W/(m ² K)
Air change unheated basement n	n	h ⁻¹			
Air flow basement V	V	m ³			
Suspended floor above a ventilated crawl space (at max. 0.5 m below ground)			Area of ventilation openings ϵP		m ²
U-Value crawl space U_{Crawl}	U_{Crawl}	W/(m ² K)	Wind velocity at 10 m height v	v	m/s
Height of crawl space wall h	h	m	Wind shield factor f _w	f_w	-
U-Value crawl space wall U_W	U_W	W/(m ² K)			
Additional thermal bridge heat losses at perimeter			Steady-state fraction $\Psi_{P,stat} \cdot l$	0,000 W/K	
Phase shift β	β	Months	Harmonic fraction $\Psi_{P,harm} \cdot l$	0,000 W/K	

Groundwater correction					
Depth of the groundwater table Z_w	Z_w	3,0 m	Groundwater correction factor G_w		1,13885624 -
Groundwater flow rate q _w	q _w	m/d			

Interim results					
Phase shift β	β	1,01 Months	Steady-state heat flow Φ_{stat}		2382,1 W
Steady-state transmittance L _s	L _s	200,96 W/K	Periodic heat flow Φ_{harm}		255,9 W
Exterior periodic transmittance L _{pe}	L _{pe}	78,03 W/K	Heat losses during heating period Q _{tot}		14757 kWh
Transmittance building L ₀	L ₀	678,56 W/K			

Monthly average temperatures in the ground for monthly method (building assembly 1)												
Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Winter	15,7	15,5	15,6	15,9	16,4	16,8	17,2	17,4	17,4	17,1	16,6	16,1
Summer	19,3	19,1	19,1	19,4	19,9	20,4	20,8	21,0	20,9	20,6	20,1	19,7
												Avg. value

Design ground temperature for 'Heating load' worksheet 15,5 For 'Cooling load' worksheet 21,0

Reduction factor for 'Annual heating' worksheet 0,23

Total result (all building parts)												
Phase shift β	β	1,01 Months	Steady-state heat flow Φ_{stat}									
Steady-state transmittance L _s	L _s	200,96 W/K	Periodic heat flow Φ_{harm}									
Exterior periodic transmittance L _{pe}	L _{pe}	78,03 W/K	Heat losses during heating period Q _{tot}									
Transmittance building L ₀	L ₀	678,56 W/K	Charact. dimension of floor slab B'									

Monthly Average temperatures in the ground for monthly method (all building assemblies)												
Month	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Winter	15,7	15,5	15,6	15,9	16,4	16,8	17,2	17,4	17,4	17,1	16,6	16,1
Summer	19,3	19,1	19,1	19,4	19,9	20,4	20,8	21,0	20,9	20,6	20,1	19,7
												Avg. value

Design ground temperature for 'Heating load' worksheet 15,5 For 'Cooling load' worksheet 21,0

Reduction factor for 'Annual heating' worksheet 0,23

Passive House Components

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Go to: ['AREAS'](#) www.passivehouse.com/component-database
[Thermal bridges \(Psi-values\)](#)
[Ventilation units](#)
[Glazing](#)
[Compact units](#)
[Window frame](#)
[Heat recovery DHW](#)

Building assemblies (U-Values)

Recommended starting values for optimisation: U-values for walls and roofs | Floor slabs: 0,12 W/(m²K) | 0,4 W/(m²K)

ID	Building system	Building assembly	1		
			Total thickness	U-Value	Interior insulation
		Summary of the constructions calculated in 'U values' worksheet	m	W/(m ² K)	-
01ud	External Wall	External Wall	0,550	0,098	0
02ud	Roof	Roof	0,720	0,078	0
03ud	Floor slab	Floor slab	0,500	1,402	0
04ud	Hissvägg	Hissvägg	0,150	2,108	0
05ud	Hisstak	Hisstak	0,150	2,414	0
06ud	Yttervägg entrévåning	Yttervägg entrévåning	0,560	0,115	0
07ud					
08ud					
09ud					
10ud					

Glazing		Glazing	
	Recommended glazing type to start planning: Triple or quadruple thermally insulated glazing (Please consider the comfort criterion!)		
ID	Description	g-Value	U _g -Value
01ud	1+Double glazing 4/12mm air/4	0,60	1,00
02ud	Door Panel	0,00	3,00
03ud	3glas SW	0,53	0,53
04ud	3glas SmartWin	0,53	0,53
05ud	Door Panel	0,00	3,00
06ud	low-g 3glas SmartWin	0,35	0,47
07ud			
08ud			
09ud			
10ud			

Window frame													Window frame						
	U-Value				Frame width				Glazing edge thermal bridge				Installation thermal bridge				Curtain wall facades:		
ID	Description		left	right	bottom	above	left	right	bottom	above	$\Psi_{\text{Glazing edge left}}$	$\Psi_{\text{Glazing edge right}}$	$\Psi_{\text{Glazing edge bottom}}$	$\Psi_{\text{Glazing edge top}}$	$\Psi_{\text{Installation left}}$	$\Psi_{\text{Installation right}}$	$\Psi_{\text{Installation bottom}}$	$\Psi_{\text{Installation top}}$	X _{OC} - value Glass carrier
		W/(m²K)	W/(m²K)	W/(m²K)	W/(m²K)	m	m	m	m	W/(mK)	W/(mK)	W/(mK)	W/(mK)	W/(mK)	W/(mK)	W/(mK)	W/(mK)	W/K	
01ud	EXISTING: timber 68 mm	1,60	1,60	1,60	1,60	0,140	0,140	0,140	0,140	0,050	0,050	0,050	0,050	0,070	0,070	0,070	0,070		
02ud	Existing Door Frame	1,60	1,60	1,60	1,60	0,200	0,200	0,200	0,200	0,070	0,070	0,070	0,070	0,070	0,070	0,070	0,100	0,070	
03ud	pro Passivhaustenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,70	0,70	0,91	0,70	0,086	0,086	0,086	0,086	0,026	0,026	0,025	0,026	0,020	0,020	0,020	0,020		
04ud																			
05ud																			
06ud																			
07ud																			
08ud																			
09ud																			
10ud																			

Ventilation units with heat recovery												
	Recommended specifications to start planning: Frost protection: Yes, directly electric; Humidity recovery: Yes	80 %		0,45	Additional Device Data							
ID	Description	Effective heat recovery efficiency	Energy recovery value η_{ER}	Electric efficiency	Application range		External pressure per section	Fittings Dp_{intern}	Frost protection necessary	Noise protection		Additional info
	User defined area	%	%	Wh/m³	m³/h	m³/h	Pa	Pa		35 dB(A)	Supply air dB(A)	Extract air dB(A)
01ud	Swegon Gold	80%	0,45									
02ud												
03ud												
04ud												
05ud												
06ud												
07ud												
08ud												
09ud												
10ud												

Heating degree hours [kWh]: 95,1					Window rough openings		Installed in	Glazing	Frame	g-Value	U-Value		$\Psi_{\text{Glazing edge}}$	Installation situation				Results				
Quantity	Description	Deviation from north	Angle of inclination from the horizontal	Orientation	Width	Height	Selection from 'Areas' worksheet	Selection from 'Components' worksheet	Selection from 'Components' worksheet	Perpendicular radiation	Glazing	Frames (avg.)	$\Psi_{\text{Glazing edge}} (\text{Avg.})$	left	right	bottom	top	$\Psi_{\text{Installation}} (\text{Avg.})$	Window Area	Glazing area	U_w	Glazed fraction per window
														W/(mK) or 1/0								
2	F5a v1 ws	226	90	West	0,450	1,400	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%
1	F5a v1 bd	226	90	West	0,800	2,100	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,67	72%
1	F5a v1 sw	226	90	West	1,300	2,100	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,62	80%
1	F5b v1 tw	206	90	South	0,700	1,000	10-Fasad 5b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,81	62%
2	F5b v1 ww	206	90	South	1,200	1,400	10-Fasad 5b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,70	75%
2	F5b v1 ws	206	90	South	0,450	1,400	10-Fasad 5b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,82	54%
2	F1a v6 ww	298	90	West	1,200	1,400	1-Fasad 1a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,70	75%
2	F1a v6 ws	298	90	West	0,450	1,400	1-Fasad 1a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,82	54%
1	F1a v6 bd	298	90	West	0,800	2,100	1-Fasad 1a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,71	72%
1	F1a v6 sw	298	90	West	1,300	2,100	1-Fasad 1a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,67	80%
1	F1b v1 tw	278	90	West	0,700	1,000	2-Fasad 1b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,81	62%
2	F1b v1 ww	278	90	West	1,200	1,400	2-Fasad 1b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,70	75%
2	F1b v1 ws	278	90	West	0,450	1,400	2-Fasad 1b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,82	54%
2	F2a v1 ww	10	90	North	1,200	1,400	3-Fasad 2a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,70	75%
2	F2a v1 ws	10	90	North	0,450	1,400	3-Fasad 2a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,82	54%
1	F2a v1 bd	10	90	North	0,800	2,100	3-Fasad 2a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,71	72%
1	F2a v1 sw	10	90	North	1,300	2,100	3-Fasad 2a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,67	80%
1	F2b v1 tw	350	90	North	0,700	1,000	4-Fasad 2b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,77	62%
2	F2b v1 ww	350	90	North	1,200	1,400	4-Fasad 2b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%
2	F2b v1 ws	350	90	North	0,450	1,400	4-Fasad 2b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%
2	F3a v1 ww	82	90	East	1,200	1,400	5-Fasad 3a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%
2	F3a v1 ws	82	90	East	0,450	1,400	5-Fasad 3a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%
1	F3a v1 bd	82	90	East	0,800	2,100	5-Fasad 3a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,67	72%
1	F3a v1 sw	82	90	East	1,300	2,100	5-Fasad 3a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,62	80%
1	F3b v1 tw	62	90	East	0,700	1,000	6-Fasad 3b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,77	62%
2	F3b v1 ww	62	90	East	1,200	1,400	6-Fasad 3b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%
2	F3b v1 ws	62	90	East	0,450	1,400	6-Fasad 3b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%
2	F4a v1 ww	154	90	South	1,200	1,400	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%
2	F4a v1 ws	154	90	South	0,450	1,400	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%
1	F4a v1 bd	154	90	South	0,800	2,100	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,67	72%
1	F4a v1 sw	154	90	South	1,300	2,100	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,62	80%
1	F4b v1 tw	134	90	East	0,700	1,000	8-Fasad 4b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,77	62%
2	F4b v1 ww	134	90	East	1,200	1,400	8-Fasad 4b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%
2	F4b v1 ws	134	90	East	0,450	1,400	8-Fasad 4b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%
2	F5a v1 ww	226	90	West	1,200	1,400	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%
2	F5a v1 ws	226	90	West	0,800	2,100	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%
1	F5a v1 bd	226	90	West	0,800	2,100	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,67	72%

Heating degree hours [kWh]: 95,1					Window rough openings		Installed in		Glazing		Frame		g-Value	U-Value		Ψ Glazing edge	Installation situation					Results			
Qua- n- tity	Description	Deviation from north	Angle of inclination from the horizontal	Orien- tation	Width	Height	Selection from 'Areas' worksheet		Selection from 'Components' worksheet		Selection from 'Components' worksheet		Perpen- dicular radiation	Glazing	Frames (avg.)	$\Psi_{\text{Glazing edge}}$ (Avg.)	left	right	bottom	top	$\Psi_{\text{Installation}}$ (Avg.)	Window Area	Glazing area	U_w	Glazed fraction per window
							Sort: AS LIST		Sort: AS LIST		Sort: AS LIST			w/(m²K)	w/(m²K)	w/(mK)	user determined value for $\Psi_{\text{Installation}}$ or '1': $\Psi_{\text{Installation}}$ from 'Components' worksheet '0': in the case of abutting windows					m²	m²	w/(m²K)	%
2	F5b v1 ww	206	90	South	1,200	1,400	10-Fasad 5b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,70	75%			
2	F5b v1 ws	206	90	South	0,450	1,400	10-Fasad 5b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,82	54%			
2	F1a v8 ww	298	90	West	1,200	1,400	1-Fasad 1a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,70	75%			
2	F1a v8 ws	298	90	West	0,450	1,400	1-Fasad 1a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,82	54%			
1	F1a v8 bd	298	90	West	0,800	2,100	1-Fasad 1a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,71	72%			
1	F1a v8 sw	298	90	West	1,300	2,100	1-Fasad 1a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,67	80%			
1	F1b v1 tw	278	90	West	0,700	1,000	2-Fasad 1b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,81	62%			
2	F1b v1 ww	278	90	West	1,200	1,400	2-Fasad 1b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,70	75%			
2	F1b v1 ws	278	90	West	0,450	1,400	2-Fasad 1b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,82	54%			
2	F2a v1 ww	10	90	North	1,200	1,400	3-Fasad 2a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,70	75%			
2	F2a v1 ws	10	90	North	0,450	1,400	3-Fasad 2a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,82	54%			
1	F2a v1 bd	10	90	North	0,800	2,100	3-Fasad 2a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,71	72%			
1	F2a v1 sw	10	90	North	1,300	2,100	3-Fasad 2a	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,67	80%			
1	F2b v1 tw	350	90	North	0,700	1,000	4-Fasad 2b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,77	62%			
2	F2b v1 ww	350	90	North	1,200	1,400	4-Fasad 2b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%			
2	F2b v1 ws	350	90	North	0,450	1,400	4-Fasad 2b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%			
2	F3a v1 ww	82	90	East	1,200	1,400	5-Fasad 3a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%			
2	F3a v1 ws	82	90	East	0,450	1,400	5-Fasad 3a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%			
1	F3a v1 bd	82	90	East	0,800	2,100	5-Fasad 3a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,67	72%			
1	F3a v1 sw	82	90	East	1,300	2,100	5-Fasad 3a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,62	80%			
1	F3b v1 tw	62	90	East	0,700	1,000	6-Fasad 3b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,77	62%			
2	F3b v1 ww	62	90	East	1,200	1,400	6-Fasad 3b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%			
2	F3b v1 ws	62	90	East	0,450	1,400	6-Fasad 3b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%			
2	F4a v1 ww	154	90	South	1,200	1,400	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%			
2	F4a v1 ws	154	90	South	0,450	1,400	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%			
1	F4a v1 bd	154	90	South	0,800	2,100	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,67	72%			
1	F4a v1 sw	154	90	South	1,300	2,100	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,62	80%			
1	F4b v1 tw	134	90	East	0,700	1,000	8-Fasad 4b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,77	62%			
2	F4b v1 ww	134	90	East	1,200	1,400	8-Fasad 4b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%			
2	F4b v1 ws	134	90	East	0,450	1,400	8-Fasad 4b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%			
1	F4a v1 bd	154	90	South	0,800	2,100	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,67	72%			
1	F4a v1 sw	154	90	South	1,300	2,100	7-Fasad 4a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,62	80%			
1	F4b v1 tw	134	90	East	0,700	1,000	8-Fasad 4b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,77	62%			
2	F4b v1 ww	134	90	East	1,200	1,400	8-Fasad 4b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%			
2	F4b v1 ws	134	90	East	0,450	1,400	8-Fasad 4b	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%			
2	F5a v1 ww	226	90	West	1,200	1,400	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,65	75%			
2	F5a v1 ws	226	90	West	0,450	1,400	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,79	54%			
1	F5a v1 bd	226	90	West	0,800	2,100	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,73	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	1,7	1,21	0,67	72%			
1	F5a v1 sw	226	90	West	1,300	2,100	9-Fasad 5a	06ud-low-g 3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,35	0,47	0,74	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	2,7	2,17	0,62	80%			
1	F5b v1 tw	206	90	South	0,700	1,000	10-Fasad 5b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	1	1	1	0,020	0,7	0,44	0,81	62%			
2	F5b v1 ww	206	90	South	1,200	1,400	10-Fasad 5b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,75	0,026	1	0	1	1	0,020	3,4	2,52	0,70	75%			
2	F5b v1 ws	206	90	South	0,450	1,400	10-Fasad 5b	04ud-3glas SmartWin	03ud-pro Passivhausfenster - SmartWin - with Super Spacer TriSeal	0,53	0,53	0,73	0,026	0	1	1	1	0,020	1,3	0,68	0,82	54%			

Calculation of shading coefficients

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Orientation	Glazing area [m ²]	Reduction factor winter r_w	Reduction factor cooling $r_{c,w}$	Reduction factor cooling load $r_{c,l}$	Solar load [kWh/m ² glazing a]
North	82,98	85%	85%	85%	76
East	111,56	85%	85%	85%	99
South	85,18	71%	79%	79%	113
West	150,89	77%	88%	88%	126
Horizontal	0,00	100%	100%	100%	0

Ventilation data

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Treated floor area A _{TFA}	m ²	3320	(Areas' worksheet)
Room height h	m	2,50	2,50
Volume of ventilated space (A _{TFA} *h) · V _V	m ³	8301	(Worksheet 'Annual heating')

Ventilation type

Please select

1-Balanced PH ventilation with HR

Infiltration air change rate

Wind protection coefficients e and f		
Coefficient e for wind protection class	Several side exposed	One side exposed
No protection	0,10	0,03
Moderate protection	0,07	0,02
High protection	0,04	0,01
Coefficient f	15	20
Wind protection coefficient, e	For annual demand:	For heating load:
	0,08	0,20
Wind protection coefficient, f	15	15
Air change rate at press. test	n ₅₀	Net air volume for press. test V ₅₀ m ³
	1/h	0,60
Excess extract air	For annual demand:	For heating load:
	1/h	0,00
Infiltration air change rate	n _{V,Rest}	1/h
	0,053	0,131

Selection of ventilation input - Results

PHPP offers two methods for dimensioning air quantities and choosing the ventilation unit. With "Standard data input for balanced ventilation", supply or extract air quantities for residential buildings and parameters for ventilation systems with a maximum of 1 ventilation unit can be planned. Projects with up to 10 different ventilation units and air quantities determined according to rooms or zones can be entered in the 'Addl vent' worksheet. Please select your design method here:

Ventilation unit / Heat recovery efficiency design	Average air flow rate m ³ /h	Average air change rate 1/h	Extract air excess (extract air system) 1/h	Effective heat recovery efficiency unit [-]	Energy recovery [-]	Specific power input Wh/m ³	Heat recovery efficiency SHX [-]
Standard design (Ventilation' worksheet, see below)	2462	0,30	0,00	78,2%	N/A	0,45	0,0%
Multiple ventilation units, non-res ('Addl vent' worksheet)							

Cooling degree

Efficiency SHX

η^{SHX} 0%

Average interior humidity during winter operation

Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
37%	36%	36%	44%	-	-	-	-	-	53%	44%	38%

Standard data input for balanced ventilation

Dimensioning of ventilation system with only one ventilation unit

Occupancy	m ² /P	40
Number of occupants	P	83,5
Supply air per person	m ³ (P*h)	30
Supply air requirement	m ³ /h	2504
Extract air rooms		Bathroom
Quantity	Kitchen	Bathroom (shower only)
Extract air requirement per room	m ³ /h	60 40 20
Total extract air requirement	m ³ /h	8000

Design air flow rate should cover at least the extract air demand according to DIN 1946!

Design air flow rate (maximum) m³/h **3200** Recommended: 8000 m³/h

Average air change rate calculation

Type of operation	Daily operation times h/d	Factors referenced to maximum	Air flow rate m ³ /h	Air change rate 1/h
maximum		1,00	3200	0,39
Standard	24,0	0,77	2462	0,30
Grundlüftung		0,54	1723	0,21
Minimum		0,40	1280	0,15
Average value		0,77	Average air flow rate (m ³ /h) 2462	Average air change rate (1/h) 0,30

Selection of ventilation unit with heat recovery

Location of ventilation unit **2-Outside of thermal envelope**

Ventilation unit selection	Go to ventilation units list Sortierung: WIE LISTE	Heat recovery efficiency Unit η _{WRG}	Energy recovery η _{ERV}	Specific efficiency [Wh/m ³]	Application [m ³ /h]	Frost power input
		0,80	N/A	0,45	N/A	N/A
Conductivity supply air duct	Y	W/(mK)	1,922		Implementation of frost protection	2-Elec.
Length of supply air duct	m		5		Limit temperature [°C]	-15
Conductivity extract air duct	Y	W/(mK)	1,922		Useful energy [kWh/a]	0
Length of extract air duct	m		5		Room temperature (°C)	20
Temperature of mechanical services room	°C		3,7		Avg. ambient temp. heat. period (°C)	3,2
(Enter only if the central unit is outside of the thermal envelope)					Avg. ground temp (°C)	8,1

Effective heat recovery efficiency η_{HR,eff}

78,2%

Effective heat recovery efficiency subsoil heat exchanger

SHX efficiency	η [*] SHX
Heat recovery efficiency SHX	η _{SHX} 0%

Secondary calculation	
Ψ-value supply or outdoor air duct	
Nominal width	1000 mm
Insulation thick	50 mm
Reflective coating?	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/>
Thermal conductivity	0,040 W/(mK)
Nominal air flow rate	2462 m ³ /h
Δϑ	16 K
Exterior duct diameter	1,000 m
Exterior diameter	1,100 m
α-Interior	3,45 W/(m ² K)
α-Surface	5,94 W/(m ² K)
Ψ-value	1,922 W/(mK)
Surface temperature difference	1,525 K

Secondary calculation	
Ψ-value extract or exhaust air duct	
Nominal width:	1000 mm
Insulation thickness:	50 mm
Reflective coating?	yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> no <input type="checkbox"/>
Thermal conductivity:	0,040 W/(mK)
Nominal air flow rate	2462 m ³ /h
Δϑ	16 K
Exterior duct diameter	1,000 m
Exterior diameter	1,100 m
α-Interior	3,45 W/(m ² K)
α-Surface	5,94 W/(m ² K)
Ψ-value	1,922 W/(mK)
Surface temperature difference	1,525 K

Extended input for balanced ventilation (at the moment this worksheet is inactive. Calculation takes place in the 'Ventilation' worksheet.)

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Planning ventilation systems with multiple ventilation units

Ventilation unit / Heat recovery efficiency design
In Ventilation sheet (standard design)
In 'Addl vent worksheet (this worksheet)

x	(‘Ventilation’ worksheet)
0,0	(Addl vent)

Treated floor area A_{TFA}

m² **3320** ('Areas' worksheet)

Room height h

m **2,50** (Worksheet 'Annual heating')

Room air volume for ventilation (A_{TFA}*h) = V_v

m³ **8301** (Worksheet 'Annual heating')

Number of occupants

P **83,5** ('Ventilation' worksheet)

Room temperature

°C **20** (Worksheet 'Annual heating')

Average external temp. heating period

°C **3,2** ('Ventilation' worksheet)

Average ground temp.

°C **8,1** ('Ground' worksheet)

Length of the heating period

d/a **233** ('Heating' worksheet)

Ventilation type

1-Balanced PH ventilation with HR ('Ventilation' worksheet)

Results of ventilation design and unit selection:

Venti-lation unit no.	Description of the unit	Design		Annual average value		Air ch.rt.
		V _{SUP} m ³ /h	V _{ETA} m ³ /h	V _{SUP} m ³ /h	V _{ETA} m ³ /h	
1						---
2						---
3						---
4						---
5						---
6						---
7						---
8						---
9						---
10						---

Result for overall vent. syst.



Effective heat recovery efficiency	Energy recovery efficiency	Spec. input power	Heat recov. efficiency SHX

Recommendations for dimensioning air quantities

Use of low odour and low VOCs building materials/furnishings:

It is strongly recommended to use building materials that cause no or very low VOCs/odours instead of increasing the outdoor air volume in order to clear the air.

This holds true independently from the chosen approach to determine air quality; emissions of all sources in the room should be considered, e.g. furniture, carpets and ventilation or air-conditioning unit.

Assessment of volume flow rates according to the number of persons

Also in non-residential buildings, the number of persons is fundamentally important for assessing the volume air flow rates. For good indoor air quality volumes between 20 to 30 m³/h/person are sufficient.

Higher outdoor air amounts may lead to excessively dry indoor air in winter. The air flow rates are specified by classification according to EN 13779. The classification must be agreed with the client in advance.

IDA 3 is adequate for office buildings, IDA 4 has proven satisfactory for school buildings as flushing ventilation is carried out during breaks anyway. For typical outdoor air CO₂ concentrations of around 400-500 ppm,

it is possible to comply even with 1500 ppm. Exceeding this figure temporarily is permissible.

Outdoor air flow rates per person:

- Recommended for residential buildings: around 30 m³/(h person)
- Recommended for offices and similar uses: around 30 m³/(h person) (AMEV: 28 m³/(h person); EN 13779 / IDA 3: at least 24 m³/(h person))
- Recommended for schools and day care centres: 15 to 20 m³/(h person) (Source: Guidelines for energy-efficient educational buildings, Passive House Institute, 2010)
- Recommendation for sport halls: 60 m³/(h person) (DIN 18032-1)

Flushing phase for intermittent ventilation operation

In case the ventilation is to be used intermittently (turned off at night), then it should be flushed in the morning, approx. 1 to 2 hours before building is occupied. This should be done in order to refresh air from emissions such as VOCs. Flushing the building causes that the ventilation system works for a longer period (utilisation time + flushing phase). Please consider this at design stage.

Dimensioning of air quantities

When dimensioning the air quantities, please consider the design recommendations given above.

The operation period of the ventilation can be determined on the basis of daily utilisation hours, including flushing phase if applicable. In addition, time periods with reduced ventilation requirements (operation modes) can be taken into account by means of reduction factors.

Room no.	Amount a	Room name	Allocation to ventilation unit (No.)	Area A m ²	Clear height h m	Room vol. A x h m ³	Volume flow per room			Air chng. rt. per room n 1/h	Utilisation times h/d	d/week	Duration of holidays d	Reduction factor 1	Operation red. 1	Reduction factor 2	Operation red. 2	Reduction factor 3	Operation red. 3	Annual average value:				
							V _{SUP} m ³ /h	V _{ETA} m ³ /h	V _{TRANS} m ³ /h											V _{SUP} m ³ /h	V _{ETA} m ³ /h	V _{TRANS} m ³ /h	Change rate 1/h	
1													0	100%	100%									
2													0	100%	100%									
3													0	100%	100%									
4													0	100%	100%									
5													0	100%	100%									
6													0	100%	100%									
7													0	100%	100%									
8													0	100%	100%									
9													0	100%	100%									
10													0	100%	100%									
11													0	100%	100%									
12													0	100%	100%									
13													0	100%	100%									
14													0	100%	100%									
15													0	100%	100%									
16													0	100%	100%									
17													0	100%	100%									
18													0	100%	100%									
19													0	100%	100%									
20													0	100%	100%									
21													0	100%	100%									
22													0	100%	100%									
23													0	100%	100%									
24													0	100%	100%									
25													0	100%	100%									
26													0	100%	100%									
27													0	100%	100%									
28													0	100%	100%									
29													0	100%	100%									
30													0	100%	100%									

Additional lines: Please mark complete lines above, copy and paste multiple times

Ventilation unit selection

Up to 10 different ventilation units are considered. By changing the amount, identical units can be considered. The data from PHI certified ventilation units as well as the entry data lines for user data for other ventilation units can also be found in the worksheet 'Components'. When choosing to use a compact unit the standard design in the 'Ventilation' worksheet has to be used.

[Go to ventilation units list](#)

Ventilation unit no. [-]	Quan- tity	Description of ventilation units	Selection of type of ventilation unit		Design vol. flow per unit m³/h	Application range for volume flow rate from m³/h to m³/h	Electrical efficiency	Pressure loss calculation			Application range per line Δp _{External} Pa	Subtraction Δp _{Intern} degree	Interior location (x)	Exterior location (x)	Heat recovery efficiency		Frost protection necessary	Subsoil HX		Frost protection (electr. / hydr.)			
			ODA-SUP	ETA-EHA				Additional Δp _{Intern} Pa	Unit	Effective [-]					Fro- st efficiency of heat recovery	Effec- tive heat recovery efficiency		Type perature °C	Limit temperature °C	Useful V _{SUP} kWh/a			
Change sorting type																							
1																					2-Elec.		0
2																					2-Elec.		0
3																					2-Elec.		0
4																					2-Elec.		0
5																					2-Elec.		0
6																					2-Elec.		0
7																					2-Elec.		0
8																					2-Elec.		0
9																					2-Elec.		0
10																					2-Elec.		0
Total (directly electric)																							
Total (hydraulic and heat generator)																							

Data entries for duct sections between the ventilation unit and the thermal envelope

The duct sections between the ventilation unit and the thermal envelope should be as short as possible and should be well insulated, whether the ventilation unit is located indoors or outdoors. The dimensions of these duct sections can be entered here. The heat losses of the overlying duct sections will be considered for the effective heat recovery efficiency.

One section of a duct entered here may also be used for multiple ventilation units.

If in the section "Ventilation unit - selection" (above) a ventilation unit is selected as multiple units (amount larger than 1 for identical units), then the corresponding duct sections may simply be entered (duct sections for one ventilation unit).

Temperature of installation location (only enter when at least one unit is installed outside of the thermal envelope)

Quantity	Round duct ins. diameter mm	Rectangular duct		Insulation thickness mm	Thermal conductivity W/(m K)	Reflective insulation duct (x)	Duct transmittance W/(m K)	Length of supply air duct m	Outdoor or supply air duct (1)	Exhaust or extract air duct (1)	Duct type	Assignment to ventilation unit (enter 1 for the corresponding ventilation unit)											
		Width mm	Height mm									Vent. unit 1	Vent. unit 2	Vent. unit 3	Vent. unit 4	Vent. unit 5	Vent. unit 6	Vent. unit 7	Vent. unit 8	Vent. unit 9	Vent. unit 10		
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										
													0										

Additional lines: Please mark complete lines above, copy and paste multiple times

Specific energy for heating (annual method)

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Building assembly		Temperature zone	Area m ²	U-Value W/(m ² K)	Temp. factor f _t	G _t kWh/a	Per m ² of treated floor area
External wall - Ambient	A		2204,0	* 0,123	* 1,00	* 95,1	= 25774
External wall - Ground	B			*	* 0,23	=	7,76
Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	A		484,0	* 0,107	* 1,00	* 95,1	= 4930
Floor slab / Basement ceiling	B		484,0	* 1,402	* 0,23	* 95,1	= 14757
	A			*	* 1,00	=	
	A			*	* 0,75	=	
	X			*	* 1,00	=	
Windows	A		605,1	* 0,716	* 95,1	= 41198	12,41
Exterior door	A		2,0	* 5,000	* 1,00	* 95,1	= 951
Exterior TB (length/m)	A		208,0	* 0,000	* 1,00	* 95,1	= 0
Perimeter TB (length/m)	P			*	* 0,23	=	0,00
Ground TB (length/m)	B			*	* 0,23	=	0,00
Total of all building envelope areas			3779,1				kWh/(m ² a)
Transmission heat losses Q_T					Total	87610	26,4
Ventilation system: Effective air volume, V _v η_{eff} 78% Effective heat recovery efficiency Efficiency of subsoil heat exchanger Heat recovery efficiency of SHX η_{SHX} 0% $\eta_{\text{V,system}}$ 1/h η_{HR} 1/h $\eta_{\text{V,Res}}$ 1/h Energetically effective air changes nV 0,297 * (1 - 0,78) + 0,053 = 0,117 V _v m ³ η_{v} 1/h G _{Air} Wh/(m ² K) G _t kWh/a Per m ² of treated floor area Ventilation heat losses Q_V 8300,5 * 0,117 * 0,33 * 95,1 = 30527 9,2							
Reduction factor night/weekend Total heat losses Q_L (87610 + 30527) 1,0 = 118137 35,6							
Orientation of the area		Reduction factor See 'Windows' sheet	g-Value (perp. radiation)	Area m ²	Radiation HP kWh/(m ² a)		
North		0,49	* 0,47	* 116,45	* 131	= 3485	
East		0,48	* 0,35	* 157,96	* 257	= 6869	
South		0,40	* 0,42	* 118,94	* 421	= 8512	
West		0,44	* 0,46	* 211,79	* 277	= 11816	
Horizontal		0,00	* 0,00	* 0,00	* 346	= 0	
Available solar heat gains Q_S					Total	30683	9,2
Internal heat gains Q _I kh/d 0,024 * 233 * 2,70 * 3320,2 = 50192 15,1 Length heating period d/a Spec. power q _i W/m ² A _{TFA} m ² kWh/a Free heat Q _F Q _S + Q _I = 80876 24,4 Ratio of free heat to losses Q _F / Q _V = 0,68 Utilisation factor heat gains h _G (1 - (Q _F / Q _L) ⁵) / (1 - (Q _F / Q _L) ⁶) = 95% Heat gains Q_G η_G * Q _F = 76600 23,1							
Annual heating demand Q_H Q _L - Q _G = 41537 13 Limiting value 30 (Yes/No) Requirement met? Yes							

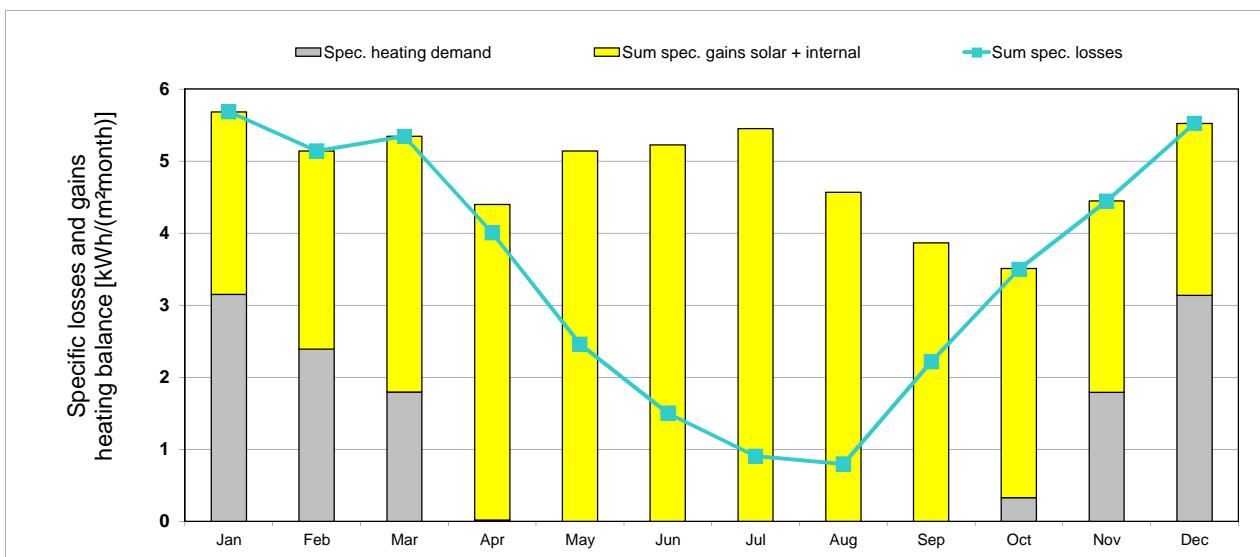
Specific energy for heating (monthly method)

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Interior temperature: 20 °C
 Building type: Block of flats
 Treated floor area A_{TFA}: 3320 m²

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
Heating degree hours - External	15,4	13,8	14,3	10,4	7,5	4,8	3,1	2,9	5,6	9,3	12,1	15,1	114
Heating degree hours - Ground	3,2	3,0	3,3	3,0	0,1	-0,3	-0,6	-0,7	1,9	2,2	2,4	2,9	20
Losses - Exterior	16712	15029	15513	11281	8100	5167	3390	3128	6073	10141	13115	16384	124033
Losses - Ground	2155	2037	2225	2007	66	-179	-387	-487	1277	1470	1647	1953	13784
Sum spec. losses	5,7	5,1	5,3	4,0	2,5	1,5	0,9	0,8	2,2	3,5	4,4	5,5	41,5
Solar gains - North	156	317	609	948	1386	1715	1707	1158	644	346	183	104	9273
Solar gains - East	310	612	1005	1939	2623	2954	2897	2006	1378	799	428	221	17172
Solar gains - South	588	954	1336	1928	2109	2000	2156	1831	1684	1204	811	440	17042
Solar gains - West	634	1121	1997	3001	3921	3839	4269	3205	2468	1421	868	449	27193
Solar gains - Horiz.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solar gains - Opaque	51	94	161	260	346	379	391	284	198	117	68	36	2385
Internal heat gains	6675	6029	6675	6460	6675	6460	6675	6675	6460	6675	6460	6675	78598
Sum spec. gains solar + internal	2,5	2,7	3,5	4,4	5,1	5,2	5,5	4,6	3,9	3,2	2,7	2,4	45,7
Utilisation factor	100%	100%	100%	91%	48%	29%	17%	17%	57%	100%	100%	100%	63%
Annual heating demand	10452	7939	5956	57	0	0	0	0	0	1089	5944	10412	41848
Spec. heating demand	3,1	2,4	1,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,3	1,8	3,1	12,6
													kWh/m ²



Annual heating demand: Comparison

Monthly method	(Heating)	41848 kWh/a	kWh/(m ² a) reference to treated floor area according to PHPP
Annual method	(Annual heating)	41537 kWh/a	kWh/(m ² a) reference to treated floor area according to PHPP

Summer ventilation

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Building volume:	8301	m ³
Max. indoor absolute humidity:	12	g/kg
Internal humidity sources:	78,74673704	g/(P*h)

Building type:	Block of flats
Heat recovery η _{HRV} :	78%
Energy recovery η _{ER} :	0%
Subsoil heat exchanger η _{SHX} :	0%

Results passive cooling

Frequency of overheating:	1,4%	at the overheating limit θ _{max} = 25 °C
max. humidity:	12,0	g/kg
Frequency of exceeded humidity:	0,1%	

Results active cooling

Useful cooling demand:	0,7	kWh/(m ² a)
Dehumidification demand:	0,0	kWh/(m ² a)
Frequency of exceeded humidity:	0,2%	

Summer basic ventilation to ensure adequate air quality

Air change rate via vent. system with supply air:	0,50	1/h	HRV/ERV in summer (check only one field)		
			None		
			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		
			Automatic bypass, controlled by temperature difference		
			<input type="checkbox"/>		
			Automatic bypass, controlled by enthalpy difference		
			<input type="checkbox"/>		
			Always		
Air change rate via extract air system:		1/h	Specific power consumption (for extract air system)	0,20	Wh/m ³
Window ventilation air change rate:	0,10	1/h			

Effective air change rate

	n _{V,system} 1/h	η _{SHX}	η _{HP}	n _{V,equi,fraction} 1/h
Exterior n _{V,e} without HR	0,500	*(1- 0%)	*(1- 0,78)	= 0,109
Ground n _{V,g} without HR	0,500	* 0%	* 0,78	= 0,500
	0,500	*	0%	= 0,000
	0,500	*	0%	= 0,000

Ventilation conductance

	V _V m ³	n _{V,equi,fraction} 1/h	c _{Air} Wh/(m ³ K)	
exterior H _{V,e} without HR	8301	* 0,109	* 0,33	= 298,8 W/K
ground H _{V,g} without HR	8301	* 0,500	* 0,33	= 1369,6 W/K
Infiltration, window, extract air system	8301	* 0,000	* 0,33	= 0,0 W/K
	8301	* 0,000	* 0,33	= 0,0 W/K
	8301	* 0,153	* 0,33	= 417,7 W/K

Additional summer ventilation for cooling

Additional ventilation regulation

Minimum acceptable indoor temp.

22,0 °C

Type of additional ventilation

Window night ventilation, manual	Night ventilation value	0,20	1/h	
Mechanical, automatically Controlled ventilation	Corresponding air change rate during operation, in addition to basic air change		1/h	Controlled by (please check)
	Specific power consumption		Wh/m ³	Temperature diff. Humidity diff. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Secondary calculation: Hygienic air change rate through window ventilation

Estimation for window air change rate to ensure sufficient air quality

Description						
Open duration [h/d]						
Climate boundary conditions						
Temperature diff interior - exterior						K
Wind velocity						m/s
Window group 1						
Quantity						m
Clear width						m
Clear height						m
Tilting window (check if appropriate)						
Opening width (for tilting windows)						m
Window group 2 (cross ventilation)						
Quantity						m
Clear width						m
Clear height						m
Tilting window (check if appropriate)						
Opening width (for tilting windows)						m
Difference in height to window 1						m
						Total
Result: Air change rate	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00 1/h

Secondary calculation: Additional night ventilation for cooling

Air change value during additional window night ventilation

Description						
Reduction factor						
Climate boundary conditions						
Temperature diff interior - exterior	1	1	1	1	1	K
Wind velocity	0	0	0	0	0	m/s
Window group 1						
Quantity						m
Clear width						m
Clear height						m
Tilting window (check if appropriate)						
Opening width (for tilting windows)						m
Window group 2 (cross ventilation)						
Quantity						m
Clear width						m
Clear height						m
Tilting window (check if appropriate)						
Opening width (for tilting windows)						m
Difference in height to window 1						m
						Total
Result: Night ventilation values	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00 1/h

Summer: Passive cooling

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Building type:	Block of flats	Treated floor area A _{TFA} :	3320,2	m ²						
Upper temperature limit:	25 °C	Building volume:	8301	m ³						
Nominal humidity:	12 g/kg	Internal humidity sources:	2,0	g/(m ² h)						
Spec. capacity:	204 Wh/(m ² K)									
Building assembly		Area	U-Value	Red. factor f _{r,Summer}	H _{Summer} heat conductance					
		m ²	W/(m ² K)							
External wall - Ambient	A	2204,0	* 0,123	* 1,00	= 271,0					
External wall - Ground	B		* 0,107	* 1,00	=					
Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	A	484,0	* 1,402	* 1,00	= 51,8					
Floor slab / Basement ceiling	B	484,0		* 1,00	= 678,6					
	A			* 1,00	=					
	A			* 0,75	=					
Windows	A	605,1	* 0,716	* 1,00	= 433,2					
Exterior door	A	2,0	* 5,000	* 1,00	= 10,0					
Exterior TB (length/m)	A	208,0	* 0,000	* 1,00	= 0,0					
Perimeter TB (length/m)	P			* 1,00	=					
Ground TB (length/m)	B			* 1,00	=					
Exterior thermal transmittance, H_{T,e}					766,1 W/K					
Ground thermal transmittance, H_{T,g}					678,6 W/K					
Summer ventilation from 'SummVent' worksheet										
Ventilation unit conductance		Ventilation parameter		Summer ventilation regulation						
exterior H _{V,e}	298,8 W/K	Temperature amplitude summer	8,2 K	HRV/ERV						
without HR	1369,6 W/K	Minimum acceptable indoor temperature	22,0 °C	x						
ground H _{V,g}	0,0 W/K	Heat capacity air	0,33 W/(m ² K)							
without HR	0,0 W/K	Supply air changes	0,50 1/h	Controlled by temperature						
Ventilation conductance, others		Outdoor air changes	0,15 1/h	Controlled by enthalpy						
exterior	417,7 W/K	Window night ventilation air change rate, manual @ 1K	0,20 1/h	Always						
		Air change rate due to mech. automatically controlled vent.	0,00 1/h							
		Specific power consumption for	0,00 Wh/m ³	Controlled by temperature						
		η _{HR}	78%	Controlled by humidity						
		η _{ERV}	0%							
		η _{SHX}	0%							
Orientation of the area	Angle factor Summer	Shading factor Summer	Shading dirt	g-Value (perp. radiation)	Area	Portion of glazing	Aperture			
North	0,9	*	0,85	*	0,47	*	116,5	*	71%	= 28,1
East	0,9	*	0,85	*	0,35	*	158,0	*	71%	= 28,4
South	0,9	*	0,79	*	0,42	*	118,9	*	71%	= 23,8
West	0,9	*	0,88	*	0,46	*	211,8	*	71%	= 52,0
Horizontal	0,9	*	1,00	*	0,00	*	0,0	*	0%	= 0,0
Sum opaque areas										4,4
										m ² /m ²
Solar aperture						Total	136,6		0,04	
Internal heat gains Q_i				Specif. power q _i W/m ²	A _{TFA} m ²				W	W/m ²
				4,2	*	3320	=	13789		4,2
Frequency of overheating h_{θ ≥ Jmax}				1,4%						
At the overheating limit θ _{max} = 25 °C										
If the "frequency over 25°C" exceeds 10%, additional measures to protect against the heat during the summer are necessary.										
Daily internal temperature stroke										
Transmission kWh/d	Ventilation kWh/d	Solar load kWh/d		1/k	Spec. capacity Wh/(m ² K)	A _{TFA} : m ²				
(75,4)	+ 236,5	+ 444,7) *	1000	/ (204) * 3320) = 1,1 K					

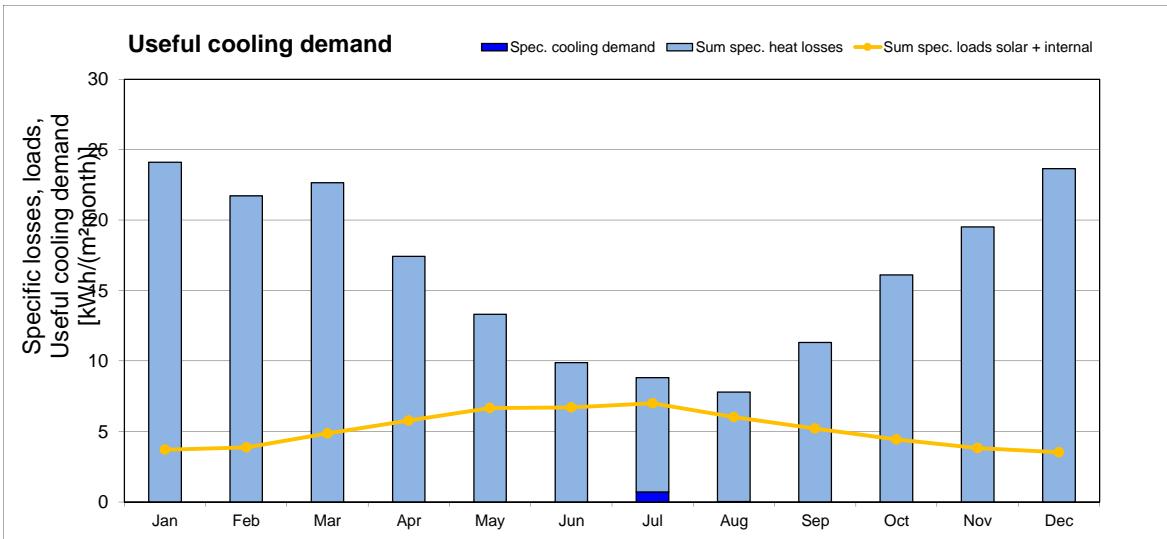
Cooling: energy value for useful cooling energy

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Interior Temperature:	25	°C
Building type:	Block of flats	
Treated Floor Area A _{TFA} :	3320	m ²

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
Heating degree hours - Exterior	19,1	17,2	18,0	14,0	11,2	8,4	6,9	6,7	9,2	13,1	15,7	18,8	159
Heating degree hours - Ground	6,9	6,4	7,0	6,6	3,8	3,3	3,1	3,0	5,5	5,9	6,0	6,6	64
Losses - Exterior	48527	43666	45691	35418	28242	21070	17204	16615	23242	33119	39785	47762	400340
Losses - Ground	4680	4317	4749	4450	2590	2264	2137	2037	3720	3995	4090	4477	43505
Losses summer ventilation	26836	24114	24791	17984	13392	9438	7563	7128	10642	16398	20924	26286	205495
Sum spec. heat losses	24,1	21,7	22,7	17,4	13,3	9,9	8,1	7,8	11,3	16,1	19,5	23,7	195,6
Solar load North	166	336	644	1004	1468	1816	1807	1227	682	366	194	110	9819
Solar load East	328	648	1064	2053	2778	3129	3068	2125	1459	846	454	234	18185
Solar load South	693	1123	1574	2271	2485	2356	2540	2157	1984	1419	956	518	20076
Solar load West	773	1368	2435	3661	4783	4683	5208	3909	3010	1733	1059	547	33170
Solar load Horiz.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Solar load Opaque	51	94	161	260	346	379	391	284	198	117	68	36	2385
Internal heat gains	10259	9266	10259	9928	10259	9928	10259	10259	9928	10259	9928	10259	120795
Sum spec. loads solar + internal	3,7	3,9	4,9	5,8	6,7	6,7	7,0	6,0	5,2	4,4	3,8	3,5	61,6
Utilisation factor losses	15%	18%	21%	33%	50%	68%	78%	77%	46%	28%	20%	15%	31%
Useful cooling energy demand	0	0	0	0	0	13	2366	69	0	0	0	0	2448
Spec. cooling demand	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,7	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,7
Specif. dehumidification demand	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Sensible fraction	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	99%



Cooling: energy value for useful cooling energy

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

The sum of the cooling periods calculated through the monthly method will be presented on this side.

Building type: Block of flats Interior temperature summer: 25 °C Nominal humidity: 12 g/kg Spec. capacity: 204 Wh/(m ² K)	Treated floor area A _{TFA} : 3320,2 m ² Building volume: 8301 m ³ Internal humidity sources: 2,0 g/(m ² h)																																																																																											
Building assembly <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>Temperature zone</th> <th>Area m²</th> <th>U-Value W/(m²K)</th> <th>Mon. red. fac.</th> <th>G_t kWh/a</th> <th>per m² treated floor area kWh/a</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>External wall - Ambient</td> <td>A</td> <td>2204,0</td> <td>* 0,123</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td>* 33</td> <td>= 9001</td> </tr> <tr> <td>External wall - Ground</td> <td>B</td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td></td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Roof/Ceiling - Ambient</td> <td>A</td> <td>484,0</td> <td>* 0,107</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td>* 33</td> <td>= 1722</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Floor slab / Basement ceiling</td> <td>B</td> <td>484,0</td> <td>* 1,402</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td>* 13</td> <td>= 9028</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>A</td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td></td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>A</td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td></td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>X</td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>* 0,75</td> <td></td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Windows</td> <td>A</td> <td>605,1</td> <td>* 0,716</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td>* 33</td> <td>= 14388</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Exterior door</td> <td>A</td> <td>2,0</td> <td>* 5,000</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td>* 33</td> <td>= 332</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Exterior TB (length/m)</td> <td>A</td> <td>208,0</td> <td>* 0,000</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td>* 33</td> <td>= 0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Perimeter TB (length/m)</td> <td>P</td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td></td> <td>=</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Ground TB (length/m)</td> <td>B</td> <td></td> <td>*</td> <td>* 1,00</td> <td></td> <td>=</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			Temperature zone	Area m ²	U-Value W/(m ² K)	Mon. red. fac.	G _t kWh/a	per m ² treated floor area kWh/a	External wall - Ambient	A	2204,0	* 0,123	* 1,00	* 33	= 9001	External wall - Ground	B		*	* 1,00		=	Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	A	484,0	* 0,107	* 1,00	* 33	= 1722	Floor slab / Basement ceiling	B	484,0	* 1,402	* 1,00	* 13	= 9028		A		*	* 1,00		=		A		*	* 1,00		=		X		*	* 0,75		=	Windows	A	605,1	* 0,716	* 1,00	* 33	= 14388	Exterior door	A	2,0	* 5,000	* 1,00	* 33	= 332	Exterior TB (length/m)	A	208,0	* 0,000	* 1,00	* 33	= 0	Perimeter TB (length/m)	P		*	* 1,00		=	Ground TB (length/m)	B		*	* 1,00		=
	Temperature zone	Area m ²	U-Value W/(m ² K)	Mon. red. fac.	G _t kWh/a	per m ² treated floor area kWh/a																																																																																						
External wall - Ambient	A	2204,0	* 0,123	* 1,00	* 33	= 9001																																																																																						
External wall - Ground	B		*	* 1,00		=																																																																																						
Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	A	484,0	* 0,107	* 1,00	* 33	= 1722																																																																																						
Floor slab / Basement ceiling	B	484,0	* 1,402	* 1,00	* 13	= 9028																																																																																						
	A		*	* 1,00		=																																																																																						
	A		*	* 1,00		=																																																																																						
	X		*	* 0,75		=																																																																																						
Windows	A	605,1	* 0,716	* 1,00	* 33	= 14388																																																																																						
Exterior door	A	2,0	* 5,000	* 1,00	* 33	= 332																																																																																						
Exterior TB (length/m)	A	208,0	* 0,000	* 1,00	* 33	= 0																																																																																						
Perimeter TB (length/m)	P		*	* 1,00		=																																																																																						
Ground TB (length/m)	B		*	* 1,00		=																																																																																						
Transmission losses Q_T (negative: heat loads) <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 80%;">Total 34470</td> <td style="width: 20%;">10,4</td> </tr> </table>		Total 34470	10,4																																																																																									
Total 34470	10,4																																																																																											
Summer ventilation from 'SummVent' worksheet																																																																																												
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%; vertical-align: top;"> Ventilation conductance, vent. unit exterior H_{v,e} 298,8 W/K without HR 1369,6 W/K ground H_{v,g} 0,0 W/K without HR 0,0 W/K Ventilation conductance, others exterior 417,7 W/K </td> <td style="width: 30%; vertical-align: top;"> Ventilation parameter Temperature amplitude summer 22,0 K Minimum acceptable indoor temperature 20,0 °C Heat capacity air 0,33 Wh/(m²K) Supply air changes 0,50 1/h Outdoor air changes 0,15 1/h Window night vent. air change rate, manual @ 1K 0,20 1/h Air changes rate due to mech., autom. controlled vent. 0,00 1/h Specific power consumption for 0,00 Wh/m³ η_{HR} 78% η_{ERV} 0% η_{SHX} 0% </td> <td style="width: 40%; vertical-align: top;"> Summer ventilation regulation None x Controlled by temp. Controlled by enthalpy Always Additional ventilation Controlled by temp. Controlled by humidity x </td> </tr> </table>		Ventilation conductance, vent. unit exterior H _{v,e} 298,8 W/K without HR 1369,6 W/K ground H _{v,g} 0,0 W/K without HR 0,0 W/K Ventilation conductance, others exterior 417,7 W/K	Ventilation parameter Temperature amplitude summer 22,0 K Minimum acceptable indoor temperature 20,0 °C Heat capacity air 0,33 Wh/(m ² K) Supply air changes 0,50 1/h Outdoor air changes 0,15 1/h Window night vent. air change rate, manual @ 1K 0,20 1/h Air changes rate due to mech., autom. controlled vent. 0,00 1/h Specific power consumption for 0,00 Wh/m ³ η_{HR} 78% η_{ERV} 0% η_{SHX} 0%	Summer ventilation regulation None x Controlled by temp. Controlled by enthalpy Always Additional ventilation Controlled by temp. Controlled by humidity x																																																																																								
Ventilation conductance, vent. unit exterior H _{v,e} 298,8 W/K without HR 1369,6 W/K ground H _{v,g} 0,0 W/K without HR 0,0 W/K Ventilation conductance, others exterior 417,7 W/K	Ventilation parameter Temperature amplitude summer 22,0 K Minimum acceptable indoor temperature 20,0 °C Heat capacity air 0,33 Wh/(m ² K) Supply air changes 0,50 1/h Outdoor air changes 0,15 1/h Window night vent. air change rate, manual @ 1K 0,20 1/h Air changes rate due to mech., autom. controlled vent. 0,00 1/h Specific power consumption for 0,00 Wh/m ³ η_{HR} 78% η_{ERV} 0% η_{SHX} 0%	Summer ventilation regulation None x Controlled by temp. Controlled by enthalpy Always Additional ventilation Controlled by temp. Controlled by humidity x																																																																																										
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> Hygienic air change Effective air change rate Ambient n_{v,e} 0,500 1/h Effective air change rate Ground n_{v,g} 0,500 1/h </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> $n_{V,system}$ 0,500 1/h * (1- 0%) * (1- 0,00) + 0,153 = 0,653 1/h </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> η_{SHX} 0% *(1- 0%) * (1- 0,00) = 0,000 1/h </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> η_{HR} 0,00 (considers bypass) + 0,153 = 0,153 1/h </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> $n_{V,Rest}$ 0,153 1/h </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> $n_{V,equi,fraction}$ 0,653 1/h </td> </tr> </table>		Hygienic air change Effective air change rate Ambient n _{v,e} 0,500 1/h Effective air change rate Ground n _{v,g} 0,500 1/h	$n_{V,system}$ 0,500 1/h * (1- 0%) * (1- 0,00) + 0,153 = 0,653 1/h	η_{SHX} 0% *(1- 0%) * (1- 0,00) = 0,000 1/h	η_{HR} 0,00 (considers bypass) + 0,153 = 0,153 1/h	$n_{V,Rest}$ 0,153 1/h	$n_{V,equi,fraction}$ 0,653 1/h																																																																																					
Hygienic air change Effective air change rate Ambient n _{v,e} 0,500 1/h Effective air change rate Ground n _{v,g} 0,500 1/h	$n_{V,system}$ 0,500 1/h * (1- 0%) * (1- 0,00) + 0,153 = 0,653 1/h	η_{SHX} 0% *(1- 0%) * (1- 0,00) = 0,000 1/h	η_{HR} 0,00 (considers bypass) + 0,153 = 0,153 1/h	$n_{V,Rest}$ 0,153 1/h	$n_{V,equi,fraction}$ 0,653 1/h																																																																																							
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> Ventilation losses ambient Q_V Ventilation losses ground Q_{V,e} Heat losses summer ventilation </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> V_V 8301 m³ * 0,653 1/h </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> $n_{V,equi,fraction}$ 0,000 1/h * 0,33 </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> c_{Air} 0,33 Wh/(m²K) * 32 kWh/a </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> G_t 0,0 kWh/a * 57687 kWh/a </td> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> kWh/m^2a 0,0 17,4 </td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0 0,0 11,3</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: right;"> Total 95208 28,7 </td> </tr> </table>		Ventilation losses ambient Q_V Ventilation losses ground Q_{V,e} Heat losses summer ventilation	V_V 8301 m ³ * 0,653 1/h	$n_{V,equi,fraction}$ 0,000 1/h * 0,33	c_{Air} 0,33 Wh/(m ² K) * 32 kWh/a	G_t 0,0 kWh/a * 57687 kWh/a	kWh/m^2a 0,0 17,4												0 0,0 11,3	Total 95208 28,7																																																																								
Ventilation losses ambient Q_V Ventilation losses ground Q_{V,e} Heat losses summer ventilation	V_V 8301 m ³ * 0,653 1/h	$n_{V,equi,fraction}$ 0,000 1/h * 0,33	c_{Air} 0,33 Wh/(m ² K) * 32 kWh/a	G_t 0,0 kWh/a * 57687 kWh/a	kWh/m^2a 0,0 17,4																																																																																							
					0 0,0 11,3																																																																																							
Total 95208 28,7																																																																																												
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%; vertical-align: top;"> Total heat losses Q_L </td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;"> Q_T 34470 kWh/a </td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;"> Q_V 95208 kWh/a </td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;"> Q_L 129678 kWh/a </td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;"> kWh/(m²a) 39,1 </td> </tr> </table>		Total heat losses Q_L	Q_T 34470 kWh/a	Q_V 95208 kWh/a	Q_L 129678 kWh/a	kWh/(m²a) 39,1																																																																																						
Total heat losses Q_L	Q_T 34470 kWh/a	Q_V 95208 kWh/a	Q_L 129678 kWh/a	kWh/(m²a) 39,1																																																																																								
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%; vertical-align: top;"> Orientation of the area </td> <td style="width: 30%; vertical-align: top;"> Reduction factor </td> <td style="width: 40%; vertical-align: top;"> g-Value (perp. radiation) </td> </tr> <tr> <td>North</td> <td>0,52</td> <td>* 0,47</td> </tr> <tr> <td>East</td> <td>0,51</td> <td>* 0,35</td> </tr> <tr> <td>South</td> <td>0,48</td> <td>* 0,42</td> </tr> <tr> <td>West</td> <td>0,54</td> <td>* 0,46</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Horizontal</td> <td>0,40</td> <td>* 0,00</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sum opaque areas</td> <td></td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: right;"> m^2 116,5 * 225 kWh/(m²a) = 6317 kWh/a </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: right;"> m^2 158,0 * 391 kWh/(m²a) = 11099 kWh/a </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: right;"> m^2 118,9 * 400 kWh/(m²a) = 9538 kWh/a </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: right;"> m^2 211,8 * 358 kWh/(m²a) = 18583 kWh/a </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: right;"> m^2 0,0 * 598 kWh/(m²a) = 0 kWh/a </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: right;"> m^2 41 * 598 kWh/(m²a) = 1400 kWh/a </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="3" style="text-align: right;"> Total 46938 14,1 </td> </tr> </table>		Orientation of the area	Reduction factor	g-Value (perp. radiation)	North	0,52	* 0,47	East	0,51	* 0,35	South	0,48	* 0,42	West	0,54	* 0,46	Horizontal	0,40	* 0,00	Sum opaque areas			m^2 116,5 * 225 kWh/(m ² a) = 6317 kWh/a			m^2 158,0 * 391 kWh/(m ² a) = 11099 kWh/a			m^2 118,9 * 400 kWh/(m ² a) = 9538 kWh/a			m^2 211,8 * 358 kWh/(m ² a) = 18583 kWh/a			m^2 0,0 * 598 kWh/(m ² a) = 0 kWh/a			m^2 41 * 598 kWh/(m ² a) = 1400 kWh/a			Total 46938 14,1																																																			
Orientation of the area	Reduction factor	g-Value (perp. radiation)																																																																																										
North	0,52	* 0,47																																																																																										
East	0,51	* 0,35																																																																																										
South	0,48	* 0,42																																																																																										
West	0,54	* 0,46																																																																																										
Horizontal	0,40	* 0,00																																																																																										
Sum opaque areas																																																																																												
m^2 116,5 * 225 kWh/(m ² a) = 6317 kWh/a																																																																																												
m^2 158,0 * 391 kWh/(m ² a) = 11099 kWh/a																																																																																												
m^2 118,9 * 400 kWh/(m ² a) = 9538 kWh/a																																																																																												
m^2 211,8 * 358 kWh/(m ² a) = 18583 kWh/a																																																																																												
m^2 0,0 * 598 kWh/(m ² a) = 0 kWh/a																																																																																												
m^2 41 * 598 kWh/(m ² a) = 1400 kWh/a																																																																																												
Total 46938 14,1																																																																																												
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 40%; vertical-align: top;"> Internal heat gains Q_I </td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;"> kh/d 0,024 </td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;"> $Length\ heat\ period$ 123 d/a </td> <td style="width: 20%; text-align: center;"> $Spec.\ power\ q_I$ 4,2 W/m² </td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>* 3320,2 m² = 40706 kWh/a 12,3 kWh/(m²a) </td> </tr> </table>		Internal heat gains Q_I	kh/d 0,024	$Length\ heat\ period$ 123 d/a	$Spec.\ power\ q_I$ 4,2 W/m ²				* 3320,2 m ² = 40706 kWh/a 12,3 kWh/(m ² a)																																																																																			
Internal heat gains Q_I	kh/d 0,024	$Length\ heat\ period$ 123 d/a	$Spec.\ power\ q_I$ 4,2 W/m ²																																																																																									
			* 3320,2 m ² = 40706 kWh/a 12,3 kWh/(m ² a)																																																																																									
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;"> Sum heat loads Q_F </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> Q_S + Q_I = 87644 kWh/a </td> <td style="text-align: center;"> 26,4 kWh/(m²a) </td> </tr> </table>		Sum heat loads Q_F		Q_S + Q_I = 87644 kWh/a	26,4 kWh/(m ² a)																																																																																							
Sum heat loads Q_F		Q_S + Q_I = 87644 kWh/a	26,4 kWh/(m ² a)																																																																																									
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%; vertical-align: top;"> Ratio of losses to free heat gains Q_L / Q_F = 1,48 </td> <td style="width: 40%; vertical-align: top;"> Utilisation factor heat losses η_G = 66% kWh/a </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;"> $= \frac{66}{kWh/a}$ </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;"> $\eta_G * Q_L = 85195$ kWh/(m²a) 25,7 </td> </tr> </table>		Ratio of losses to free heat gains Q_L / Q_F = 1,48	Utilisation factor heat losses η_G = 66% kWh/a	$= \frac{66}{kWh/a}$		$\eta_G * Q_L = 85195$ kWh/(m ² a) 25,7																																																																																						
Ratio of losses to free heat gains Q_L / Q_F = 1,48	Utilisation factor heat losses η_G = 66% kWh/a																																																																																											
$= \frac{66}{kWh/a}$																																																																																												
$\eta_G * Q_L = 85195$ kWh/(m ² a) 25,7																																																																																												
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 60%; vertical-align: top;"> Useful cooling demand Q_K </td> <td style="width: 40%; vertical-align: top;"> $Q_F - Q_{V,n}$ = 2448 kWh/a </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;"> 1 kWh/(m²a) </td> </tr> </table>		Useful cooling demand Q_K	$Q_F - Q_{V,n}$ = 2448 kWh/a	1 kWh/(m ² a)																																																																																								
Useful cooling demand Q_K	$Q_F - Q_{V,n}$ = 2448 kWh/a																																																																																											
1 kWh/(m ² a)																																																																																												
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;"> Recommended maximum value </td> <td style="width: 50%; text-align: center;"> 15 kWh/(m²a) </td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;"> Requirement met? Yes </td> </tr> </table>		Recommended maximum value	15 kWh/(m ² a)	Requirement met? Yes																																																																																								
Recommended maximum value	15 kWh/(m ² a)																																																																																											
Requirement met? Yes																																																																																												

Compressor - cooling units

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

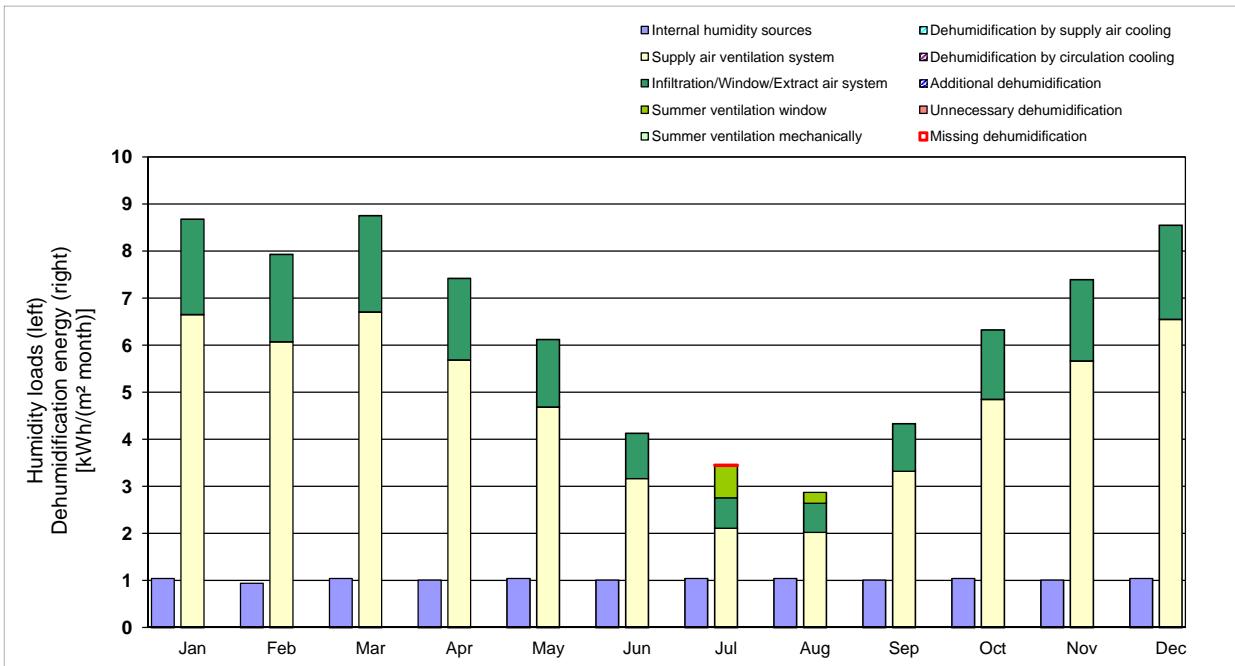
Building type:	Block of flats	Treated floor area A _{TFA} :	3320,2	m ²	
Interior temperature summer:	25,0	°C			
Nominal humidity:	12,0	g/kg	Mechanical cooling:	0,5	
Internal humidity sources:	2,0	g/(m ² h)	Air change rate via ventilation system with supply air:		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Supply air cooling					
check as appropriate					
On/Off mode (check as appropriate)					
Max. cooling capacity (sensible + latent)					
Temperature reduction dry					
Seasonal energy efficiency ratio					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Recirculation cooling					
check as appropriate					
On/Off mode (check as appropriate)					
Max. cooling capacity (sensible + latent)					
Volume flow rate at nominal power					
Temperature reduction dry					
Variable air volume (check if appropriate)					
Seasonal energy efficiency ratio					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Additional dehumidification					
check as appropriate					
Waste heat to room (please check if applicable)					
Seasonal energy efficiency ratio					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Panel cooling					
check as appropriate					
Seasonal energy efficiency ratio					
Useful cooling total	Sensible kWh/(m ² a)	Latent kWh/(m ² a)	COP	Electricity demand (kWh/a) kWh/(m ² a)	Sensible fraction
Cooling contribution by:	0,7	0,0			99%
Supply air cooling	(+	0,0	=	
Recirculation cooling		+	0,0	=	
Dehumidification		/	0,0	=	
Remaining for panel cooling		/	0,0	=	0%
Cooling distribution		/	0,0	=	100%
 					100%
Total	(0,0	+ 0,0) /	= 0,0	0%
 Unsatisfied demand				(Yes/No)	
			Cooling demand covered?		

Compressor - cooling units

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Humidity loads and humidity removal

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year
Internal humidity sources	1,0	0,9	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	12
Infiltration/Window/Extract air system	-2,0	-1,9	-2,0	-1,7	-1,4	-1,0	-0,6	-0,6	-1,0	-1,5	-1,7	-2,0	-18
Supply air ventilation system	-6,7	-6,1	-6,7	-5,7	-4,7	-3,2	-2,1	-2,0	-3,3	-4,8	-5,7	-6,6	-58
Summer ventilation window	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	-0,7	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	-1
Summer ventilation mechanically	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
Total humidity load	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
Dehumidification by supply air cooling	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
Dehumidification by circulation cooling	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
Additional dehumidification	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
Total dehumidification	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
Unnecessary dehumidification	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0
Missing dehumidification	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0



Cooling load

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Building type: Block of flats		Treated floor area A _{TFA}	3320,2	m ²	Spec. capacity:	204	Wh/(m ²)
		Building volume:	8301	m ³	Nominal humidity:	12,0	g/kg
		Interior temperature:	25	°C	Internal humidity sources:	2,0	g/kg
Temperature:	Outdoor air	Dew point	Sky	Radiation:	North	East	South
Weather 1:	23,0 °C	16,1 °C	13,3 °C	64	155	187	151
Weather 2:	23,0 °C	16,1 °C	16,1 °C	64	155	187	217
Ground design temp.:	21,0 °C	SHX	8,1 °C	West	Horizontal		
Building assembly		Area	U-value	Factor	TempDiff 1	TempDiff 2	P _T 1
		m ²	W/(m ² K)	always 1 (except "x")	K	K	W
External wall - Ambient	A	2204,0	* 0,123	*	-2,0	=	-532
External wall - Ground	B		*	1,00	-4,0	=	or
Roof/Ceiling - Ambient	A	484,0	* 0,107	*	-2,0	=	-102
Floor slab / Basement ceiling	B	484,0	* 1,402	*	-4,0	=	-2738
	A			*	-2,0	=	or
	A			*	-2,0	=	or
	X			*	-2,0	=	or
Windows	A	605,1	* 0,716	*	-2,0	=	-850
Exterior door	A	2,0	* 5,000	*	-2,0	=	-20
Exterior TB (length/m)	A	208,0	* 0,000	*	-2,0	=	0
Perimeter TB (length/m)	P		*	1,00	-4,0	=	or
Ground TB (length/m)	B		*	1,00	-4,0	=	or
Building element towards neighbour	I		*	1,00	3,0	=	or
Radiation correction outdoor air	L _{Ambient} W/K	-28,2	*	-2,0	-2,0	=	55
Radiation correction sky	L _{Sky} W/K	26,4	*	-11,7	-8,9	=	-309
Transmission heat load P _T		Total	=	4494	or	4420	
V _V	V _V ,equi,fraction	V _V ,equi,fraction	c _{Air}	TempDiff 1	TempDiff 2	P _V 1	P _V 2
m ³	1/h	1/h	Wh/(m ² K)	K	K	W	W
Exterior P _{V,o}	8301	* 0,653	or 0,653	*	0,33	* -2,0	= -3507
Ground P _e	8301	* 0,000	or 0,000	*	0,33	* -16,9	= 0
Summer ventilation P _{Ls}	8301	* 0,203	or 0,203	*	0,33	* -4,6	= -2545
Ventilation heat load P _V		Total	=	6052	or	6052	
Orientation of the area	Area	g-value	Reduction factor	Radiation 1	Radiation 2	P _T 1	P _T 2
	m ²	(perp. radiation)	(see 'Windows' worksheet)	W/m ²	W/m ²	W	W
North	116,5	* 0,5	*	66	66	= 1851	or 1851
East	158,0	* 0,4	*	145	149	= 4231	or 4231
South	118,9	* 0,4	*	186	186	= 4438	or 4438
West	211,8	* 0,5	*	144	144	= 7495	or 7495
Horizontal	0,0	* 0,0	*	217	217	= 0	or 0
Sum opaque areas						513	or 513
Solar load P _S		Total	=	18528	or	18528	
Internal heating load P _I		Spec. power	A _{TFA}	P _I 1	P _I 2		
		W/m ²	m ²	W	W		
		4,2 *	3320	= 13789	or 13789		
P _T + P _V + P _S + P _I		=	21771	or	21845		
Cooling load P _C		=	21845	W			
Area specific cooling load P _C / A _{TFA}		=	6,6	W/m ²			
Please enter the minimum supply air temperature.		°C	Supply air temperature without cooling	t _{Supply,Min}	°C	°C	
				23,0	23,0		
For comparison: cooling load, transportable through the supply air P _{Supply;Max}		=	31552	W/m ²	31552		
				W/m ²	W/m ²		
				9,5	9,5		
(yes/no)		Air conditioning over the supply air possible?					
Daily internal temperature stroke							
Transmission	Ventilation	Solar load	Time	Spec. capacity	A _{TFA}		
w	w	w	h/d	Wh/(m ² K)	m ²		
(-4420,5	+ -6051,6	+ 18527,7	) *	24	/ (204 *	) = 0,3 K	
Dehumidific. load		from 'Cooling' worksheet					
Absolute humidity exterior air	11,4	or 11,4	g/kg	Absolute humid. supply air	11,4	g/kg	
Outdoor air mass flow	1494	or 1494	kg/h	Supply air mass flow	4897	kg/h	
Summer vent. air mass flow	2094	or 2094	kg/h	Humid. load, supply air	-2734	g/h	
Humidity load, outdoor air	-2003	or -2003	g/h	Humidity load, internal	6572	g/h	
Enthalpy of evaporation							
Wh/kg	707,639	/	1000	g/kg			
Humidity load							
g/h	1834	or	1834	g/h			
P _D 1							
w	1298	or	1298	w			
Dehumidification load P _D		=	1298	W			
Area specific dehumidification load P _D / A _{TFA}		=	0,4	W/m ²			
Monthly average values							
Specific cooling demand	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	kWh/m ²	
Specific dehumidification demand	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	kWh/m ²	
Sensible fraction	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Minimum of sensible cooling load fraction occurred					100%		

Heat distribution and domestic hot water (DHW) system

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Interior temperature:	20 °C	Interior temperature summer:	25 °C
Building type:	Block of flats		
Treated floor area A _{TFA} :	3320 m ²		
Occupancy:	83,5 Pers		
Number of dwelling units:	40		
Annual heating demand Q _{heating} :	41848 kWh/a		
Length of heating period:	233 d		
Average heating load P _{ave} :	7,5 kW		
Marginal utility of additional heat gains:	76%		

Space heat distribution

Length of distribution pipes	L _H	m	1800,0	1	2	3	4	5
Nominal width of pipe		mm	32					
Insulation thickness		mm	25					
Insulation reflective coating?								
Thermal conductivity of insulation		W/(mK)	0,040					
Heat loss coefficient per m of insulated pipe		W/(mK)	0,242					
Insulation quality of mountings, pipe suspensions, etc.		-	1-None	1-None	1-None	1-None	1-None	
Thermal bridge supplement		W/K	272,000					
Total heating loss coefficient per m of pipe	Ψ	W/(mK)	0,393					

Temp. of the room through which the pipes pass	θ _X	°C	20	20	20	20	20	
Design forward flow temperature	θ _V	°C	55,0	55,0	55,0	55,0	55,0	
Design system heating load	P _{heating}	kW	110,0	110,0	110,0	110,0	110,0	
Forward flow temperature control ('x' if applicable)			x	x	x	x	x	
Design return flow temperature	θ _R	°C	45,0					
Annual heat emission per m of plumbing	q ⁺ _{HL}	kWh/(m·a)	9					
Possible utilisation factor of released heat	η _G	-	76%					
Annual heat losses of heating distribution	Q _{HL}	kWh/a	3774					

Annual heat losses of heating storage	kWh/a							
Annual heat losses of heating	kWh/a							
Performance ratio of heat distribution	ea _{HL}	-						

Inside thermal envelope				
1	2	3	4	5
1800,0				
32				
25				
0,040				
0,242				
1-None	1-None	1-None	1-None	1-None
272,000				
0,393				

Outside thermal envelope				
1	2	3	4	5
50,000	50,000			
1-None	1-None	1-None	1-None	1-None
55,0	55,0	55,0	55,0	55,0
110,0	110,0	110,0	110,0	110,0
x	x	x	x	x

Total values	
Absolute	Specific
kWh/a	kWh/(m ² a)
3774	1,1
0	0,0
3774	1,1
109%	

DHW useful heat

DHW demand for showers, per person and day (with 60°C)	litre/person/d	20,0	
DHW demand others, per person and day (with 60°C)	litre/person/d	0,0	
Performance of shower drain-water heat recovery	-	0%	
Effective DHW demand	V _{DHW}	litre/person/d	20
Average cold water temperature of the supply	θ _{TW}	°C	8,1
DHW demand for washing machines and dishwashers non-elect	kWh/a		0
Effective useful heat DHW	Q _{DHW}	kWh/a	36645
		kWh/a	36645
		kWh/(m ² a)	11,0

Auxiliary calculation - DHW demand calculation (for non-res)

Auxiliary calculation - shower drain-water heat recovery

DHW distribution

Temp. of room through which the pipes pass
Design forward flow temperature

ϑ_X
 ϑ_{dist}

DHW circulation pipes

Length of circulation pipes (forward + return flow)
Nominal width of pipe
Insulation thickness
Insulation reflective coating?
Thermal conductivity of insulation
Heat loss coefficient per m of insulated pipe
Insulation quality of mountings, pipe suspensions, etc.
Thermal bridge supplement
Total heating loss coefficient per m of pipe

L_{HS}

Ψ

DHW individual pipes

Exterior pipe diameter
Accumulated length per single pipes
Amount of tapping points in building
Average pipe length per tapping point
Tap openings per person per day
Utilisation days per year
Heat loss per tap opening
Amount of tap openings per year and person
Annual heat loss of individual pipes

$d_{U,Pipe}$

L_U
 $n_{tapping\ point}$

$L_{U,average}$

$q_{Individual}$

kWh/tap opening

n_{Tap}

Q_U

Total heat losses of DHW distribution

Q_{WL}

Performance ratio of DHW distribution pipes

ea_{HL}

-

Inside thermal envelope				
1	2	3	4	5
20,0	20,0	20,0	20,0	20,0
60,0	60,0	60,0	60,0	60,0

°C	1	2	3	4	5
°C	20,0	20,0	20,0	20,0	20,0
	60,0	60,0	60,0	60,0	60,0

Outside thermal envelope				
1	2	3	4	5
60,0	60,0	60,0	60,0	60,0

1	2	3	4	5
60,0	60,0	60,0	60,0	60,0
50,000	50,000			
1-None	1-None	1-None	1-None	1-None

Total values	
Absolute	Specific
39308	11,8

kWh/a	kWh/(m²a)
39308	11,8
kWh/a	kWh/(m²a)
20	0,0
39328	11,8
207%	

Storage heat losses

	Storage 1	Storage 2	Buffer storage tank (only heating)	Compact unit
Selection of storage tank	0-No storage tank	0-No storage tank	0-No storage tank	0-No
Storage necessary for HP				
Solar DHW connection				
Heat loss rate				
Storage volume		3,0		
Standby fraction				---
Location of storage tank, inside or outside of thermal envelope	2-Outside	1-Inside	2-Outside	
Temperature of mechanical room	°C			
Typical storage tank temperature	°C			
Manual entry of storage temperature	°C			
Average standby heat losses storage tank	W			
Additional heat losses storage tank, solar operation	W			
Possibly utilisation factor of heat losses	---		---	---
Annual heat losses DHW storage tank	kWh/a		---	---
Annual heat losses buffer storage tank		---	---	---
Auxiliary calculation - heat losses through storage tank according to EU efficiency classes				

Total energy demand of domestic hot water

Heat losses of DHW distribution and storage	Q _{WL}	kWh/a	39328	kWh/(m²a)	11,8
Performance ratio DHW-distribution + storage	e _{b,WL}		207%		
Total heating demand of DHW system		kWh/a	75973	kWh/(m²a)	22,9
Including storage tank	Q _{gDHW}				

Cooling distribution

Length of distribution pipes	L_H	m					
Nominal width of pipe		mm					
Insulation thickness		mm					
Insulation reflective coating?		-					
Thermal conductivity of insulation		W/(mK)					
Heat loss coefficient per m pipe	Ψ	W/(mK)					
Temp. of room through which the pipes pass	ϑ_X	°C	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0
Design forward flow temperature	ϑ_V	°C	6,0	6,0	6,0	6,0	6,0
Dimensioning of cooling load of the system	$P_{heating}$	kW					
Forward flow temperature control ('x' if applicable)		-					
Design return flow temperature	ϑ_R	°C					
Annual heat absorption per m of pipe	q_{HL}^*	kWh/(m·a)					
Possibly utilisation factor of this heat absorption	η_G	-					
Annual heat losses of cooling distribution	Q_{HL}	kWh/a					
Performance ratio cold water distribution pipes	ea_{HL}	-					

Inside thermal envelope					
1	2	3	4	5	

Outside thermal envelope					
1	2	3	4	5	

Total values	
Absolute	Specific
kWh/a	kWh/(m²a)
0	0,0
100%	

Solar thermal system

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Building type:	Block of flats
Treated floor area A _{TFA} :	3320,2 m ²
Projected building footprint A _{Projected} :	511,0 m ²
Latitude ('Climate' worksheet)	57,8 °
DHW demand ('DHW+Distribution')	75973 kWh/a
Heating demand ('Heating' and 'DHW+Distribution' worksheets)	45622 kWh/a
Occupancy	83,5 Persons

Location: Selection in 'Areas' worksheet
 Size of selected area
 Free area (less solar thermal and electrical systems)
 Deviation from North
 Angle of inclination from the horizontal
 Alternative input: Deviation from North
 Alternative input: Angle of inclination from the horizontal

	m ²
	m ²
	°
	°
	°
	°
	°
	°

Collector

Heating support (please check, if applicable)
 DHW priority (check if appropriate)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Solar collector area
 Specific collector area
 Height of the collector field
 Height of horizon
 Horizontal distance
 Additional reduction factor shading

	m ²
0,0	m ² /Pers
	m
	m
	m
r _{other}	

Results

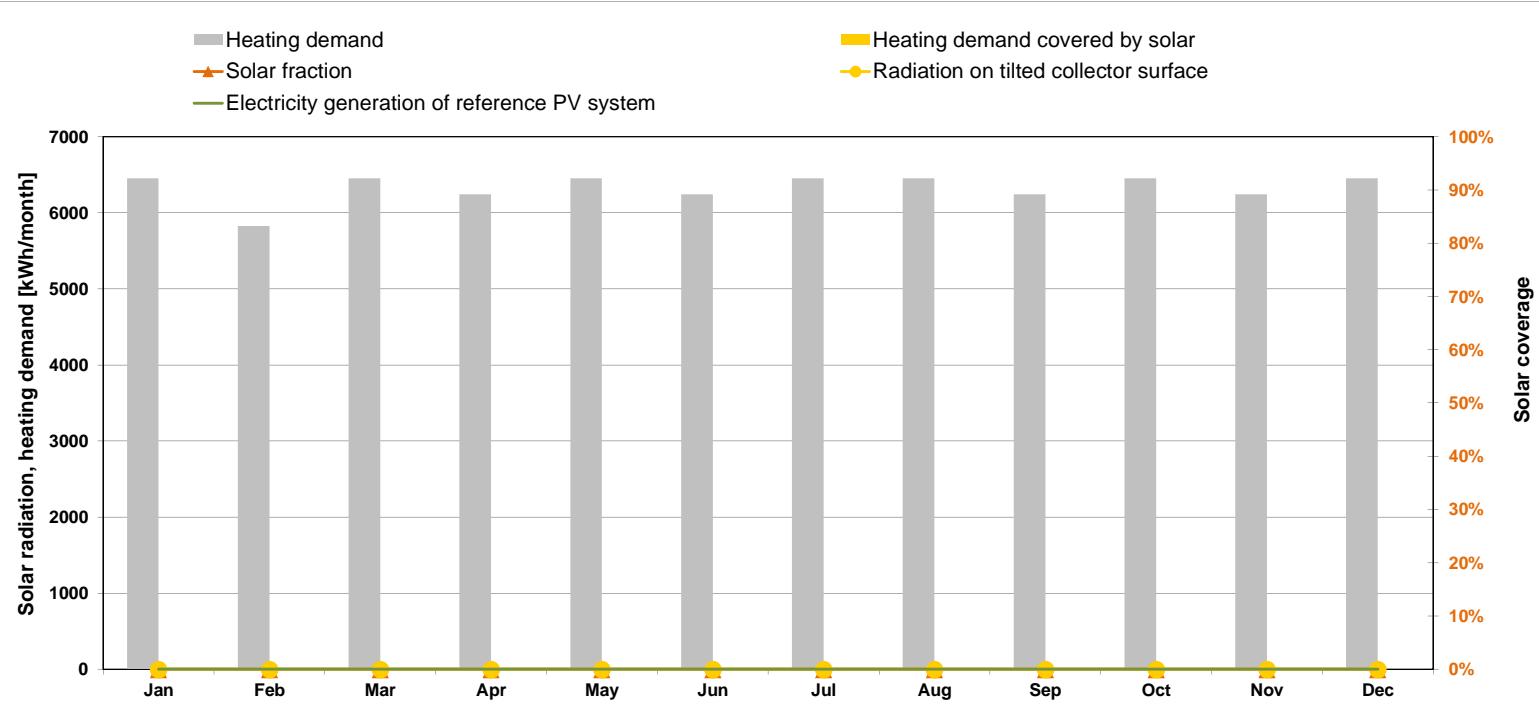
Solar contribution total
 Solar contribution to DHW
 Solar contribution to space heating

	Projected building footprint area		Absolute kWh/(m ² Projected*a)
		kWh/a	
Solar contribution total	0%	0,0	0
Solar contribution to DHW	0%	0,0	0
Solar contribution to space heating	0%	0,0	0

Determination of PER factors		
Yield reference PV syst.	PER _{el}	PER _{sol.therm}
kWh _{el} /a	kWh _{prim-el} /kWh _{el}	kWh _{hp} *kWh _{prim} /kWh _{el}
		1,25
		1,55

1-CO₂ factors GEMIS (Germany)

kgCO ₂ eq/ m ² Projected*a	kgCO ₂ eq/a



	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Year	
Heating demand DHW-preparation	6453	5828	6453	6244	6453	6244	6453	6453	6244	6453	6244	6453	75973	kWh/month
Space heating demand	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	kWh/month
Heating demand	6453	5828	6453	6244	6453	6244	6453	6453	6244	6453	6244	6453	75973	kWh/month
Radiation on tilted collector surface	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	kWh/month
Please enter: Solar production for DHW													0	kWh/month
Please enter: Solar production for heating													0	kWh/month
DHW heating demand covered by solar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	kWh/month
Space heating demand covered by solar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	kWh/month
Heating demand covered by solar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	kWh/month
Solar fraction	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	-
Electricity generation of reference PV system														kWh/month

Photovoltaic systems

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12.6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66.6 kWh/(m²a)

Climate data set: SE0003a-Göteborg

Building type: Block of flats

Projected building footprint: 511,0 m²

Name of system

Location: Selection in 'Areas' worksheet

Size of selected area

Deviation from North

Angle of inclination from horizontal

Alternative input: Deviation from North

Alternative input: Angle of inclination from the horizontal

System 1	System 2	System 3	System 4	System 5	Reference PV syst.
					m ²
					•
					•
					•
					•
					•

Information from the module data sheet

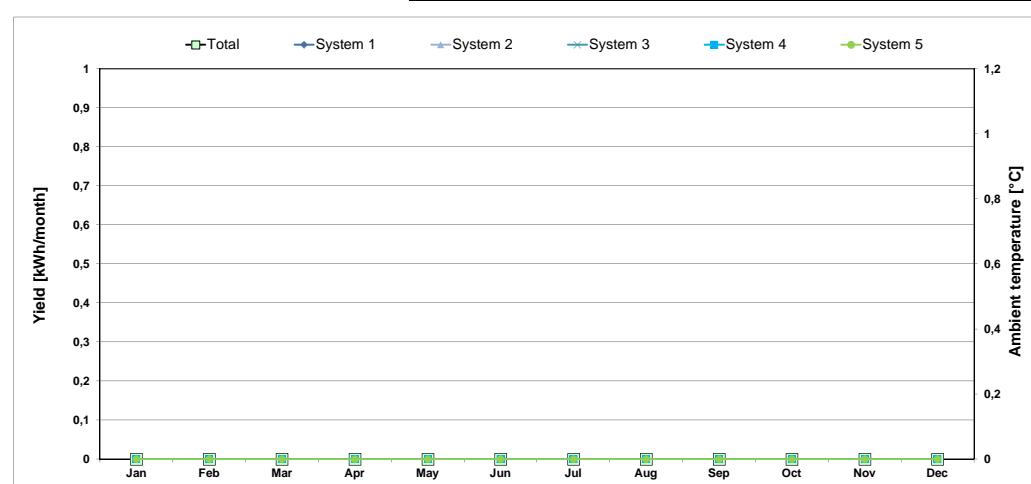
Technology	S-Poly-Si	S-Poly-Si	S-Poly-Si	S-Poly-Si	4-Mono-Si	
Nominal current	I _{MPP0}				7,71	A
Nominal voltage	U _{MPP0}				30,50	V
Nominal power	P _n	0	0	0	235	Wp
Temperature coefficient short-circuit current	α				0,040	%/K
Temperature coefficient open-circuit voltage	β				-0,340	%/K
Module dimensions: Height					1,658	m
Module dimensions: Width					0,994	m
					1,6	Module area [m ²]

Further specifications

Number of modules	n _M				
Height of module array					0,0
Height of horizon	h _{hor}				
Horizontal distance	a _{hor}				
Additional reduction factor shading	f _{shad}				
Efficiency of the inverter	η _{inv}				95%

Results

Area of module field	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	m ²
Free area on the selected building element						m ²
Allocation to building element						kWh
Annual losses due to shading						
						Total
						kWh/a
						kWh/m ² ·A _{proj}
	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	#DIV/0!
						kWh/a
						kWh _{proj} /kWh _i



Electricity demand for residential buildings

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Households			40	PER and PE factors (kWh/kWh)			Electricity: 1,25 2,6		Solar fraction of DHW Laundry&Dish				
Persons	83,5		Non-electric energy carrier for cooking, drying:	1,25	2,6	Marginal performance ratio DHW	0%						
Living area (m ²)	3320		Energy carrier for heating:	0,80	1,0	Marginal performance ratio Heating	0%						
Heating demand [kWh/(m ² a)]	12,6		Energy carrier for DHW:	0,83	0,7								
Column no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Application	Used ? (1/0)	Within the thermal envelope? (1/0)	Norm demand	Utilisation factor	Frequency	Reference quantity	Useful energy (kWh/a)	Electric fraction	Electricity demand (kWh/a)	Additional demand	Marginal performance ratio	Solar fraction	Non-electric demand (kWh/a)
Dishwashing	1	1	1,10 kWh/Use	* 1,00	* 65 /P*a	* 83,5 P	= 5967	100% 0%	5967	* (1+ 0,30) * 0,00 *(1-) =			
2-Cold water connection				* 1,00	* 57 /P*a	* 83,5 P	= 5233	100% 0%	5233	* (1+ 0,05) * 0,00 *(1-) =			
Clothes washing	1	1	1,10 kWh/Use	* 1,00	* 57 /P*a	* 83,5 P	= 14568	100% 0%	14568				
2-Cold water connection				* 0,88	* 57 /P*a	* 83,5 P	= 0	100% 0%					
Clothes drying with:	1	1	3,50 kWh/Use	* 0,60	* 57 /P*a	* 83,5 P	= 0	100% 0%					
4-Condensation dryer				* 0,60	* 365 d/a	* 40 HH	= 11388	100%	11388				
Energy consumed by evaporation	0	1	3,13 kWh/Use	* 1,00	* 365 d/a	* 40 HH	= 12848	100%	12848				
Refrigerating	1	1	0,78 kWh/d	* 1,00	* 365 d/a	* 40 HH	= 0	100%	0				
Freezing or combination	1	1	0,88 kWh/d	* 1,00	* 365 d/a	* 40 HH		100%	10432				
Cooking with:	0	1	1,00 kWh/Use	* 1,00	* 500 /P*a	* 83,5 P	= 10432	100% 0%					
1-Electricity				Average lamp efficiency [lm/W]									0
Lighting	1	1	60 W	12	* 1,00	* 83,5 P	= 14521	100%	14521				
Consumer electronics	1	1	80 W		* 1,00	* 83,5 P	= 3672	100%	3672				
Small appliances, etc.	1	1	50 kWh		* 1,00	* 83,5 P	= 4173	100%	4173				
Total aux. electricity							14913		14913				
Other:													
							0		0				
							0		0				
							0		0				
Total							97715 kWh		97715 kWh			DHW Non-Electric - Wash&Dish	
Specific demand												0	0
Recommended maximum value												29,4 kWh/(m ² a)	0,0 kWh/(m ² a)
												0,0	0,0
													0,0
													18

Use non-residential buildings

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Utilisation pattern	Latitude [°]: 58																			
	2	3	4	5	Begin utilisation [h]	End utilisation [h]	Daily utilisation hours [h/d]	Annual utilisation days [d/a]	Annual utilisation hours [h/a]	Annual utilisation hours during daytime [h/a]	Annual utilisation hours during night-time [h/a]	Daily operating hours of heating	Daily operating hours of ventilation	Lighting	Illumination level [lux]	Height of utilisation level (0.8 or 0.0 m)	Height of utilisation level (0.8 or 0.0 m)	Relative absenteeism	Part use factor of building operating period for lighting	Average occupancy (m ² /pers.)
1					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
2					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
3					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
4					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
5					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
6					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
7					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
8					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
9					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
10					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
11					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
12					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
13					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
14					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
15					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
16					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
17					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
18					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
19					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
20					0	0	0	0	0	2	2				0,8					
21 Single office	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				500	0,8	0,8	0,30	0,70	10,00			
22 Group office	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				500	0,8	0,8	0,30	0,70				
23 Open-plan office	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				500	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00	15,00			
24 Meeting	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				500	0,8	0,8	0,50	1,00	2,00			
25 Counter area	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				200	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00				
26 Retail	8	20	12	300	3600	2999	601	14				300	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00	7,00			
27 Classroom	8	15	7	200	1400	1398	2	9				300	0,8	0,8	0,25	0,90	2,00			
28 University auditorium	8	18	10	150	1500	1409	91	12				500	0,8	0,8	0,25	0,70	0,75			
29 Bedroom	0	24	24	365	8760	4407	4353	24				300	0,8	0,8	0,00	0,50				
30 Hotel room	21	8	11	365	4015	755	3260	24				200	0,8	0,8	0,25	0,30				
31 Canteen	8	15	7	250	1750	1748	2	9				200	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00				
32 Restaurant	10	0	14	300	4200	2404	1796	16				200	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00	1,50			
33 Kitchen non-residential	10	23	13	300	3900	2404	1496	15				500	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00				
34 Kitchen, Storage, Preparation	7	23	16	300	3900	2404	1496	15				300	0,8	0,8	0,50	1,00				
35 WC, Sanitary	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				200	0,8	0,8	0,90	1,00				
36 Other habitable rooms	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				300	0,8	0,8	0,50	1,00				
37 Secondary areas	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				100	0,8	0,8	0,90	1,00				
38 Circulation area	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				100	0,0	0,0	0,80	1,00				
39 Storage, Services	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	13				100	0,8	0,8	0,98	1,00				
40 Server room	0	24	24	365	8760	4407	4353	24				500	0,8	0,8	0,50	0,50				
41 Workshop	7	16	9	250	2250	2192	58	11				500	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00				
42 Theatre auditorium	19	23	4	250	1001	55	946	6				200	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00				
43 Theatre foyer	19	23	4	250	1001	55	946	6				300	0,8	0,8	0,50	1,00				
44 Theatre stage	13	23	10	250	2500	1253	1247	12				1000	0,8	0,8	0,00	0,60				
45 Fair, Congress	13	18	5	150	1350	1260	90	11				300	0,8	0,8	0,50	1,00				
46 Exhibition	10	18	8	250	2001	1850	151	24				200	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00				
47 Library reading room	8	20	12	300	3600	2999	601	14				500	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00				
48 Open access library	8	20	12	300	3600	2999	601	14				200	0,8	0,8	0,00	1,00				
49 Library repository	8	20	12	300	3600	2999	601	14				100	0,8	0,8	0,90	1,00				
50 Gymnasium	8	23	15	300	4500	3002	1498	17				300	0,8	0,8	0,30	1,00				
51 Parking garage	7	18	11	250	2750	2543	207	0				75	0,0	0,0	0,95	1,00				
52 Public parking garage	9	0	15	365	5475	3290	2185	0				75	0,0	0,0	0,80	1,00				

Electricity demand for non-residential buildings (at the moment this worksheet is inactive. Calculation takes place in the 'Electricity' worksheet).

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Treated floor area A_{TFA}: 3320,2 m²

Auxiliary electricity demand: 14913,2 kWh/a

Electricity:	PER factors:	PE factors:
RE gas / Natural gas:	1,25	2,6 kWh/kWh
	1,75	1,1 kWh/kWh
Energy carrier for DHW:		1,1 kWh/kWh
Solar fraction of DHW		0%

Marginal performance ratio DHW:

Window properties (from 'Windows' worksheet):

	Shading	Dirt factor	Non-perpendicular radiation	Glazing fraction
North	0,85	0,95	0,85	0,71
East	0,85			0,71
South	0,71			0,71
West	0,77			0,71

Lighting / non-residential	Net ground area	Facade with windows				
		Room category	Power of nominal lighting	Deviation from North	Orientation	Light transmission glazing
Room / Zone	m ²	Lux	Degrees	-	[x]	

15

			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	
			69%	

Geometry: input of a typical room				
Room depth	Room width	Room height	Lintel height	Window width
3	3	3	3	3

Daylight Utilisation	User data: Installed lighting power	Installed lighting power (standard)	Lighting control	Motion detector used?	Lighting check	Utilisation hours per year	User determined Lighting full load hours	Full load hours of lighting	Electricity demand (kWh/a)	Spec. electricity demand (kWh/(m ² a))
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					
None	0,0	1	0	Manual	Without motion detector					

Office equipment	Room category	Within the thermal envelope [1/0]	Existing [1/0]	Quantity	Power consumption [W]	Utilisation hours per year [h/a]	Relative absenteeism	Duration of utilisation in energy saving mode [h/a]	Useful energy (kWh/a)	Electricity demand [kWh/a]				
PC 1 PC in energy saving mode	2	1 0	*	*	80	* (0)	* (1- 0)	=	0	= 0,0				
Monitor 1 Monitor in energy saving mode		1 0	*	*	28	* (0)	* (1- 0)	=	0	= 0,0				
PC 2 PC in energy saving mode		1 0	*	*	80	* (0)	* (1- 0)	=	0	= 0,0				
Monitor 2 Monitor in energy saving mode		1 0	*	*	28	* (0)	* (1- 0)	=	0	= 0,0				
Copier Copier in energy saving mode		1 0	*	*	400	* (0)	- 0) =	=	0	= 0,0				
Printer Printer in energy saving mode		1 0	*	*	300	* (0)	- 0) =	=	0	= 0,0				
Server Server in energy saving mode		1 0	*	*	100	* (0)	- 0) =	=	0	= 0,0				
Telephone system		1 0	*	*	2,0	* (8760)	- 0) =	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
		1 0	*	*	94	* (8760)	=	=	0	= 0,0				
Kitchen / Aux. electricity	Room category (predominant utilisation pattern of building)	Within the thermal envelope [1/0]	Existing [1/0]	Utilisation hours per year [h/a]	Number of meals per day of use	Norm consumption	Useful energy (kWh/a)	Non-electric fraction	Electric fraction	Additional demand	Marginal performance ratio	Solar fraction	Non-electric demand (kWh/a)	Electricity demand [kWh/a]
Cooking: Electricity	1 0	*	0	*	0,25	= 0	{ * 0% }	0%	0%	= 0	= 0,0			
Dishwashing Cold water connection	1 0	*	0	*	0,10	= 0	{ * 55% }	0%	* (1+ 0,30) * 1,20 * (1- 0,00) = 0	= 0	= 0,0			
Refrigerating	1 0	365				= 0	{ * 100% }	100%						
						= 0	{ * 100% }	100%						
						= 0	{ * 100% }	100%						
						= 0	{ * 100% }	100%						
						= 0	{ * 100% }	100%						
						= 0	{ * 100% }	100%						
						= 0	{ * 100% }	100%						
						= 0	{ * 100% }	100%						
Total auxiliary electricity						14913	kWh		Hot water non-electric dishwashing		14913,2			
Total						14913	kWh		0	0,0	14913 kWh/a kW			
Specific demand									0,0	0,0	4 kWh/(m²a) kW			

Aux Electricity

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Treated floor area	3320	m ²	Heat recovery efficiency ventilation unit	0,78		Annual space heating demand	13	kWh/(m ² a)
Heating period	233	d	Operation vent. system Winter	5,59	kh/a	Boiler rated power	36	kW
Air volume	8301	m ³	Operation vent. system Summer	3,17	kh/a	DHW system heating demand	75973	kWh/a
Dwelling units	40	HH	Air change rate	0,30	h ⁻¹	Design forward flow temperature	55	°C
Column no.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Application	Existing [1/0]	Within the thermal envelope [1/0]	Norm demand	Utilisation factor	Period of operation	Reference size	Electricity demand [kWh/a]	Available as interior heat
Ventilation system								
Winter ventilation	1		0,45 Wh/m ³	* 0,30 h ⁻¹	* 5,6 kh/a	* 8301 m ³	= 6196	considered in heat recovery efficiency
Defroster HX	0	1	Data entries in 'Ventilation' worksheet or in 'Addl vent'				= 0	* 0,2 / 5,59 = 0
Summer ventilation	1	1,00	0,45 Wh/m ³	* 0,50 h ⁻¹	* 3,2 kh/a	* 8301 m ³	= 5913	* 1,0 / 3,17 = 1868
Additional vent. summer	0		0,00 Wh/m ³	* 0,00 h ⁻¹	* 3,2 kh/a	* 8301 m ³	= 0	* 1,0 / 3,17 = 0,0
Heating system			Controlled / non controlled					
Enter the rated power of the pump			W	0				
Circulator pump heating	1	1	412 W	* 1,0	* 5,6 kh/a	* 1	= 2304	* 1,0 / 5,59 = 412
Boiler electricity consumption at 30% load			W					
Aux. energy - Heat. boiler	0	0	84 W	* 1,00	* 0,00 kh/a	* 1	= 0	* 1,0 / 5,59 = 0
Aux. energy - Wood fired/Pellet boiler	0	0	Data entries in 'Boiler' worksheet. Aux. energy demand including possible drinking water production.				= 0	* 1,0 / 5,59 = 0
DHW system								
Enter average power consumption of pump			W					
Circulation pump DHW	1	1	62 W	* 1,00	* 8,1 kh/a	* 1	= 500	* 1,0 / 8,76 = 57
Storage load pump DHW			299 W	* 1,00	* 2,1 kh/a	* 1	= 0	* 1,0 / 8,76 = 0
Boiler electricity consumption at 100% load			W					
DHW boiler aux. energy	0	0	251 W	* 1,00	* 0,0 kh/a	* 1	= 0	* 1,0 / 8,76 = 0
Enter the rated power of the solar DHW pump			W					
Solar aux. electricity	0		246 W	* 1,00	* 1,8 kh/a	* 1	= 0	* 1,0 / 8,76 = 0
Aux. electricity cooling and dehumidification								
Aux. electricity cooling			kWh/a	* 1,00	* 1,0	* 40	= 0	* 1,0 / 3,17 = 0
Aux. electricity dehum.			kWh/a	* 1,00	* 1,0	* 40	= 0	* 1,0 / 3,17 = 0
Misc. aux. electricity								
Misc. aux. electricity			kWh/a	* 1,00	* 1,0	* 40	= 0	* 1,0 / 8,76 = 0
Total							14913	469
Specific demand	kWh/(m ² a) (treated floor area)							4,5

Internal heat gains for residential buildings (at the moment this worksheet is inactive)

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Utilisation: 10-Dwelling

IHG heating 2,70 W/m²

Type of values used: 2-Standard

IHG cooling 4,15 W/m²

No input is necessary

[Go to utilisation pattern selection](#)

Application	Existing [1/0] or occupancy	Within the thermal envelope [1/0]	Norm consumption	Utilisation factor	Frequency	Useful energy [kWh/a]	Included in electricity balance?	Availability	Utilisation period [h/a]	Internal heat gains [W]
Dishwashing	1	1	1,1	kWh/Use	1,00	65 /(P^a)	5967	*	0,30	8,76 = 204
Clothes washing	1	1	1,1	kWh/Use	1,00	57 /(P^a)	5233	*	0,30	8,76 = 179
Clothes drying with:										
4-Condensation dryer	1	1	3,5	kWh/Use	0,88	57 /(P^a)	14568	*	0,70	8,76 = 1164
Energy consumed by evaporation	0	1	0,0	kWh/Use	-3,1	57 /(P^a)	0	*	0,80	8,76 = 0
Refrigerating	1	1	0,8	kWh/d	1,00	365 d/a	11388	*	0,00	8,76 = 1300
Freezing	1	1	0,9	kWh/d	1,00	365 d/a	12848	*	1,00	8,76 = 1467
or combination	0	1	1,0	kWh/d	1,00	365 d/a	0	*	1,00	8,76 = 0
Cooking	1	1	0,3	kWh/Use	1,00	500 /(P^a)	10432	*	0,50	8,76 = 595
Lighting	1	1	60,0	W	1,00	2,9 kh/(P^a)	14521	*	1,00	8,76 = 1658
Consumer electronics	1	1	80,0	W	1,00	0,55 kh/(P^a)	3672	*	1,00	8,76 = 419
Household appliances/Other	1	1	50,0	kWh	1,00	1,0 /(P^a)	4173	*	1,00	8,76 = 476
Auxiliary appliances (cf. aux Electricity sheet)										
Other applications (cf. Electricity sheet)	0	0,0					0	*	0	8,76 = 0
Persons	83	1	80,0	W/P	1,00	8,76 kh/a	58486	*	0,55	8,76 = 3672
Cold water	83	1	-20,1	W/P	1,00	8,76 kh/a	39308	*	1,00	8,76 = 4487
DHW - circulation	1	1	4487,2	W	1,00	8,76 kh/a	20	*	1,00	8,76 = 2
DHW - individual pipes	1	1	2,3	W	1,00	8,76 kh/a	0	*	1,00	8,76 = 0
DHW storage tank heating case	0	0	0,0	W	1,00	8,76 kh/a	0	*	1,00	8,76 = 0
DHW storage tank cooling case	0	0	0,0	W	1,00	8,76 kh/a	-18277	*	1,00	8,76 = -2086
Evaporation	83	1	-25,0	W/P	1,00	8,76 kh/a				
Total IHG									W	12334
Specific IHG									W/m²	3,71
Heat available from internal sources								d/a	kWh/(m²a)	20,8

Internal heat gains for non residential buildings (at the moment this worksheet is inactive)

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Utilisation: 10-Dwelling

IHG 2,70 W/m²

No input is necessary

Type of values used: 2-Standard

Persons:	83,5 P	Treated floor area:	3320,2 m ²	Heating period:	233 d/a <th>Room temperature:</th> <td>20 °C</td> <th>Internal heat gains aux. electricity:</th> <td>469 W</td>	Room temperature:	20 °C	Internal heat gains aux. electricity:	469 W			
Persons	Selection of user profile	Select	Activity of persons	Planning 0 = according to ground area or usable zone 1 = according to occupancy	Number of occupants	Ground area of useful zone [m²]	Average occupancy [Pers./m²]	Heat emitted per person [W]	Utilisation hours per year [h/a]	Relative presence	Utilisation period [h/a]	Average heat release persons [W]
Persons A					27	0	0	0	1,00	8760	= 0	
Persons B					0	0	0	0	1,00	8760	= 0	
Persons C					0	0	0	0	1,00	8760	= 0	
Persons D					0	0	0	0	1,00	8760	= 0	
Persons E					0	0	0	0	1,00	8760	= 0	
Persons F					0	0	0	0	1,00	8760	= 0	
Persons G					0	0	0	0	1,00	8760	= 0	
Evaporation (person specific)					0	0	0	0	1,00	8760	= 0	
Lighting / Equipment / Aux. electricity	Useful energy [kWh/a]	Availability	Utilisation period [h/a]	Average heat release								
Lighting	0	1	8,76	= 0								
Office applications (within therm. envelope)	0	1	8,76	= 0								
Cooking (within therm. envelope)	0	0,5	8,76	= 0								
Dishwashing (within therm. envelope)	0	0,3	8,76	= 0								
Cooling (within therm. envelope)	0	1	8,76	= 0								
Other (within thermal envelope)	0	1	8,76	= 0								
Auxiliary appliances (see 'Aux Electricity' worksheet)	Occupied days per year [d/a]	Loss daytime [W]	Loss night-time [W]	Utilisation period [d/a]	Average power cold water							
Heat loss due to cold water (calculation from column AJ)	8	0	+ -16	1 / 365	0							
OnOff [1 / 0]					W							
Cold water due to flushing WC	2	0			W/m ²							
Total IHG					kWh/(m ² a)							
Specific IHG					1							
Heat available from internal sources												

Primary Energy Renewable PER

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Selection of heat generation system	Contribution margin (useful energy)	Building type:	Block of flats			
Primary heat generator	Heating DHW	Treated floor area A _{TFA} :	3320 m ²			
3-District heating, CGS	100% 100%	Projected building footprint A _{Projected} :	511 m ²			
Secondary heat generator (optional)	0% 0%	Heating demand incl. distribution & hyd. frost protection:	14 kWh/(m ² a)			
		Cooling energy dem. incl. dehumidification:	23 kWh/(m ² a)			
		DHW demand including distribution:	23 kWh/(m ² a)			
Energy demand	Final energy	PER	CO ₂			
Reference: Treated floor area	Contribution (final energy)	PER factor	CO ₂ eq emissions			
	kWh/(m ² a)	kWh/kWh	kg/(m ² a)			
	66,6	103,4	13,0			
Heating		0,80	0,4			
Electricity (HP compact unit)		1,55	0,532			
Electricity (heat pump)		1,55	0,532			
District heating: 20-Gas CGS 70% PHC	100% 14,4	0,75|1,06|0,85	-0,070			
Wood and other biomass		1,10	-1,0			
Natural gas / RE gas		1,75				
Heating oil / RE methanol		2,30	0,250			
Solar thermal system		1,55	0,320			
Electricity (direct through DHW storage tank)		1,55	0,532			
Electricity (direct through heating resistance)		1,55	0,532			
Aux. electricity (vent.winter, frost protection, circ.pump, boiler, wood / pellets)	2,6	1,55	0,532			
Cooling and dehumidification		1,00	0,9			
Electricity cooling (heat pump)		1,00	0,532			
Auxiliary electricity cooling, ventilation summer	1,8	1,00	0,532			
Electricity dehumidification (heat pump)		1,00	0,532			
Auxiliary electricity (dehumidification)		1,00	0,532			
DHW generation		0,83	-1,6			
Electricity (HP compact unit)		1,25	0,532			
Electricity (heat pump)		1,25	0,532			
District heating: 20-Gas CGS 70% PHC	100% 24,0	0,75|1,06|0,85	-0,070			
Wood and other biomass		1,10	-1,7			
Natural gas / RE gas		1,75				
Heating oil / Methanol		2,30	0,250			
Solar thermal system		1,25	0,320			
Electricity (direct)		1,25	0,532			
Aux. electricity (circ.pump + storage charge, aux.energy DHW + solar DHW)	0,2	1,25	0,532			
Household electricity	24,9	1,25	13,3			
Electricity (household or non-residential lighting, etc.)	24,9	1,25	13,3			
Auxiliary electricity (other)		1,25	0,532			
Gas / RE gas dry/cook		0,0	0,0			
Energy generation	Final energy	PER	CO ₂			
Reference: Projected building footprint area	Final energy generation	PER factor	CO ₂ eq emissions			
	kWh/a	kWh/(m ² a) _{Projected} *	kg/(m ² a)			
	242,7	0,0	31,5			
PV electricity	0 0,0	1,00	-			
Solar thermal system	0 0,0	1,00	0,0			
Monocrystalline photovoltaic electric solar energy panels	124000 242,7	1,00	0,0, 0,130 31,5			
PE demand requirement in case of verification through PE (non-renewable) [kWh/(m ² a)]	120	Current building reaches following class for aspect	Requirement met? yes			
Achievable energy standard through the verification of renewable primary energy (assessment of individual aspects)	Useful energy, performance	Airtightness n ₅₀	Primary Energy Renewable PER			
Annual heat. dem.	Heating load	1/h				
Treated floor area kWh/(m ² a)	Treated floor area W/m ²					
Requirement EnerPHit Premium						
Requirement EnerPHit Plus	30	-				
Requirement EnerPHit Classic		-				
Requirement		1,00				
Current building reaches following class for aspect						
		0,6				
		Premium				
Summary	Final energy	PER specific value	PE Value	CO ₂ eq emissions	CO ₂ eq substitution balance	
	MWh/a	MWh/a	1-PE-factors (non-renewable) PHI Certification MWh/a	1-CO ₂ factors GEMIS (Germany) kg/a	1-CO ₂ factors GEMIS (Germany) kg/a	
Demand	225,4	221,2	343,43	43047	43047	
Generation	-124,0	-124,0	0,00	16120	-49848	
Demand, cumulative generation (annual balance)	101,39	97,22	343,43	59167	-6801	
Demand w/o household electricity	142,6	117,7	128,15	-1003	-1003	
Demand w/o household electricity, cum. generation	18,59	-6,28	128,15	15117	-50651	

Passive House compact unit with exhaust air heat pump

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Calculation based on measured values of the laboratory evaluation for component certification

Building type: Block of flats			
Treated floor area A _{TFA} :	3320 m ²		
Covered fraction of space heating demand (PER worksheet)	0%		
Space heating demand + distribution losses Q _H +Q _{DHW} (DHW+Distribution)	45622 kWh		
Solar contribution for space heating $\eta_{Solar, H}$ (Solar/DHW worksheet)	0%		
Effective annual heating demand Q _{H,W} =Q _H *($1-\eta_{Solar, H}$)	0 kWh		
Covered fraction of DHW demand (PER worksheet)	0%		
Total heating demand of DHW system Q _{DHW} (DHW+Distribution)	75973 kWh		
Solar contribution for DHW $\eta_{Solar, DHW}$ (Solar/DHW worksheet)	0%		
Effective DHW demand Q _{DHW,W} =Q _{DHW} *($1-\eta_{Solar, DHW}$)	0 kWh		
Including DHW connection for washing machines & dishwa			
75973 kWh	0%		
0 kWh	0%		
Sort: AS LIST			
Compact unit selection:			
Measured values from laboratory test			
Ventilation			
Effective heat recovery efficiency η_{eff} (Test stand)			
Electric efficiency (Test stand)	Wh/m ³		
Heating			
Outdoor air temperature T _{amb}			
Measured thermal power heat pump Heating P _{HP, Heating}	kW		
Measured COP Heating COP _{Heating}	-		
Domestic hot water			
Outdoor air temperature T _{amb}			
Measured thermal power DHW storage heating-up P _{DHW, Heating Up}	kW		
Measured thermal power DHW storage reload P _{DHW, Reload}	kW		
Measured COP DHW storage heating-up COP _{DHW, Heating Up}	-		
Measured COP DHW storage reload COP _{DHW, Reload}	-		
Standby (inputs required only if different from storage reload)			
Outdoor air temperature T _{amb}			
Measured thermal power heat pump Standby P _{HP, Standby}	kW		
Measured COP Standby COP _{Standby}	-		
Specific heat loss storage incl. connections U * A _{Storage} (Test stand)	W/K		
Average storage temperature in standby mode T _{DHW, Standby} (Test stand)	°C		
Heat pump priority	separate heat pumps	DHW priority	Heating priority
Room temperature (°C) 20			
Av. ambient temp. Heating P. (°C) 3			
Av. Ground temp (°C) 8			
Efficiency SHX exhaust air mixing η_{SHX}	0%		
Heat recovery efficiency SHX exhaust air mixing (if applicable) $\eta_{SHX,Add}$ (Design Value)	0%		
Volume flow rate of added exhaust air (if applicable) V _{air} (Test stand)	m ³ /h		
Hydraulic frost protection			
Heat supplied by direct electricity Q _{E, air}		kWh/a	
Space heat supplied by HP Q _{HP, Heating}		kWh/a	
Winter DHW supplied by HP Q _{HP, DHW, Winter}	0	kWh/a	
Winter standby heat supplied by HP Q _{HP, Standby, Winter}		kWh/a	
Summer DHW supplied by HP Q _{HP, DHW, Summer}	0	kWh/a	
Summer standby heat supplied by HP Q _{HP, Standby, Summer}		kWh/a	
Performance factor of heat generator, DHW & space heating			
Seasonal performance factor SPF ₃			
Final energy demand heat generation Q _{final}	kWh/a	kWh/(m ² a)	
Annual PE demand (non-renewable primary energy)	kg/a	kg/(m ² a)	
Annual CO ₂ -equivalent emissions			

Heat pump

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

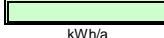
Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Building type:	Block of flats
Treated floor area A _{TFA} :	3320 m ²
Covered fraction of space heating demand	0%
Space heating demand + distribution losses	45622 kWh/a
Solar fraction for space heat	0%
Effective annual heating demand	0 kWh/a
Covered fraction of DHW demand	0%
Total heating demand of DHW system	75973 kWh/a
Solar fraction for DHW	0%
Effective DHW demand	0 kWh/a
Number of heat pumps in the system	1
Functionality	Heating & DHW
Heating	
Selection of HP:	2-Standard brine/water heat pump
Heat source:	3-Ground probes
Selection of distribution system	3-Supply air heating
Design distribution temperature	55,00 °C
Nominal power of distribution system	0,00 kW
Distribution system (to be completed by experienced users only)	
Nominal power of distribution system	P _{nom}
Radiator exponent	n
Heat storage tank (buffer storage tank 'DHW+Distribution' worksheet)	U * A _{Storage}
Specific heat losses storage	0-No W/K
Storage location in thermal envelope	2-Outside
Room temperature (storage location: outside of thermal envelope)	56,50 °C
Sink temperature of heat pump for heating	θ _{sink}
Entries in relation to the domestic hot water system	
Selection of HP:	0-None
Heat source:	(DHW+Distribution)
DHW temperature	0 °C
Orientation of DHW storage tank ('storage 1' in 'DHW+Distribution' worksheet)	2-Outside
Specific heat losses storage	0,0 W/K
Room temperature (storage location: outside of thermal envelope)	56,50 °C
Type of backup heater	
Δθ of electric continuous flow water heater	
Additional options in case of one heat pump for both functions: Heating & DHW	
Same heat pump's sink temperature for Heating and for DHW	1-Yes
Heat pump priority	(Manufacturer, tech. data)
Control strategy	
Heat pump control strategy	
Heating	
Depth ground water / Ground collector / Ground probe	z
Power of pump for ground heat exchanger	P _{pump} kW

Heating				
Heat pump:	Standard brine/water heat pump			
Source:	3-			
		θ_source °C	θ_sink °C	Heating capacity kW
		Test point 1 -5,0	35,0	5,3
		Test point 2 0,0	35,0	6,0
		Test point 3 5,0	35,0	6,7
		Test point 4 -5,0	50,0	5,1
		Test point 5 0,0	50,0	5,9
		Test point 6 5,0	50,0	6,5
		Test point 7		
		Test point 8		
		Test point 9		
		Test point 10		
		Test point 11		
		Test point 12		
		Test point 13		
		Test point 14		
		Test point 15		
Temperature difference in sink		ΔθSink	5,0	K

DHW				
Heat pump:	Standard brine/water heat pump			
Source:	3-			
		θ_source °C	θ_sink °C	Heating capacity kW
		Test point 1 -5,0	35,0	5,3
		Test point 2 0,0	35,0	6,0
		Test point 3 5,0	35,0	6,7
		Test point 4 -5,0	50,0	5,1
		Test point 5 0,0	50,0	5,9
		Test point 6 5,0	50,0	6,5
		Test point 7		
		Test point 8		
		Test point 9		
		Test point 10		
		Test point 11		
		Test point 12		
		Test point 13		
		Test point 14		
		Test point 15		
Temperature difference in sink		ΔθSink	5,0	K

Electr. energy consumption pump (grnd. water / ground)	$Q_{El,Pump}$	kWh/a
Energy by direct electricity	$Q_{El,dir}$	0 kWh/a
Space heat supplied by HP	$Q_{HP,Heating}$	0 kWh/a
Winter DHW supplied by HP	$Q_{HP,DHW,Winter}$	0 kWh/a
Summer DHW supplied by HP	$Q_{HP,DHW,Summer}$	0 kWh/a
Space heating supplied by HP without storage losses	$Q_{HP,Heating}$	0 kWh/a
Winter DHW supplied by HP without storage losses	$Q_{HP,DHW,Winter}$	0 kWh/a
Summer DHW supplied by HP without storage losses	$Q_{HP,DHW,Summer}$	0 kWh/a
Electrical consumption of HP	$Q_{el,HP}$	0 kWh/a

Seasonal performance factor of heat pump	SPF_{H-1}	1. HP: Heating or heating & DHW	2. HP: Domestic hot
Final electrical energy demand heat generation	Q_{final}	 kWh/a	 kWh/(m²a)
Annual primary energy demand			 kg/(m²a)
Annual CO ₂ -equivalent emissions			

Heat pump ground (ground collectors / ground probes)

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

<p>Building type: Block of flats</p> <p>Treated floor area A_{TFA}: 3320 m²</p>																																	
Ground probes																																	
Probe field configuration Length of probe Probes spacing/distance Depth (z=H/2) Type of probe Borehole radius Inner radius of pipe Exterior pipe radius Distance between pipes Inner radius of pipe casing (only coaxial) Exterior radius casing pipe (only coaxial) Thermal conductivity of pipe Thermal conductivity of back fill Probe time constant Internal borehole resistance Borehole resistance																																	
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 10px; background-color: #ffffcc;">A</td><td>Individual probe</td></tr> <tr><td>H</td><td>0 m</td></tr> <tr><td>B</td><td>m</td></tr> <tr><td>z</td><td>0 m</td></tr> <tr><td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">A Double-U</td></tr> <tr><td>r_b</td><td>m</td></tr> <tr><td>r_i</td><td>m</td></tr> <tr><td>r_a</td><td>m</td></tr> <tr><td>B_U</td><td>m</td></tr> <tr><td>r₁₂</td><td>m</td></tr> <tr><td>r_{a2}</td><td>m</td></tr> <tr><td>λ_R</td><td>W/(mK)</td></tr> <tr><td>λ_F</td><td>W/(mK)</td></tr> <tr><td>t_p</td><td>0 d</td></tr> <tr><td>R_s</td><td>Km/W</td></tr> <tr><td>R_b</td><td>Km/W</td></tr> </table>		A	Individual probe	H	0 m	B	m	z	0 m	A Double-U		r _b	m	r _i	m	r _a	m	B _U	m	r ₁₂	m	r _{a2}	m	λ _R	W/(mK)	λ _F	W/(mK)	t _p	0 d	R _s	Km/W	R _b	Km/W
A	Individual probe																																
H	0 m																																
B	m																																
z	0 m																																
A Double-U																																	
r _b	m																																
r _i	m																																
r _a	m																																
B _U	m																																
r ₁₂	m																																
r _{a2}	m																																
λ _R	W/(mK)																																
λ _F	W/(mK)																																
t _p	0 d																																
R _s	Km/W																																
R _b	Km/W																																
Ground																																	
Soil type Density of the ground Thermal capacity of ground Thermal conductivity of ground Soil temperature conductivity Ground temperature gradient																																	
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 10px; background-color: #ffffcc;">A</td><td>Sand, 9% moisture</td></tr> <tr><td>ρ_E</td><td>1440 kg/m³</td></tr> <tr><td>c_{pE}</td><td>1507 J/(kgK)</td></tr> <tr><td>λ_E</td><td>1,0 W/(mK)</td></tr> <tr><td>a_E</td><td>4,516E-07 m/s²</td></tr> <tr><td>Δ_{TG}</td><td>0,022 K/m</td></tr> </table>		A	Sand, 9% moisture	ρ _E	1440 kg/m ³	c _{pE}	1507 J/(kgK)	λ _E	1,0 W/(mK)	a _E	4,516E-07 m/s ²	Δ _{TG}	0,022 K/m																				
A	Sand, 9% moisture																																
ρ _E	1440 kg/m ³																																
c _{pE}	1507 J/(kgK)																																
λ _E	1,0 W/(mK)																																
a _E	4,516E-07 m/s ²																																
Δ _{TG}	0,022 K/m																																
Brine																																	
Brine (characteristics at 2 °C) Density of the brine dynamic viscosity of the brine Heat capacity brine Thermal conductivity of brine Brine - mass flow																																	
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td style="width: 10px; background-color: #ffffcc;">A</td><td>Ethylene glycol 25%</td></tr> <tr><td>ρ_S</td><td>1052 kg/m³</td></tr> <tr><td>η_S</td><td>0,0052 kg/(ms)</td></tr> <tr><td>c_{pS}</td><td>3950 J/(kgK)</td></tr> <tr><td>λ_S</td><td>0,48 W/(mK)</td></tr> <tr><td>m_S</td><td>kg/s</td></tr> </table>		A	Ethylene glycol 25%	ρ _S	1052 kg/m ³	η _S	0,0052 kg/(ms)	c _{pS}	3950 J/(kgK)	λ _S	0,48 W/(mK)	m _S	kg/s																				
A	Ethylene glycol 25%																																
ρ _S	1052 kg/m ³																																
η _S	0,0052 kg/(ms)																																
c _{pS}	3950 J/(kgK)																																
λ _S	0,48 W/(mK)																																
m _S	kg/s																																
Operation type																																	
Waste heat from active cooling to ground probe? Please check, if applicable.																																	
Heat pump operation duration Specific heat extraction rate as an annual average																																	
q _{ex} h/a H/R _p W/m H/R _p W/K																																	
Ground characteristics																																	
Thermal conductivity [W/(mK)] Density [kg/m ³] Heat capacity [J/(kg K)] Heat capacity [MJ/(m ³ K)] Thermal conductivity [10 ⁻⁷ m ² /s] Source																																	
A Sand, 9% moisture 0,980 1440 1507 2,170 4,520 [Neiß 1977] B Sand, 13% moisture 1,500 1600 1800 2,880 5,210 [Neiß 1977] C Ground, coarse gravel 0,520 2000 1840 3,680 1,410 [VDI 1984] D Loam, 36% moisture 2,300 1650 2847 4,700 4,900 [Neiß 1977] E Clay 1,280 1500 880 1,320 9,700 [VDI 1984] F Clay / Silt 2,200 2550 882 2,250 9,780 [VDI 2000] G Slate 2,100 2700 870 2,350 8,940 [VDI 2000] H Silt 1,500 1920 2938 5,640 2,660 [ISO 13370] I Rock 3,500 2500 2500 6,250 5,600 [ISO 13370]																																	
J																																	
Properties of the brine																																	
Temperature [°C] Density [kg/m ³] Heat capacity [J/(kg K)] Thermal conductivity [W/(mK)] Dynamic viscosity [kg/(ms)]																																	
A Ethylene glycol 25% 2 1052 3950 0,480 0,0052 B Potassium carbonate 2 1265 2941 0,544 0,0031 C Potassium formate 2 1226 3190 0,534 0,00237 D Water 2 997 4190 0,590 0,001307																																	
E																																	
Result ground probe calculation																																	
	Borehole temperature °C																																
Month	1																																
	2																																
	3																																
	4																																
	5																																
	6																																
	7																																
	8																																
	9																																
	10																																
	11																																
	12																																

Boiler (gas, oil and wood)

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Building type: Block of flats				
Treated floor area A _{TFA} : 3320 m ²				
Covered fraction of space heating demand Space heating demand + distribution losses Solar contribution for space heating	(PER' worksheet) $Q_{H+Q_{HS}} = Q_H + \eta_{Solar, H} \cdot Q_{DHW}$ $\eta_{Solar, H}$ ("SolarDHW" worksheet)			
Effective annual heating demand $Q_{H,W} = Q_H * (1 - \eta_{Solar, H})$	0 kWh			
Space heating demand without distribution losses	Q_H ("Verification" worksheet)			
Covered fraction of DHW demand Total heating demand of DHW system Solar contribution for DHW	(DHW+Distribution) Q_{DHW} ("DHW+Distribution") $\eta_{Solar, DHW}$ ("SolarDHW" worksheet)			
Effective DHW demand $Q_{DHW,W} = Q_{DHW} * (1 - \eta_{Solar, DHW})$	0 kWh			
Boiler type	1-None			
Fuel				
PER factors (renewable primary energy)	(Data' worksheet)			
PE factor (non-renewable primary energy)	(Data' worksheet)			
CO ₂ emissions factor (CO ₂ -equivalent)	(Data' worksheet)			
Useful heat provided	Q_{Use}			
Max. heating power required for heating the building	P_{BH} ("Heating load" worksheet)			
Length of the heating period	t_{HP}			
Length of DHW heating period	t_{DHW}			
Use characteristic values entered (check if appropriate)?				
Design output	P_{nom} (Rating plate)	Project data	Standard values	Input field
Installation of boiler (Outdoor: 0, Indoor: 1)		36 kW	36 kW	
Input values (oil and gas boiler)		0 kW	0 kW	
Boiler efficiency at 30% load	$\eta_{30\%}$ (Manufacturer)			
Boiler efficiency at nominal output	$\eta_{100\%}$ (Manufacturer)			
Standby heat loss boiler at 70 °C	$q_{B,70}$ (Manufacturer)			
Average return flow temperature measured at 30% load	$\vartheta_{30\%}$ (Manufacturer)			
Input values (biomass heat generator)				
Efficiency of heat generator in basic cycle	η_{GZ} (Manufacturer)	Project data	Standard values	Input field
Efficiency of heat generator in steady-state operation	η_{SO} (Manufacturer)		60%	
Average fraction of heat output released to heating circuit	$Z_{HC,m}$ (Manufacturer)		70%	
Temperature difference betw. power-on and power-off	$\Delta\vartheta$ (Manufacturer)		0,4	
In case of inside installation: area of installation room	$A_{install}$ (Project)		30 K	
Useful heat output per basic cycle	$Q_{N,GZ}$ (Manufacturer)		0 m ²	
Average power output of the heat generator	$Q_{N,m}$ (Manufacturer)		54,0 kWh	
Heat generator with built in conveyor for pellets			36,0 kW	
Unit only with regulation (no fan / no starting aid)				
Auxiliary energy demand for a basic cycle	$Q_{HE,GZ}$ (Manufacturer)			
Power consumption in steady-state operation	$P_{el,SB}$ (Manufacturer)			
Utilisation factor of heat generator space heating	$\eta_{H,g,K} = f_1 \cdot h_K$			
Utilisation factor heat generator DHW	$\eta_{DHW,g,K} = \eta_{100\%} / f_{j,DHW}$			
Utilisation factor heat generator DHW & space heating	$\eta_{g,K}$			
Final energy demand space heating	$Q_{Final,HE} = Q_{H,W} \cdot \epsilon_{H,g,K}$	kWh/a	kWh/(m ² a)	
Final energy demand DHW	$Q_{Final,TW} = Q_{DHW,W} \cdot \epsilon_{TW,g,K}$			
Total final energy demand	$Q_{Final} = Q_{End,HE} + Q_{End,TW}$			
Annual PE demand (non-renewable primary energy)				
Annual CO₂-equivalent emissions		kg/a	kg/(m ² a)	

District heating and combined heat power (CHP)

EnerPHit with PHPP Version 9.3

Stacken ("Stjärnhus") - existing / Climate: Göteborg / TFA: 3320 m² / Heating: 12,6 kWh/(m²a) / Freq. overheating: 1 % / PER: 66,6 kWh/(m²a)

Building type:	Block of flats
Treated floor area A _{TFA,*} :	3320 m ²
Covered fraction of space heating demand	(PER worksheet)
Annual heating demand kWh/a	Q _H (DHW+Distribution)
Solar contribution for space heating	η _{Solar, H} (SolarDHW worksheet)
Effective annual heating demand	Q _{H,W} =Q _H *(1-η _{Solar, H})
Covered fraction of DHW demand	(PER worksheet)
DHW demand	Q _{DHW} (DHW+Distribution)
Solar contribution for DHW	η _{Solar, DHW} (SolarDHW worksheet)
Effective DHW demand	Q _{DHW,W} =Q _{DHW} *(1-η _{Solar, DHW})
PE factor (non-renewable)	
CO ₂ emissions factor (CO ₂ -eq)	
Definition of heat source for PE factor and CO ₂ emissions	20-Gas CGS 70% PHC
Definition of heat source for calculation of PER factor	
Heat net	Efficiency district heating net 80%
PHC complex & boiler for peak loads	Fraction | Efficiency Electricity | Heat
PHC complex	100% | 40% | 50%
Boiler for peak loads	0% | 96%
Total	100%
Performance ratio of heat transfer station	h _{a,HX} 105%
Utilisation factor of heat transfer station	η _{a,SHX} 0%
Final energy demand heat generation	Q _{final} = Q _{use} * e _{a,DH}
Annual PE demand (non-renewable primary energy)	kWh/a 0 0 kg/a 0
Annual CO ₂ -equivalent emissions	kWh/(m ² a) 0,0 0,0 kg/(m ² a) 0,0
PER factors	
Within biomass budget	
Excess of biomass budget	
DHW Summer	
PER factors	1,10 | 0,75
PER factors	1,55 | 1,06
PER factors	1,25 | 0,85

Table of PER and PE factors as well as CO ₂ -equivalent emission factors of different energy carriers and uses from different sources				
Energy type	Number	Energy carrier	PER-factor	Transfer to 'PER' works
				1-PE-factors (non-renewable) PHI Certification
				kWh _{prim-el} /kWh _{Final}
Fuel source	10	None		
	20	Heating oil	2,30	1,10
	30	Natural gas	1,75	1,10
	31	LPG	1,75	1,10
	41	Hard coal	2,30	1,10
	42	Brown coal	2,30	1,20
	32	Biogas	1,10	1,10
	21	Pyrolysis oil or bio oil	1,10	1,10
	43	Wood	1,10	0,20
	44	Wood logs	1,10	0,20
	50	Pellets	1,10	0,20
	46	Forest woodchips	1,10	0,20
	47	Poplar woodchips	1,10	0,20
	33	RE-Gas	1,75	
	22	RE-Methanol	2,30	
	48	Biomass	1,10	
Electricity	60	Electricity-mix		2,60
	61	Electricity mix from CHC		2,50
	00	Primary electricity	1,00	
	01	Household electricity	1,25	2,60
	02	Electricity for DHW	1,25	2,60
	03	Electricity for heating	1,55	2,60
	04	Electricity for cooling	1,00	2,60
	05	Electricity for dehumidification	1,00	2,60
	06	Platzhalter_EE-Stromanwendung	-	2,60
	62	Electricity from photovoltaics	1,00	0,00
	63	Monocrystalline photovoltaic electric	1,00	0,00
	64	Polycrystalline photovoltaic electric s	1,00	0,00
	65	Onshore wind power	1,00	0,00
	66	Offshore wind power	1,00	0,00
	67	Hydroelectric power station > 10MW	1,00	0,00
Environmental energy, solar thermal energy	71	Ground heat, geothermal energy	0,00	0,00
	72	Ambient high temperature	0,00	0,00
	73	Ambient low temperature	0,00	0,00
	80	Solar thermal flat plate collector (gen)	1,00	0,00
	81	Solar thermal evacuated tube collect	1,00	0,00
	74	Waste heat	0,00	0,00
User defined energy carrier (for generation, please enter user defined factors for demand in columns N and O)	98	Eigener Energieträger		
	99			
District heat	1	1-None		0,00
	10	10-Hard coal CGS 70% PHC		0,80
	11	11-Hard coal CGS 35% PHC		1,10
Gas CGS	12	12-Hard coal CGS 0% PHC		1,50
	20	20-Gas CGS 70% PHC		0,70
	21	21-Gas CGS 35% KWK		1,10
Heating oil-EL CGS	22	22-Gas HS 0% PHC		1,50
	30	30-Oil CGS 70% PHC		0,80
	31	31-Oil CGS 35% PHC		1,10
	32	32-Oil CGS 0% PHC		1,50
District heating: User determined	40	40-Eigene Eingabe: 90% KWK		0,80
District heating combined heat power (CHP)	13	Fossil fuel		0,70
	14	Renewable fuel		0,00
District heating from heating station	15	Fossil fuel		1,30
	16	Renewable fuel		0,10

Heat generator	No.	Type	Fuel ('Comparison' worksheet)	x) Gas will be used
	1	1-None		
	10	10-Improved gas condensing boiler	1	x
	11	11-Improved oil condensing boiler	2	
	12	12-Gas condensing boiler	1	x
	13	13-Oil condensing boiler	2	
	20	20-Low temperature boiler gas	1	x
	21	21-Low temperature boiler oil	2	
	30	30-Firewood pieces (direct and indirect heat emission)	3	
	31	31-Wood pellets (direct and indirect heat emission)	4	
	32	32-Wood pellets (only indirect heat emission)	4	
	40	40-Reserve		

Dishwashers and washing machines
1-DHW connection
2-Cold water connection

Clothes drying	Availability electricity	Availability evaporation
1-Clothes line	1	1
2-Drying closet (cold!)	1	1
3-Drying closet (cold!) in extract air	0,9	0,9
4-Condensation dryer	0,7	0
5-Electric exhaust air dryer	1	1
6-Gas exhaust air dryer	1	1

Cooking	Electric fraction	PE factor	CO ₂ factor	PER-factor
1-Electricity	100%	2,60	0,53	1,25
2-Natural gas	0%	1,10	0,25	1,75
3-LPG	0%	1,10	0,27	1,75