

### Practical implementations of EnerPHit step-by-step retrofit

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### 19th Passive House Conference, Leipzig, 2015



Co-funded by the Intelligent Energy Europe Programme of the European Union



### Summary



- 1. Audit
- 2. Design
- **3.** Reduce costs







## **1. AUDIT**



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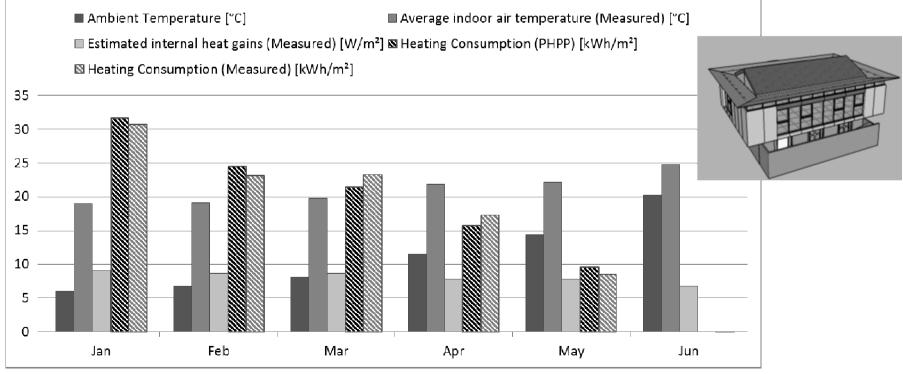


### PHPP to model existing buildings ?



#### Recalibrated PHPP9 with monitoring data on existing office building

- Timber frame, double glazing, extract only, n50 = 6,8 h<sup>-1</sup>
- Heat supply : 60% pellets, 40% gas
- PHPP heating consumption matches monitored levels (150 kWh/m<sup>2</sup>.a, ± 10% monthly)



Observer Project Archipente, Rhone Alpes, FR. Data : 01/14-06/14



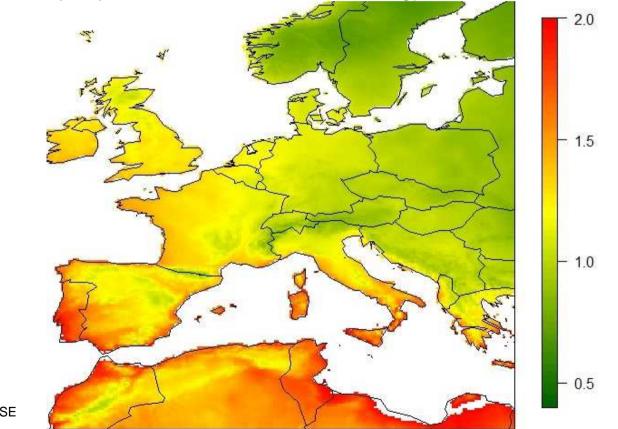
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#### Passive House quality even with hotter winters ?

Minimal Uw [W/(m<sup>2</sup>.K)] for winter comfort, average minimal temperature in winter -> Comfort is not the only key, have a look at the winter energy balance !



© La Maison Passive Climate Data: CRU, NASA SSE



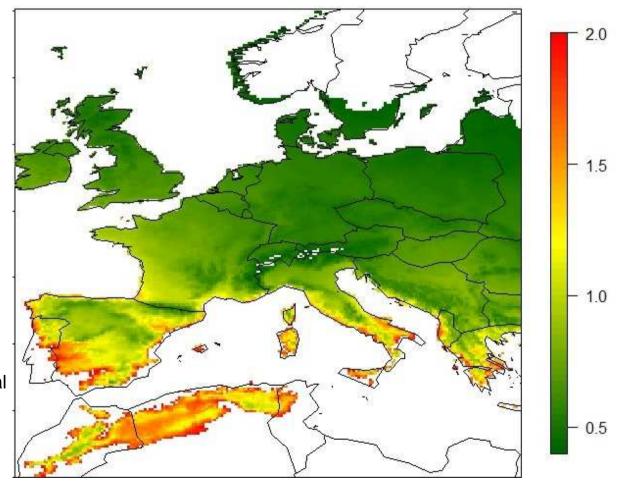
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### Winter energy efficiency : windows



#### Minimal Uw [W/(m<sup>2</sup>.K)] for positive energy balance on windows



g = 55% 22% of the solar horizontal irradiation reach windows

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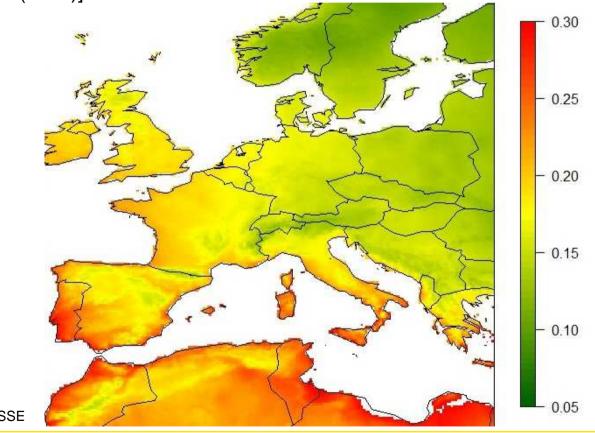
### **Efficiency for comfort : walls**



### Passive House quality even with hotter winters ?

#### Yes ! But comfort must be completed by an economical assessment

Minimal U-value [W/(m<sup>2</sup>.K)] in walls for winter comfort



Climate Data: CRU, NASA SSE

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Economical efficiency : components

Is it worth to retrofit a wall already insulated?

- d'évacuati Encadrement de baie: tole 15/10 Zn 20 u Maslic, Sur Mousse
- Example : Prefab concrete panels 1978
- 8 cm mineral wool insulation
- U = 0,47 W/(m<sup>2</sup>.K)

Example : Concrete form wall 1973

- 10 cm interior insulation with mineral wool
- U = 0,35 W/(m<sup>2</sup>.K)





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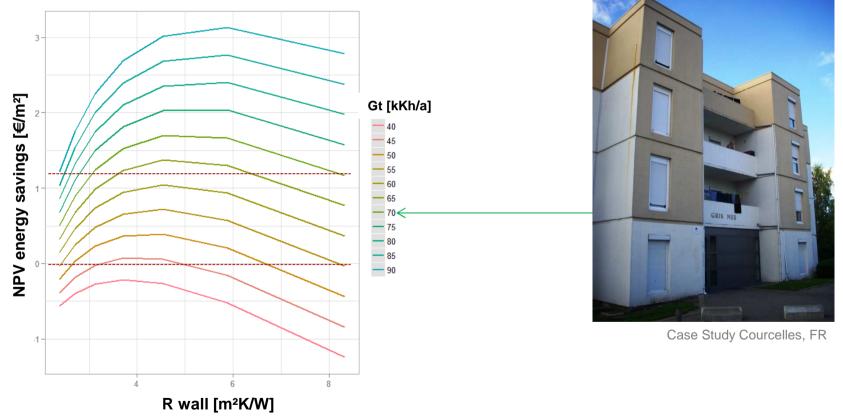


### Is it worth to retrofit a wall already insulated?



#### Example ETICS on prefab concrete panels 1978 (thousands of buildings)

- Existing: 8 cm mineral wool insulation, U = 0,47 W/(m<sup>2</sup>.K)
- Investment ETICS: 90-150 €/m<sup>2</sup> wall according U-value, Render : 35€/m<sup>2</sup>



• Direct electric heaters, 15 c€/kWh, investment period 20 years, residual value on extra 30 years

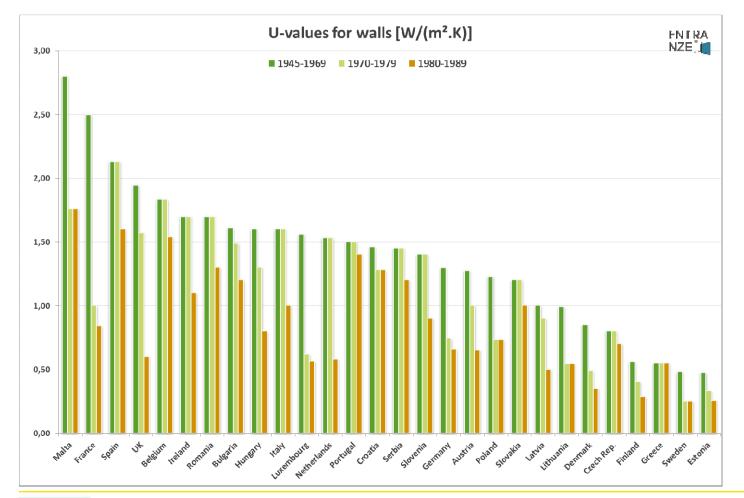


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#### Compare your building to the average figures of your country





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### Initial airtightness

#### Is the initial airtightness relevant to the economic analysis ?

- Office in timber frame to be retrofitted
- Mechanical ventilation extract only
- Initial airtightness test : n50 = 6,8 h<sup>-1</sup>

#### Was it worth to do an initial blower-door test ?

- Yes, as a guidance for the airtightness design
- Yes, as it helped calibrating the PHPP
- Instead of a pessimistic  $n50 = 10 h^{-1}$ ,
- 17 kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>.a) heating demand (PHPP)
- + 18 €/m<sup>2</sup> net present value (test cost: 2 €/m<sup>2</sup>)













## 2. DESIGN

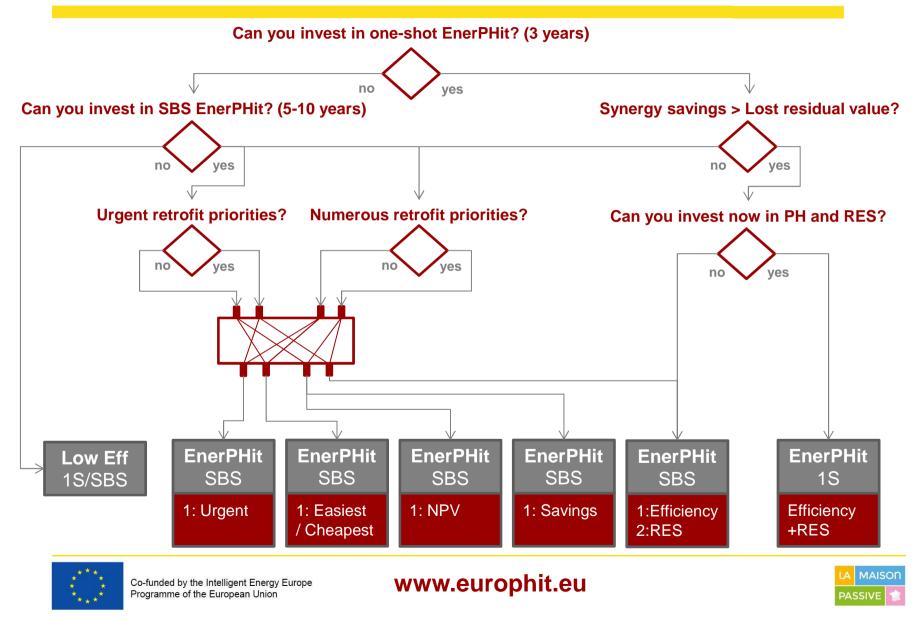


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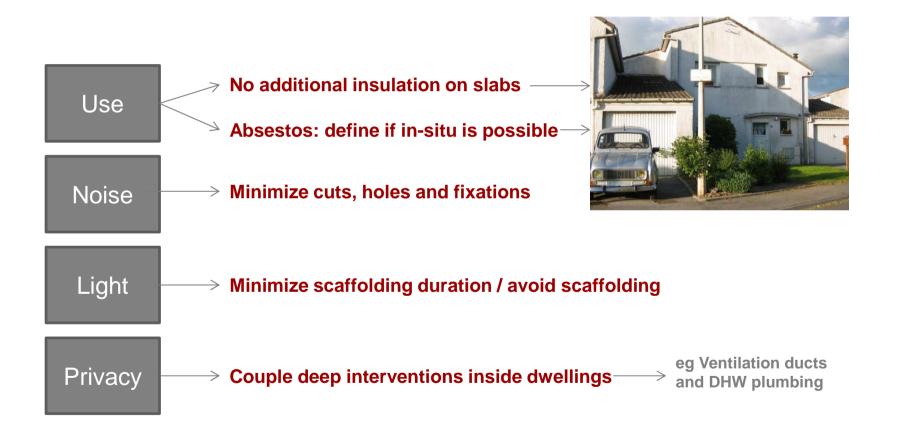
### **Decision Graph**





### **Keep tenants inside**



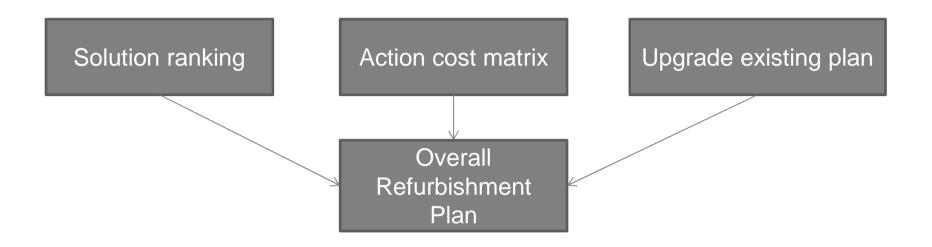






### Setting up an Overall Refurbishment Plan





#### Example on Case Study Courcelles, France

- Multifamily social housing
- 2 x 16 dwellings
- Prefab concrete panels
- Heating and DHW individual, direct electric
- Existing heating demand = 90 kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>.a)
- Existing PE demand = 390 kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>.a)







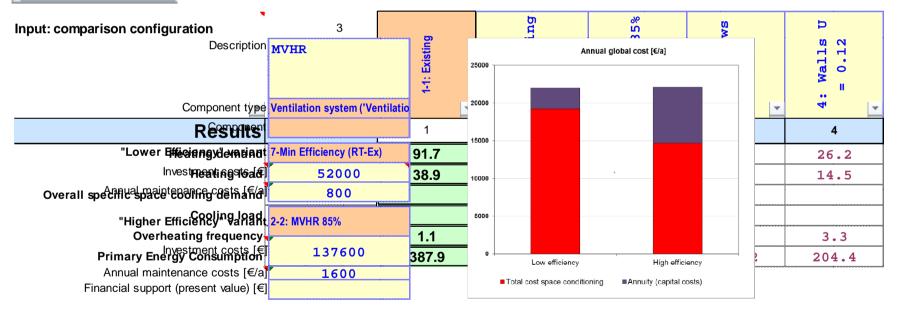
### **Solution ranking**



- 1. Define solutions with owner/investor
- 2. Rank these solutions (use PHPP9 Variants)



#### Comparison



Centralised MVHR vs standard maintenance on existing extract unit (16 dwellings)

Present Value Energy savings (20a) = 57 €/m²TFA





### **Solution ranking**

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- 1. Define solutions with owner/investor
- 2. Rank these solutions (use PHPP9 Variants)
- **3.** Identify best candidates for first step
- 4. Check for incompatibilities

### Result in this case: **First step =** Ventilation

Most Urgent	Easiest/Cheapest	Best NPV	Highest Savings
Windows	Windows	Roofs	Ventilation
Heating&DHW	Walls	Walls	Windows
Walls	Heating&DHW	Ventilation	Walls
Ventilation	Roofs	Heating&DHW	Heating&DHW
Roofs	Ventilation	Windows	Roofs
Slabs	Slabs	Slabs	Slabs



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### **Action cost matrix**



#### Which retrofit path?

Lines: Before Columns: After	Windows	Walls	Ventilation	Heating	Total induced costs
Windows					
Walls					
Ventilation					
Heating					
Total incurred costs					

[€/dwelling], 20 year period Cost calcuation: Investment (Synergies) + Lost Residual Values – Energy savings





### Action cost matrix: Example Courcelles

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#### Windows

- New triple glazing PVC window installed in the inner insulation layer
- Investment = 8.8 k€/dwelling
- Energy savings (PHPP9) = 5.5 k€/dwelling

#### Walls

- Airtightness: exterior concrete panel + sealing
- 200mm EPS glued on exterior panel, sealed air layer
- Investment = 6.3 k€/dwelling
- Energy savings = 4.7 k€/dwelling

#### Windows before Walls

- Intermediate then final connection to walls
- Investment = 0.9 k€/dwelling
- Energy savings = 0.1 k€/dwelling

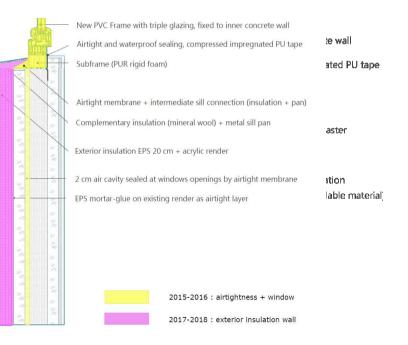
#### Walls before Windows

- Intermediate then final connection to windows
- Investment = 2 k€/dwelling
- Energy savings = 0.1 k€/dwelling



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### **Action cost matrix**



Lines: Before Columns: After	Windows	Walls	Ventilation	Heating	Total induced costs
Windows	8800-5500= 3300	900-100= 800	2000- 0 = 2000	0	6100
Walls	2000-100= 1900	6300-4700= 1600	0	0	3500
Ventilation	0	0	9300-4300= 5000	0	5000
Heating	Heating oversized = 3000	Heating oversized = 3000	Heating oversized = 3000	10300-8000= 2300	11300
Total incurred costs	8200	5400	10000	2300	

[€/dwelling], 20 year period Cost calcuation: Investment (Synergies) + Lost Residual Values – Energy savings





### **Upgrade refurbishment plan**



- 1. Build up a low-efficiency retrofit scenario (either national standard or low energy label)
- **2.** Modify it to embed EnerPHit efficiency
- **3.** Chose measures according to priorities defined with investors:
  - Occupants comfort
  - Building health
  - Positive Net Present Value of single measures or group of measures
  - Technical feasibility



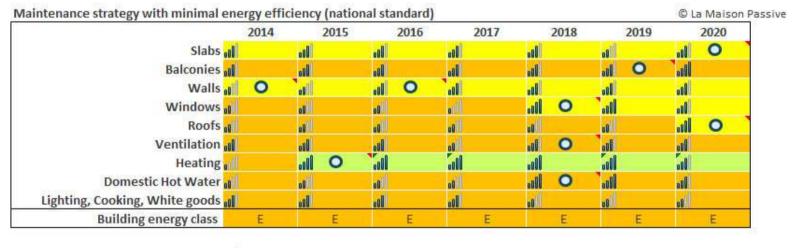


## Setting up an overall refurbishment plan : Example



#### Base scenario, minimal energy efficiency as required by national standard

- Investment required (6 year period) : 22 k€/dwelling
- Global cost on 20 years : 34 k€/dwelling
- Total energy bill (with white goods) : 1650 €/dwelling.a
- Scheduled measures : window replacement, new paint on walls, change electric heaters, replace sanitary facilities



Colors indicate energy class of components



Bad condition:

Good state: New:

Used but functional:

Works scheduled: O



## Setting up an overall refurbishment plan : Example

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#### **EnerPHit scenario**

- Investment required (6 year period) : 41 k€/dwelling
- Additional investment for EnerPHit : 19 k€/dwelling
- Global cost on 20 years : 48 k€/dwelling
- Total energy bill (with white goods) : 400 €/dwelling.a
- Scheduled measures : phB windows, MVHR, ETICS, Insulation roof, Air/Water heat pump for heating/DHW

	2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	2019	2020
Slabs 📶								000		000	000
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Building energy class	E		D		D	and the second	С		A	A	A

Colors indicate energy class of components



Works scheduled: O

Bad condition:

Good state:

Used but functional:

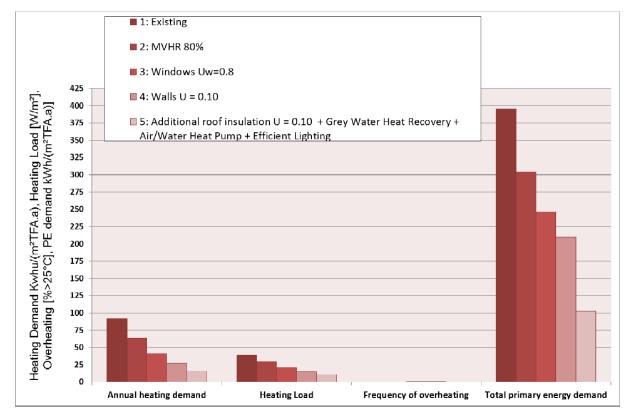


## Setting up an overall refurbishment plan : Example

### Euro**PHit**

### **PHPP9 Variants**

- 85% reduction in heating demand
- 75% reduction of Primary Energy consumption





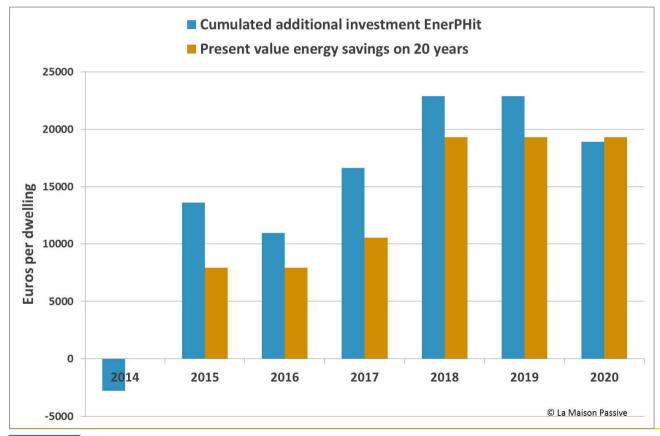
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### Setting up an overall refurbishment plan : Example

### Euro**PHit**

- Calculation made with PHPP9, Variants and Comparison Sheet
- Additional EnerPHit investment balanced by energy savings on a 20 year period
- ! Energy savings can't always be fully recovered by investors (here roughly 50%)





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## **3. REDUCE COSTS**



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### **Airtightness**



- Airtightness test after replacement of windows and doors, airtight membrane on roof : n50 = 0.7 h-1
- Why ? Relatively airtight concrete form wall with cement render
- Not the case with masonry !

#### Do we save money here ?

- Avoid scraping and refill of existing render: 30 €/m<sup>2</sup>
- Need to test bonding strength: + 5 €/m<sup>2</sup>
- Avoid dowels: ± 40 €/m<sup>2</sup>





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### **Total annual cost**



#### Step: ETICS + Garage slabs & roofs

-100 kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>.a) heating demand Investment EnerPHit = 190 €/m<sup>2</sup>TFA Investment Minimal = 34 €/m<sup>2</sup>TFA Energy savings = 177 €/m<sup>2</sup>TFA

Gain on total annual cost for heating (gas) after step: -266 €/dwelling.a

	Economic viability								
Total annual costs	11.31	2889	10.27	2623	1.04	266	€/a		
	Maxin	nal economically	viable additional i	176.84	45172	€			
		C	Cost per kWh of s	6	.0	Cent/kWh			



Case Study Auby, FR



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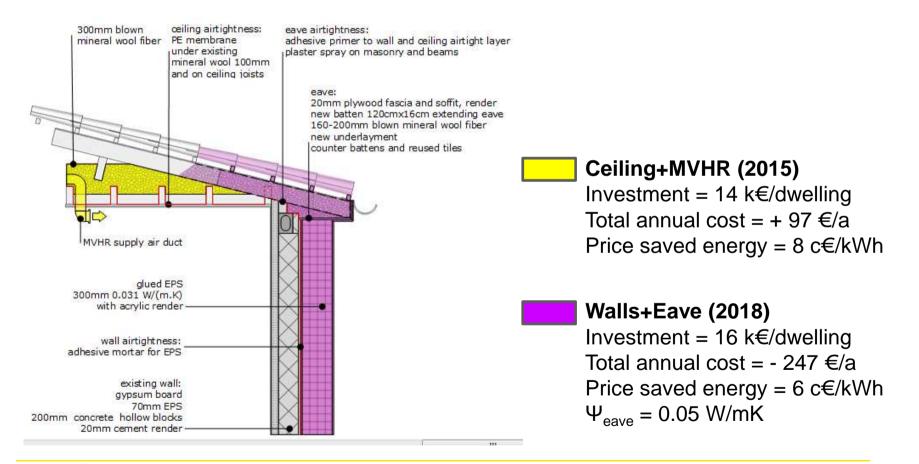


### **Find reproductible solutions**

### Euro**PHit**

#### Ceiling + MVHR before Wall

Case Study\_06\_Auby\_France Eave Detail





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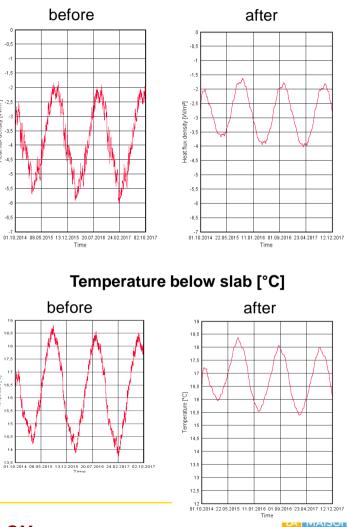
### **Perimeter insulation**

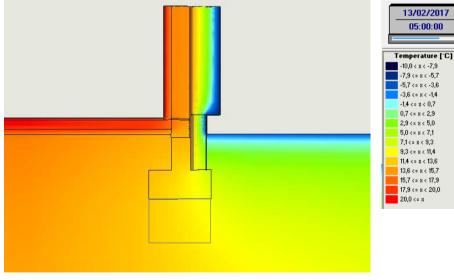


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160x600 mm vertical perimeter insulation xps Small houses B'= 5 m Still 15°C below slab at end of winter Heating demand reduced by 1 kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>.a) Depth more relevant than width

#### Average heat flow through slab [W/m<sup>2</sup>]









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### **Perimeter insulation**

### Euro**PHit**

#### Is it worth?

Heating demand reduction = -1 kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>.a) Needed here to reach EnerPHit Investment ~ 40 €/m<sup>2</sup>TFA

Negative Net Present Value, but... Cheaper than insulate slabs from the inside!





Observer Project Sauvage, Lyon, FR



Wufi 2d



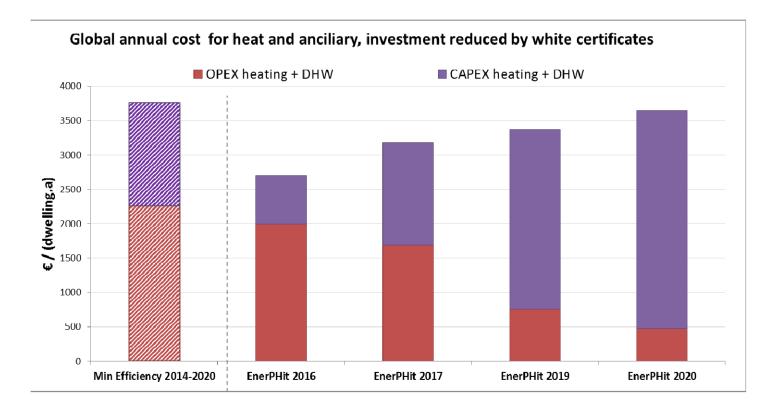
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### **Total annual cost**



Here EnerPHit can be reached without additional total cost

White certificates : - 3% to -10% investment in opaque components Assessment on 20 years + Residual values on extra 10 years





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### **Couple interventions when ripe**



#### Windows+Walls vs Walls before Windows



#### Windows+Walls:

Take out window+shutter

= 190 €/window

Lost residual value

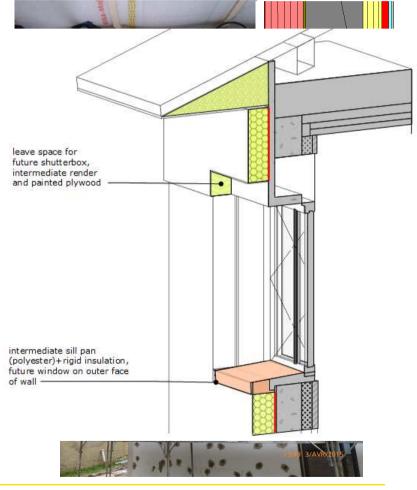
~ 100 €/window

Install new window+shutter

= 1250 €/window

### Walls before Windows:

Invest = 300 €/window









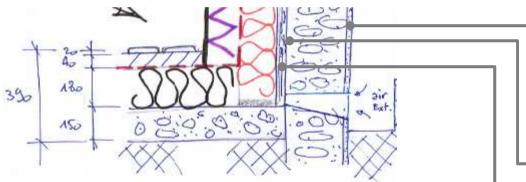


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### Interior insulation of massive walls

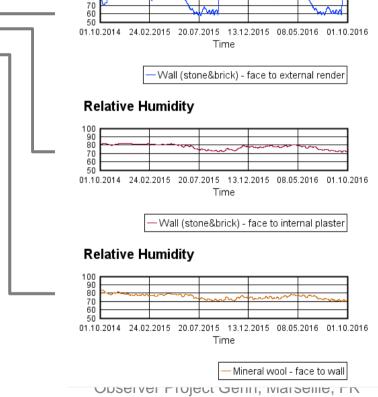


- PU 40mm+Intello+Mineral wool 180mm
- Ventilated air cavity 27mm?



#### Without, spare on space and labour cost

- Careful airtightness
- Sensible to diffusive and capillary properties of wall



**Relative Humidity** 

100 90 80



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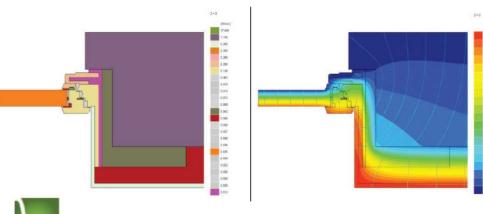
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### **Innovative window installation**

## Prefabricated window installation with aerogel and cork

- Thought for interior insulation of listed buildings, step-by-step possible
- 745 €/m<sup>2</sup> (excl. VAT) installed
- Ψ<sub>installed,lateral</sub>=0.06 W/(m.K)
- Ψ<sub>installed,bottom</sub>=0.03 W/(m.K)

### Tillieux Menuiseries, Reawin A+ Tip Tep









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### **Cascade ventilation**



- Supply air in bedrooms (20 m3/h each), living room (60 m3/h)
- Transfer vent from living room to kitchen
- Cellar: 10 m3/h supply air to minimize duct length
- Extract (existing) in kitchen, bathroom and WC, total 120 m3/h / 0,5 h-1

#### **Reuse existing extract ducts**

Total investment: 8.6 k€/dwelling

#### **Expanded cascade ventilation?**

- Can we delete the air inlet in the living room?
- Can we blow fresh air from the corridor?



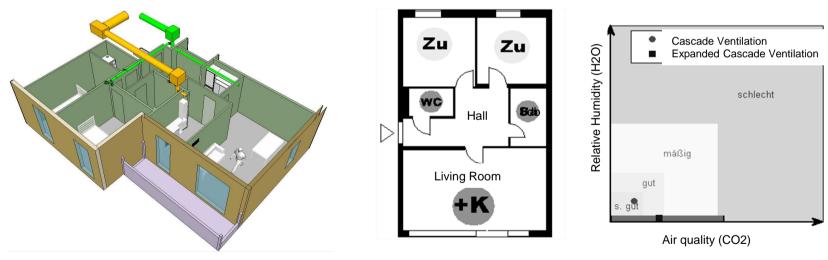


### **Cascade ventilation**



#### **Expanded cascade ventilation**

- Air quality would be too low here if no supply air in living room
- Works better if bedrooms have direct link to living room



Tool: Univeristät Innsbruck



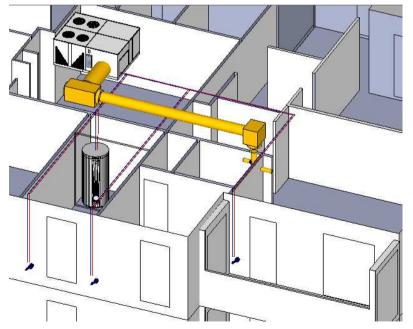
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### **Air/Water Heat Pump on extract air**

#### A suitable solution for EnerPHit ?

- Outdoor unit 20 kW, Hydraulic modules with 150 L storage in cellars
- Outdoor air pre-heating via air/water heat exchanger and variable flow from damper and small fan CO2-regulated
- Heating demand 20 kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>.a)
- Primary energy demand 115 kWh/(m<sup>2</sup>.a)





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### Conclusion



### **Overall Refurbishment Plan**

- Upgrade existing plan with EnerPHit quality is possible: budget shifts towards envelope
- Identify intermediate states

#### **Prove cost-efficiency**

- PHPP9 Variants and Comparison Worksheets
- Capital cost up to 90% of total cost for EnerPHit

#### **Reduce costs**

- Reproductible solutions
- Cascade ventilation
- New products which make EnerPHit easier
- Financial support for design, quality insurance and product development





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### Thank you for your attention

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